

CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT SPECIAL COMMITTEE

Notice of Meeting and

Agenda

8 MAY 2023

PO Box 220 19 King Edward Street Ulverstone Tasmania 7315 Tel 03 6429 8900

admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au www.**centralcoast**.tas.gov.au To all members

NOTICE OF MEETING

In accordance with the *Local Government (Meeting Procedures) Regulations* 2015, notice is given of the next meeting of the Development Support Special Committee of the Central Coast Council which will be held in the Council Chamber at the Administration Centre, 19 King Edward Street, Ulverstone on 8 May 2023. The meeting will commence at 6.00pm.

An agenda and associated reports and documents are appended hereto.

A notice of meeting was published in The Advocate newspaper, a daily newspaper circulating in the municipal area, on Saturday, 7 January 2023.

A live stream of the meeting will be available on the Central Coast Council – TAS YouTube page, or via a link on Council's website and Facebook page.

Dated at Ulverstone this 3rd day of May 2023.

This notice of meeting and the agenda is given pursuant to delegation for and on behalf of the General Manager.

Ind

lan Brunt EXECUTIVE SERVICES OFFICER

QUALIFIED PERSON'S ADVICE

The Local Government Act 1993 (the Act), Section 65 provides as follows:

- "(1) A general manager must ensure that any advice, information or recommendation given to the council or a council committee is given by a person who has the qualifications or experience necessary to give such advice, information or recommendation.
- (2) A council or council committee is not to decide on any matter which requires the advice of a qualified person without considering such advice unless -
 - (a) the general manager certifies, in writing -
 - (i) that such advice was obtained; and
 - (ii) that the general manager took the advice into account in providing general advice to the council or council committee; and
 - (b) a copy of that advice or, if the advice was given orally, a written transcript or summary of that advice is provided to the council or council committee with the general manager's certificate."

In accordance with Section 65 of the Act, I certify:

- that the reports within this Development Support Special Committee agenda contain advice, information and recommendations given by persons who have the qualifications and experience necessary to give such advice, information or recommendation;
- (ii) where any advice is directly given by a person who did not have the required qualifications or experience that person has obtained and taken into account another person's general advice who is appropriately qualified or experienced; and
- (ii) that copies of advice received from an appropriately qualified or experienced professional have been provided to the Development Support Special Committee members.

Sandra Myton

Sandra Ayton GENERAL MANAGER

AGENDA

MEMBERS PRESENT

MEMBERS APOLOGIES

EMPLOYEES ATTENDANCE

EMPLOYEES APOLOGIES

PUBLIC ATTENDANCE

DIGITAL RECORDING OF COUNCIL MEETINGS

At the commencement of the meeting, the Chairperson is to notify those present that the meeting will be digitally recorded and made publicly available through the Council's website.

Digital recordings will be conducted in accordance with Regulation 33 of the *Local Government (Meeting Procedures) Regulations 2015* and the Council's *Digital Recording Policy* (109/2022 – 20.04.2022).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY

The Central Coast Council acknowledges and pays respect to the traditional owners of lutrawita (Tasmania), the palawa/pakana people.

We acknowledge the Punnilerpanner tribe of this Northern Country, and in doing so, we celebrate one of the world's oldest continuing cultures.

BUSINESS

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1 CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES OF THE COMMITTEE

1.1 Confirmation of minutes

The Executive Services Officer reports as follows:

"The minutes of the previous meeting of the Development Support Special Committee held on 27 March 2023 have already been circulated. The minutes are required to be confirmed for their accuracy.

The *Local Government (Meeting Procedures) Regulations 2015* provide that in confirming the minutes of a meeting, debate is allowed only in respect of the accuracy of the minutes.

A suggested resolution is submitted for consideration."

■ "That the minutes of the previous meeting of the Development Support Special Committee held on 27 March 2023 be confirmed."

2 CHAIRPERSON'S COMMUNICATIONS

2.1 Chairperson's communications

The Chairperson reports as follows:

"Under the terms of appointment of the Development Support Special Committee, it acts in agreed circumstances as if it were the Council and, accordingly, as a planning authority under the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993*.

Members are reminded that the *Local Government (Meeting Procedures) Regulations* 2015 provide that the general manager is to ensure that the reasons for a decision by a council acting as a planning authority are recorded in the minutes.

In the event that items listed for consideration are referred, under the terms of the Committee's appointment, to the Council (e.g. any matter the Committee cannot determine unanimously), or if the Committee is unable to make a determination within

the relevant statutory time limit, such items will be referred to a meeting of the Council for a decision.

A suggested resolution is submitted for consideration."

■ "That the Chairperson's report be received."

3 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

3.1 Declarations of interest

The Chairperson reports as follows:

"Members are requested to indicate whether they have, or are likely to have, a pecuniary (or conflict of) interest in any item on the agenda."

The Executive Services Officer reports as follows:

"The *Local Government Act 1993* provides that a member must not participate at any meeting of a special committee in any discussion, nor vote on any matter, in respect of which the member has an interest or is aware or ought to be aware that a close associate has an interest.

Members are invited at this time to declare any interest they have on matters to be discussed at this meeting. If a declaration is impractical at this time, it is to be noted that a member must declare any interest in a matter before any discussion on that matter commences.

All interests declared will be recorded in the minutes at the commencement of the matter to which they relate."

4 ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING

4.1 Adjournment of meeting

The Chairperson reports as follows:

"In order to effectively consider the reports before this meeting of the Committee it is appropriate that I adjourn the meeting to enable the related documents to be workshopped prior to resumption of the meeting and formal resolution of the agenda items."

5 DEPUTATIONS

5.1 Deputations

The Executive Services Officer reports as follows:

"No requests for deputations to address the meeting or to make statements or deliver reports have been made."

6 OPEN REPORTS

6.1 Residential - multiple dwellings x 2 - Residential density for multiple dwellings; Privacy for all dwellings and reliance on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code at 14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek - Application No. DA2023037

The Director Community Services reports as follows:

"The Town Planner has prepared the following report:

' DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION NO.: PROPOSAL:	DA2023037 Residential – multiple dwellings x 2 – Residential density for multiple dwellings; Privacy for all dwellings and reliance on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code				
APPLICANT:	Cradle Coast Building Design				
LOCATION:	14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek				
Zone:	General Residential				
PLANNING INSTRUMENT:	<i>Tasmanian Planning Scheme - Central</i> <i>Coast</i> "the Planning Scheme"				
Advertised:	29 March 2023				
REPRESENTATIONS EXPIRY DATE:	18 April 2023				
REPRESENTATIONS RECEIVED:	One				
42-DAY EXPIRY DATE:	6 May 2023				
DECISION DUE:	8 May 2023				
EXTENSION OF TIME:	Granted until 15 May 2023				

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to consider an application for Residential – multiple dwellings x 2 at 14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek.

Accompanying the report are the following documents:

- . Annexure 1 location plan;
- . Annexure 2 application documentation;
- . Annexure 3 representation;
- . Annexure 4 photographs; and
- . Annexure 5 TasWater's Submission to Planning Authority Notice.

BACKGROUND

Development description -

Application is made for a multiple dwelling development on land known as 14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek. The proposal includes the construction of a new dwelling and retention of the existing dwelling on the site.

The new multiple dwelling would be positioned to the rear of the site and would be two-storeys. The ground floor would accommodate a double garage, open plan kitchen/dining/living area, a separate toilet and a north facing roofed alfresco area. The second floor would accommodate three bedrooms (master with ensuite), shared bathroom, play/study room and an attached north facing deck.

The proposal includes the construction of a shared driveway, some screening of windows for the existing dwelling, widening of the existing crossover and a new front fence.

Site description and surrounding area -

The 612m² General Residential zoned property accommodates an existing single dwelling and associated outbuildings. Outbuildings would be demolished as part of the application.

The site is surrounded by General Residential zoned properties accommodating both single and multiple dwellings and is connected to all reticulated services.

History -

There is no history relevant to this application.

DISCUSSION

The following table is the Town Planner's assessment against the Planning Scheme provisions:

8.0 General Residential Zone

8.1 Zone Purpose

The purpose of the General Residential Zone is:

- 8.1.1 To provide for residential use or development that accommodates a range of dwelling types where full infrastructure services are available or can be provided.
- 8.1.2 To provide for the efficient utilisation of available social, transport and other service infrastructure.
- 8.1.3 To provide for non-residential use that:
 - (a) primarily serves the local community; and
 - (b) does not cause an unreasonable loss of amenity through scale, intensity, noise, activity outside of business hours, traffic generation and movement, or other off site impacts.
- 8.1.4 To provide for Visitor Accommodation that is compatible with residential character.

Planner's comment

The proposal is for the construction of a new dwelling, creating a multiple dwelling development for residential use. The proposal satisfies the Zone Purpose in that it provides for residential use and development accommodating various dwelling types where full infrastructure services are available.

CLAUSE	Соммент		
8.3 Use Standards			
8.3.1 Discretionary uses	Not applicable	Assessment	
8.3.1-(A1) Hours of operation of a use listed as Discretionary, excluding Emergency Services, must be within the hours of 8.00am to 6.00pm.		Not a discretionary use.	
8.3.1-(A2) External lighting for a use listed as Discretionary:	\boxtimes	Not a discretionary use.	

	1	
 (a) must not operate within the hours of 7.00pm to 7.00am, excluding any security lighting; and 		
 (b) security lighting must be baffled to ensure direct light does not extend into the adjoining property. 		
8.3.1-(A3)	\boxtimes	Not a discretionary use.
Commercial vehicle movements and the unloading and loading of commercial vehicles for a use listed as Discretionary, excluding Emergency Services, must be within the hours of:		
(a) 7:00am to 7:00pm Monday to Friday;		
(b) 9:00am to 12 noon Saturday; and		
(c) nil on Sunday and public holidays.		
8.3.1-(A4)	\boxtimes	Not a discretionary use.
No acceptable solution.		
8.3.1 –(P4)		
A use listed as Discretionary must not cause an unreasonable loss of amenity to adjacent sensitive uses, having regard to:		
(a) the intensity and scale of the use;		
(b) the emissions generated by the use;		
(c) the type and intensity of traffic generated by the use;		
(d) the impact on the character of the area; and		
(e) the need for the use in that location.		
8.3.2 Visitor Accommodation	Not applicable	Assessment
8.3.2 –(A1)	\boxtimes	Not Visitor Accommodation.
Visitor Accommodation:		
guests are accommodated in existing buildings; and		
has a gross floor area of not more than 300m ² .		

8.4 Dev	8.4 Development Standards for Dwellings						
8.4.1 Residential density for multiple dwellings		Not applicable	Assessment				
8.4.1 –(A1) Multiple dwellings must have a site area per dwelling of not less than 325m ² .			Non-compliant. The site has a land area of 615m ² . To satisfy the Acceptable Solution, the site would need to have a site area of 650m ² The site has a deficiency of land area by 35m ² . Refer to the "Issues" section of this report.				
8.4.2 S dwellin	etbacks and building envelope for all lgs	Not applicable	Assessment				
a dwelli protrusi into the	(A1) within a building area on a sealed plan, ing, excluding garages, carports and ions that extend not more than 0.9m frontage setback, must have a setback frontage that is: if the frontage is a primary frontage, not less than 4.5m, or, if the setback from the primary frontage is less than 4.5m, not less than the setback, from the primary frontage, of any existing dwelling on the site; if the frontage is not a primary frontage, not less than 3m, or, if the setback from the frontage is less than 3m, not less than the setback, from a frontage that is not a primary frontage, of any existing dwelling on the site; if for a vacant site and there are existing dwellings on adjoining properties on the same street, not		 (a) Compliant. New multiple dwelling would be positioned to the rear of the site and would be setback greater than 4.5m from the primary frontage. (b) Not applicable. No secondary frontage. (c) Not applicable. Not a vacant lot. (d) Not applicable. Proposal is for a residential use. 				
	more than the greater, or less than the lesser, setback for the equivalent frontage of the dwellings on the adjoining sites on the same street; or						

(d)	at grou setbac	ted above a non-residential use und floor level, not less than the ck from the frontage of the d floor level.		
8.4.2 –	(A2)		(a)	Compliant. Proposal includes a
		rport for a dwelling must have a primary frontage of not less		double garage which would be setback greater than 5.5m from the primary frontage.
(a)	5.5m, buildin	or alternatively 1m behind the g line;	(b)	Refer to (a).
(b)	portior	me as the building line, if a n of the dwelling gross floor s located above the garage or t; or	(c)	Refer to (a).
(c)	up or o	the existing ground level slopes down at a gradient steeper than for a distance of 10m from the ge.		
8.4.2 –	(A3)		(a)(i)	Compliant. Refer to comments
building protrus	g height ions that	luding outbuildings with a of not more than 2.4m and t extend not more than 0.9m yond the building envelope,	(a)(ii)	made above. Compliant. The plans demonstrate that the multiple dwelling can satisfy the building
(a)			(b)(i)	envelope. Compliant. The multiple dwelling would be setback 1.5m or greater from all boundaries.
	(i)	a distance equal to the frontage setback or, for an internal lot, a distance of 4.5m from the rear boundary of a property with an adjoining frontage; and	(b)(ii)	Compliant. The multiple dwelling would be setback 1.5m or greater from all boundaries.
	(ii)	projecting a line at an angle of 45 degrees from the horizontal at a height of 3m above existing ground level at the side and rear boundaries to a building height of not more than 8.5m above existing ground level; and		

(b)	-	ave a setback of less than 1.5m a side or rear boundary if the ng: does not extend beyond an existing building built on or			
	(ii)	within 0.2m of the boundary of the adjoining property; or does not exceed a total			
	(II)	length of 9m or one third the length of the side boundary (whichever is the lesser).			
	Site cove dwelling	erage and private open space gs	Not applicable	Assess	ment
8.4.3 –(A1) Dwellings must have:			(a)	Compliant. Site coverage would be 35%.	
(a)	a site coverage of not more than 50% (excluding eaves up to 0.6m wide); and			(b)	Compliant. Existing dwelling would have an area of 102.4m ² . Proposed dwelling would have an area of 78.8m ² .
(b)	private 60m ² : unless floor le 1.8m a	Itiple dwellings, a total area of e open space of not less than associated with each dwelling, s the dwelling has a finished evel that is entirely more than above the finished ground level ding a garage, carport or entry			
8.4.3 - A dwe		t have private open space that:		(a)(i)	Compliant. Each dwelling would have an area of private open space, located in one area that
(a)	is in o	ne location and is not less than:			would be greater than $24m^2$.
	(i)	24m ² ; or		(a)(ii)	Satisfied by (a)(i).
	(ii)	12m ² , if the dwelling is a multiple dwelling with a finished floor level that is entirely more than 1.8m above the finished ground		(b)(i)	Compliant. Each dwelling would have private open space that has a horizontal dimension greater than 4m.
		level (excluding a garage, carport or entry foyer);		(b)(ii)	Satisfied by (b)(i).

(b) (c) (d)	 has a minimum horizontal dimension of not less than: (i) 4m; or (ii) 2m, if the dwelling is a multiple dwelling with a finished floor level that is entirely more than 1.8m above the finished ground level (excluding a garage, carport or entry foyer); is located between the dwelling and the frontage only if the frontage is orientated between 30 degrees west of true north and 30 degrees east of true north; and has a gradient not steeper than 1 in 10. 		 (c) Compliant. Some of Unit 1's private open space would be located between the dwelling and the frontage but would be orientated between 30 degrees west of true north and 30 degrees east of true north. There would also be other areas of private open space for this unit. (d) Compliant. The site is reasonably flat.
	Sunlight to private open space of ble dwellings	Not applicable	Assessment
private same clause	-(A1) iple dwelling, that is to the north of the e open space of another dwelling on the site, required to satisfy A2 or P2 of e 8.4.3, must satisfy (a) or (b), unless led by (c):		No dwelling would be north of the private open space of another dwelling on the same site.
(a) (b)	 the multiple dwelling is contained within a line projecting (see Figure 8.4): (i) at a distance of 3m from the northern edge of the private open space; and (ii) vertically to a height of 3m above existing ground level and then at an angle of 45 degrees from the horizontal; the multiple dwelling does not cause 50% of the private open space to receive less than 3 hours of sunlight between 9.00am and 3.00pm on 21st June; and 		

(c)		cceptable Solution excludes that f a multiple dwelling consisting an outbuilding with a building height not more than 2.4m; or		
	(ii)	protrusions that extend not more than 0.9m horizontally from the multiple dwelling.		
	8.4.5 Width of openings for garages and carports for all dwellings		Not applicable	Assessment
8.4.5 –(A1) A garage or carport for a dwelling within 12m of a primary frontage, whether the garage or carport is free-standing or part of the dwelling, must have a total width of openings facing the primary frontage of not more than 6m or half the width of the frontage (whichever is the lesser).			Compliant. The proposed garage would be located greater than 12m from the primary frontage.	
8.4.6 I	Privacy	for all dwellings	Not applicable	Assessment
8.4.6 –(A1) A balcony, deck, roof terrace, parking space, or carport for a dwelling (whether freestanding or part of the dwelling), that has a finished surface or floor level more than 1m above existing ground level must have a permanently fixed screen to a height of not less than 1.7m above the finished surface or floor level, with a uniform transparency of not more than 25%, along the sides facing a:			 (a) Compliant. The first level deck on the proposed dwelling would be setback 7.1m from the closest side boundary; being the northern boundary. (b) Compliant. The first level deck on the proposed dwelling would be setback 4.2m from the rear boundary. (c) Compliant. The first level deck on 	
(a)	deck, carpo	ooundary, unless the balcony, roof terrace, parking space, or rt has a setback of not less than om the side boundary;		(c) Compliant. The first level deck on the proposed dwelling would be setback greater than 6m to the existing dwelling on the site.
(b)	deck, carpo	oundary, unless the balcony, roof terrace, parking space, or rt has a setback of not less than om the rear boundary; and		

(c)	balco	ng on the same site, unless the ny, deck, roof terrace, parking e, or carport is not less than 6m:		
	(i)	from a window or glazed door, to a habitable room of the other dwelling on the same site; or		
	(ii)	from a balcony, deck, roof terrace or the private open space of the other dwelling on the same site.		
8.4.6 –(A2) A window or glazed door to a habitable room of a dwelling, that has a floor level more than 1m above existing ground level, must satisfy (a), unless it satisfies (b):			(a)(i)	Compliant. The first floor of the proposed new dwelling would be setback 3m from the closest side boundary; being the southern side boundary.
(a)	the w (i)	indow or glazed door: is to have a setback of not	(a)(ii)	Compliant. Dwelling is setback 4.2m from the rear boundary.
	(ii)	less than 3m from a side boundary; is to have a setback of not less than 4m from a rear boundary;	(a)(iii)	Compliant. The first floor of the proposed new dwelling would have windows that would setback greater than 6m to the existing
	(iii)	if the dwelling is a multiple dwelling, is to be not less than 6m from a window or glazed door to a habitable room, of another dwelling on the same site; and	(a)(iv)	dwelling. Compliant. The first floor of the proposed new dwelling would have windows that would be setback greater than 6m from the other dwelling's private open
	(iv)	if the dwelling is a multiple dwelling, is to be not less than 6m from the private open space of another dwelling on the same site.	(b)(i) (b)(ii) (b)(iii)	space. Not applicable. Satisfied by (a). Not applicable. Satisfied by (a). Not applicable. Satisfied by (a).
(b)	the w	indow or glazed door:	(0)(11)	
	(i)	is to be offset, in the horizontal plane, not less than 1.5m from the edge of a window or glazed door, to a habitable room of another dwelling;		

	(ii) (iii)	is to have a sill height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level or have fixed obscure glazing extending to a height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level; or is to have a permanently fixed external screen for the full length of the window or glazed door, to a height of not less than 1.7m above floor level, with a uniform transparency of not more than 25%.		
8.4.6 -	-(A3)			(a) Refer to (b).
a parki must b door, te	ing space e separa o a habita	vay or parking space (excluding allocated to that dwelling) ted from a window, or glazed able room of a multiple dwelling distance of not less than:		 (b) Non-compliant. Separation would be 0.6m to some windows of the existing dwelling on site, being Unit 1. Refer to the "Issues" section of this
(a)	2.5m; o	or		report.
(b)	1m if:			
	(i)	it is separated by a screen of not less than 1.7m in height; or		
	(ii)	the window, or glazed door, to a habitable room has a sill height of not less than 1.7m above the shared driveway or parking space, or has fixed obscure glazing extending to a height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level.		
8.4.7 Frontage fences for all dwellings		Not applicable	Assessment	
8.4.7 –(A1) No Acceptable Solution.			X	Proposal includes a new front fence along a portion of the front boundary. The fence would be constructed in accordance with the exemptions.

				1	
An exemption applies for fences in this zone – see Table 4.6.					
8.4.7 –(P1)					
		ling a free-standing wall) for a 4.5m of a frontage must:			
(a)	allowi	le for security and privacy while ng for passive surveillance of ad; and			
(b)	transp	mpatible with the height and parency of fences in the street, g regard to:			
	(i)	the topography of the site; and			
	(ii)	traffic volumes on the adjoining road.			
8.4.8	Waste st	orage for multiple dwellings	Not applicable	Assess	sment
for wa than 1	tiple dwe ste and r	lling must have a storage area, recycling bins, that is not less dwelling and is within one of acations:		(a)	Compliant. Each dwelling would have a storage area, for waste and recycling bins, that is not less than 1.5m ² and not located in front of the dwellings.
(a)	dwelli	ea for the exclusive use of each ng, excluding the area in front of velling; or		(b)	Refer to (a).
(b)	(b) a common storage area with an impervious surface that:				
	(i)	has a setback of not less than 4.5m from a frontage;			
(ii) is not less than 5.5m from any dwelling; and					
	(iii)	is screened from the frontage and any dwelling by a wall to a height not less than 1.2m above the finished surface level of the storage area.			

8.5 De	8.5 Development Standards for Non-Dwellings				
8.5.1 Non-dwelling development		Not applicable	Assessment		
8.5.1–(A1)		\boxtimes	Development is for multiple dwellings.		
A building that is not a dwelling, excluding for Food Services, local shop, garage or carport, and protrusions that extend not more than 0.9m into the frontage setback, must have a setback from a frontage that is:					
(a)	if the frontage is a primary frontage, not less than 4.5m, or if the setback from the primary frontage is less than 4.5m, not less than the setback, from the primary frontage, of any existing dwelling on the site;				
(b)	if the frontage is not a primary frontage, not less than 3.0m, or if the setback from the primary frontage is less than 3.0m, not less than the setback, from the primary frontage, of any existing dwelling on the site; or				
(c)	if for a vacant site and there are existing dwellings on adjoining properties on the same street, not more than the greater, or less than the lesser, setback for the equivalent frontage of the dwellings on the adjoining properties on the same street.				
8.5.1	-(A2)	\boxtimes	Development is for multiple dwellings.		
A building that is not a dwelling, excluding outbuildings with a building height of not more than 2.4m and protrusions that extend not more than 0.9m horizontally beyond the building envelope, must:					
(a)	be contained within a building envelope (refer to Figures 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3) determined by:				

				<u>г</u>
	(i) (ii)	a distance equal to the frontage setback or, for an internal lot, a distance of 4.5m from the rear boundary of a property with an adjoining frontage; and projecting a line at an angle of 45 degrees from the		
		horizontal at a height of 3m above existing ground level at the side or rear boundaries to a building height of not more than 8.5m above existing ground level; and		
(b)	(b) only have a setback less than 1.5m from a side or rear boundary if the building:			
	(i)	does not extend beyond an existing building built on or within 0.2m of the boundary of the adjoining property; or		
	(ii)	does not exceed a total length of 9m or one-third of the length of the side or rear boundary (whichever is lesser).		
8.5.1 –	-(A3)		\boxtimes	Development is for multiple dwellings.
A build	ding that	is not a dwelling, must have:		
(a)	a site coverage of not more than 50% (excluding eaves up to 0.6m); and			
(b)	a site area of which not less than 35% is free from impervious surfaces.			
8.5.1–(A4)			\boxtimes	Development is for multiple dwellings.
No Aco	ceptable	Solution.		
	emption able 4.6.	applies for fences in this zone –		

		Г	l .
8.5.1–((P4)		
A fence (including a free-standing wall) for a building that is not a dwelling within 4.5m of a frontage must:			
(a)	provide for security and privacy while allowing for passive surveillance of the road; and		
(b)	be compatible with the height and transparency of fences in the street, having regard to:		
	(i) the topography of the site; and		
	(ii) traffic volumes on the adjoining road.		
8.5.1 –	-(A5)	\boxtimes	Development is for multiple dwellings.
	or storage areas, for a building that is welling, including waste storage, must		
(a)	be visible from any road or public open space adjoining the site; or		
(b)	encroach upon parking areas, driveways or landscaped areas.		
8.5.1 –	(A6)	\boxtimes	Development is for multiple dwellings.
Air extraction, pumping, refrigeration systems or compressors, for a building that is not a dwelling, must have a setback from the boundary of a property containing a sensitive use not less than 10m.			
	emption applies for heat pumps and air oners in this zone – see Table 4.6.		

852N	on-residential garages and carports	Not applicable	Assessment
dwellin	(A1) ge or carport not forming part of a g, must have a setback from a primary e of not less than:		Development is for multiple dwellings.
(a)	5.5m, or alternatively 1m behind the building line;		
 (b) the same as the building line, if a portion of the building gross floor area is located above the garage or carport; or 			
 (c) 1m, if the existing ground level slopes up or down at a gradient steeper than 1 in 5 for a distance of 10m from the frontage. 			
8.5.2 –	(A2)	\boxtimes	Development is for multiple dwellings.
dwellin (wheth standin facing	ge or carport not forming part of a g, within 12m of a primary frontage er the garage or carport is free- ig) must have a total width of openings the primary frontage of not more than half the width of the frontage (whichever esser).		
8.6 De	velopment Standards for Subdivision		
8.6.1 L	ot design	Not applicable	Assessment
8.6.1–(A1)	\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
	ot, or a lot proposed in a plan of sion, must:		
(a)	have an area of not less than 450m ² and:		
	 be able to contain a minimum area of 10m x 15m with a gradient not steeper than 1 in 5, clear of: 		

r					
		a.	all setbacks required by clause 8.4.2 A1, A2 and A3, and 8.5.1 A1and A2; and		
		b.	easements or other title restrictions that limit or restrict development; and		
	(ii)	consis require	g buildings are tent with the setback ed by clause 8.4.2 A1, d A3, and 8.5.1 A1 and		
(b)			public use by the cil or a State authority;		
(c)	be req Utilities		the provision of		
(d)) be for the consolidation of a lot with another lot provided each lot is within the same zone.				
8.6.1–((A2)			\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
Each lot, or a lot proposed in a plan of subdivision, excluding for public open space, a riparian or littoral reserve or Utilities, must have a frontage not less than 12m.			or public open space, a e or Utilities, must		
8.6.1–((A3)			\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
Each lot, or a lot proposed in a plan of subdivision, must be provided with a vehicular access from the boundary of the lot to a road in accordance with the requirements of the road authority.					
8.6.1–(A4) Any lot in a subdivision with a new road, must have the long axis of the lot between 30 degrees west of true north and 30 degrees east of true north.			Not a subdivision.		

8.6.2 R	oads	Not applicable	Assessment
8.6.2–(A1)		\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
The sub	odivision includes no new roads.		
8.6.2–(P1)		
The arrangement and construction of roads within a subdivision must provide an appropriate level of access, connectivity, safety and convenience for vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists, having regard to:			
(a)	any road network plan adopted by the council;		
(b)	the existing and proposed road hierarchy;		
 (c) the need for connecting roads and pedestrian and cycling paths, to common boundaries with adjoining land, to facilitate future subdivision potential; 			
(d)	maximising connectivity with the surrounding road, pedestrian, cycling and public transport networks;		
 (e) minimising the travel distance between key destinations such as shops and services and public transport routes; 			
(f)	access to public transport;		
(g) the efficient and safe movement of pedestrians, cyclists and public transport;			
 (h) the need to provide bicycle infrastructure on new arterial and collector roads in accordance with the <i>Guide to Road Design Part 6A: Paths</i> <i>for Walking and Cycling 2016</i>; 			
(i) the topography of the site; and			

 (j) the future subdivision potential of ar balance lots on adjoining or adjacen 	-	
land.		
8.6.3 Services	Not applicable	Assessment
8.6.3 –(A1)	\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
Each lot, or a lot proposed in a plan of subdivision, excluding for public open space, riparian or littoral reserve or Utilities, must	a	
have a connection to a full water supply service.		
8.6.3 –(A2)	\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
Each lot, or a lot proposed in a plan of subdivision, excluding for public open space, riparian or littoral reserve or Utilities, must	а	
have a connection to a reticulated sewerage system.		
8.6.3 –(A3)	\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
Each lot, or a lot proposed in a plan of subdivision, excluding for public open space, riparian or littoral reserve or Utilities, must be capable of connecting to a public stormwater system.		

CODES

CODES	NOT APPLICABLE	Applicable
C1.0 Signs Code	\boxtimes	
C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code		Refer to table below.
C3.0 Road and Railway Assets Code	\boxtimes	
C4.0 Electricity Transmission Infrastructure Protection Code	\boxtimes	

C5.0 Telecommunications Code	\boxtimes	
C6.0 Local Historic Heritage Code	\boxtimes	
C7.0 Natural Assets Code	\boxtimes	
C8.0 Scenic Protection Code	\boxtimes	
C9.0 Attenuation Code	\boxtimes	
C10.0 Coastal Erosion Hazard Code	\boxtimes	
C11.0 Coastal Inundation Hazard Code	\boxtimes	
C12.0 Flood-Prone Areas Hazard Code	\boxtimes	
C13.0 Bushfire-Prone Areas Code	\boxtimes	
C14.0 Potentially Contaminated Land Code	\boxtimes	
C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code	\boxtimes	
C16.0 Safeguarding of Airports Code	\boxtimes	

C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code

CLAUSE	Comment			
C2.5 Use Standards				
C2.5.1 Car parking numbers	Not applicable	Assessment		
 C2.5.1–(A1) The number of on-site car parking spaces must be no less than the number specified in Table C2.1, excluding if: (a) the site is subject to a parking plan for the area adopted by council, in which case parking provision (spaces or cash-in-lieu) must be in accordance with that plan; 		Non-compliant. Multiple dwellings require two car parking spaces per dwelling and one visitor car parking space per four dwellings. The proposal would require a total of five car parking spaces. The proposal has provision for four car parking spaces. (a)–(d) Not relevant for this proposal. Refer to the "Issues" section of this report.		

(b)	the site is contained within a parking precinct plan and subject to Clause C2.7;		
(c)	the site is subject to Clause C2.5.5; or		
(d)	it relates to an intensification of an existing use or development or a change of use where:		
	(i)	the number of on-site car parking spaces for the existing use or development specified in Table C2.1 is greater than the number of car parking spaces specified in Table C2.1 for the proposed use or development, in which case no additional on-site car parking is required; or	
	(ii)	the number of on-site car parking spaces for the existing use or development specified in Table C2.1 is less than the number of car parking spaces specified in Table C2.1 for the proposed use or development, in which case on-site car parking must be calculated as follows:	
		N = A + (C- B)	
		N = Number of on-site car parking spaces required	
		A = Number of existing on site car parking spaces	
		B = Number of on-site car parking spaces required for the existing use or development specified in Table C2.1	

	Г		
	C= Number of on-site car parking spaces required for the proposed use or development specified in Table C2.		
C2.5.2	Bicycle parking numbers	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.5.2- Bicycle	-(A1) parking spaces must:	\boxtimes	Does not apply to multiple dwelling development.
(a)	be provided on the site or within 50m of the site; and		
(b)	be no less than the number specified in Table C2.1.		
C2.5.3	Motorcycle parking numbers	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.5.3-(A1)		\square	Does not apply to multiple dwelling development.
	nber of on-site motorcycle parking for all uses must:		
(a)	be no less than the number specified in Table C2.4; and;		
(b)	if an existing use or development is extended or intensified, the number of on-site motorcycle parking spaces must be based on the proposed extension or intensification provided the existing number of motorcycle parking spaces is maintained.		
C2.5.4 - Loading bays		Not applicable	Assessment
	ng bay must be provided for uses with area of more than 1000m ² in a single		Does not apply to multiple dwelling development.

C2 5 5	_(Δ1)	\boxtimes	al Zone and Inner Residential Zone Not an existing non-residential
C2.5.5–(A1) Within existing non-residential buildings in the General Residential Zone and Inner Residential Zone, on-site car parking is not required for:			building.
(a)	Food Services uses up to 100m ² floor area or 30		
(b)	seats, whichever is the greater; and		
(c)	General Retail and Hire uses up to 100m ² floor area, provided the use complies with the hours of operation specified in the relevant Acceptable Solution for the relevant zone.		
C2.6	Development Standards for Building	s and Works	
C2.6.1	Construction of parking areas	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.6.1-	-(A1)		(a) Compliant by condition.
(a)	be constructed with a durable all weather pavement;		(b) Compliant by condition.(c) Compliant by condition.
(b)	be drained to a public stormwater system, or contain stormwater on the site; and		
(c)	excluding all uses in the Rural Zone, Agriculture Zone, Landscape Conservation Zone, Environmental Management Zone, Recreation Zone and Open Space Zone, be surfaced by a spray seal, asphalt, concrete, pavers or equivalent material to restrict abrasion from traffic and minimise entry of water to		

C2.6.2 areas	Desig	gn and layout of parking	Not applicable	Assess	ment
C2.6.2–(A1) Parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must either:				(a)(i) (a)(ii)	Compliant by (b). Compliant by (b).
(a)	•	ly with the following:		(a)(iii) (a)(iv)	Compliant by (b). Compliant by (b).
	(i)	have a gradient in accordance with <i>Australian</i> <i>Standard AS 2890 – Parking ffacilities, Parts 1-</i> 6;		(a)(v) (a)(vi) (a)(vii)	Compliant by (b). Compliant by (b). Compliant by (b).
	(ii)	provide for vehicles to		(b)	Compliant by condition.
		enter and exit the site in a forward direction where providing for more than 4		A1.2 (a)	Not applicable for this application.
	(iii)	parking spaces; have and access width not less than the requirements		(b)	Not applicable for this application.
	(iv)	in Table C2.2; have car parking space dimensions which satisfy the requirements in Table C2.3;		(c)	Not applicable for this application.
	(v)	have a combined access and manoeuvring width adjacent to parking spaces not less than the requirements in Table C2.3 where there are 3 or more car parking spaces;			
	(vi)	have a vertical clearance of not less than 1m above the			
		parking surface level; and			
	(vii)	excluding a single dwelling, be delineated by line marking or other clear physical means; or			

(b)	comply with Australian Standard AS 2890- Parking facilities, Parts 1-6.		
C2.6.2–(A1.2)			
Parking spaces provided for use by persons with a disability must satisfy the following:			
(a)	be located as close as practicable to the main entry point to the building;		
(b)	be incorporated into the overall car park design; and		
(c)	be designed and constructed in accordance with <i>Australian/New</i> <i>Zealand Standard AS/NZS</i> 2890.6:2009 Parking facilities, Off- street parking for people with disabilities. ¹		
¹ Requirements for the number of accessible car parking spaces are specified in part D3 of the National Construction Code 2016			
C2.6.3	Number of accesses for vehicles	Not applicable	Assessment
	-(A1) mber of accesses provided for each e must: be no more than 1; or no more than the existing number of accesses whichever is the greater.		 (a) Compliant. Site would have one access. (b) Not applicable. Satisfied by (a).
pedest	the Central Business Zone or in a rian priority street no new access is ed unless an existing access is		

	Lighting of parking areas within neral Business Zone and Central ess Zone	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.6.4–(A1) In car parks within the General Business Zone and Central Business Zone, parking and vehicle circulation roads and pedestrian paths serving 5 or more car parking spaces, which are used outside daylight hours, must be provided with lighting in accordance with clause 3.1 "Basis of Design" and Clause 3.6 "Car parks" in Australian Standards/ New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1158.3.1:2005 Lighting for roads and public spaces Part 3.1: Pedestrian area (Category P) lighting – Performance and design requirements.			Site is General Residential Zone.
C2.6.5	Pedestrian access	Not applicable	Assessment
spaces (a) (b)	hat require 10 or more car parking		10 or more car parking spaces are not required.

In parking areas containing accessibl		
parking spaces for use by persons wi disability, a footpath having a width no than 1.5m and a gradient not steeper in 14 is required from those spaces to main entry point to the building	ot less than 1	
C2.6.6 Loading bays	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.6.6-(A1)		Loading bays are not required.
The area and dimensions of loading to and access way areas must be desig accordance with <i>Australian Standard</i> 2890.2–2002 Parking Facilities Part 2 Parking facilities- Off-street commerce	ned in AS 2:	
<i>vehicle facilities,</i> for the type of vehicl likely to use the site.	es	
C2.6.6-(A2)		Loading bays are not required.
The type of commercial vehicles likely the site must be able to enter, park ar the site in a forward direction in accor with Australian Standard AS2890. 2-2 Parking Facilities Part 2: Parking facil Off-street commercial vehicle facilitie	nd exit dance 2002 ities-	
C2.6.7 Bicycle parking and storag facilities within the Genera Business Zone and Centra Business Zone	I I	Assessment
C2.6.7-(A1)		Site is General Residential Zone.
Bicycle parking for uses that require 5 more bicycle spaces in Table C2.1 m		
 (a) be accessible from a road, c path, bicycle lane, shared pa access way; 		
(b) be located within 50m from a entrance;	an	
(c) be visible from the main entr otherwise signed; and	ance or	

(d)	be available and adequately lit during the times they will be used, in accordance with Table 2.3 of <i>Australian/New Zealand Standard</i> <i>AS/NZS 1158.3.1: 2005 Lighting for</i> <i>roads and public spaces -</i> <i>Pedestrian area (Category P)</i> <i>lighting - Performance and design</i> <i>requirements.</i>		
C2.6.7-	(A2)	\boxtimes	Site is General Residential Zone.
Bicycle	parking spaces must:		
(a)	 have dimensions not less than: (i) 1.7m in length; (ii) 1.2m in height; and (ii) 0.7m in width at the handlebars; 		
(b)	have unobstructed access with a width of not less than 2m and a gradient not steeper than 5% from a road, cycle path, bicycle lane, shared path or access way; and		
(c)	include a rail or hoop to lock a bicycle that satisfies <i>Australian</i> <i>Standard AS 2890.3-2015</i> <i>Parking facilities - Part 3: Bicycle</i> <i>parking.</i>		
C2.6.8	Siting of parking and turning areas	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.6.8-(A1) Within an Inner Residential Zone, Village Zone, Urban Mixed Use Zone, Local Business Zone or General Business Zone, parking spaces and vehicle turning areas, including garages or covered parking areas must be located behind the building line of buildings, excluding if a parking area is already provided in front of the building line.			Site is General Residential Zone.

C2.6.8-(A2)		\boxtimes	Site is General Residential Zone.
Within the Central Business Zone, on-site parking at ground level adjacent to a frontage must:			
 (a) have no new vehicle accesses, unless an existing access is removed; 			
(b)	retain an active street frontage; and		
(c)	not result in parked cars being visible from public places in the adjacent roads.		
C2.7	Parking Precinct Plan		
C2.7.1	Parking precinct plan	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.7.1-(A1)		\boxtimes	Parking precinct plan does not apply.
Within a parking precinct plan, on-site parking must:			
(a) not be provided; or			
(b) not be increased above existing parking numbers.			

SPECIFIC AREA PLANS	NOT APPLICABLE	Applicable
CCO-S1.0 Forth Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S2.0 Leith Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S3.0 Penguin Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S4.0 Revell Lane Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S5.0 Turners Beach Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	

CCO Co	DE LISTS
CCO-Table C3.1 Other Major Roads	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.1 Local Heritage Places	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.2 Local Heritage Precincts	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.3 Local Historic Landscape Precincts	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.4 Places or Precincts of Archaeological Potential	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.5 Significant Trees	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C8.1 Scenic Protection Areas	Not applicable to this application.
CCO-Table 8.2 Scenic Road Corridors	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C11.1 Coastal Inundation Hazard Bands AHD levels	Not applicable to this application.
CCO-Applied, Adopted or Incorporated Documents	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Site-Specific Qualifications	This table is used in this Local Provisions Schedule.

lssues –

1 Clause 8.4.1-(P1) – Residential density for multiple dwellings –

The Objective for Clause 8.4.1 states that the density of multiple dwellings:

- (a) makes efficient use of land for housing; and
- (b) optimises the use of infrastructure and community services.

The Planning Scheme's Acceptable Solution for Clause 8.4.1-(A1) states that a multiple dwelling must have a site area per dwelling of not less than $325m^2$.

The development site would need a total land area of 650m² to satisfy the Acceptable Solution. The development site has a land area of 615m². Therefore, the proposed development is discretionary and relies on an assessment against the applicable mandatory Performance Criteria.

The Planning Scheme's Performance Criteria for Clause 8.4.1–(P1) states that multiple dwellings must only have a site area per dwelling that is less than 325m², if the development would not exceed the capacity of infrastructure services and;

(a) is compatible with the density of existing development on established properties in the area; or

Planner's comments: There are several multiple dwelling developments within the area. For example, 34 Overall Street accommodates seven multiple dwellings. The proposed development is compatible with the density of existing development on established properties in the area.

- (b) provides for a significant social or community benefit and is:
 - wholly or partly within 400m walking distance of a public transport stop; or

Planner's comments: There are public transport bus routes located along Preservation Drive, approximately 250m from the development site.

 wholly or partly within 400m walking distance of Inner Residential Zone, Village Zone, Urban Mixed Zone, Local Business Zone, general Business Zone, Central Business Zone or Commercial Zone.

Planner's comments: Refer to (b)(i) above.

Conclusion: It is considered that the application has demonstrated compliance with the mandatory Performance Criteria in relation to dwelling density in the area and being within 400m walking distance of a public transport stop. Regarding the Objective for this Clause, it is considered the proposed development can satisfy both part (a) and (b), in that it would allow for additional housing at a higher density in the General Residential Zone. Furthermore, the site is connected to all reticulated services and is capable of supporting the proposed development.

2 Clause 8.4.6-(P3) – Privacy for all dwellings –

The Objective for Clause 8.4.6 states the development provides a reasonable opportunity for privacy for dwellings.

The Planning Scheme's Acceptable Solution for Clause 8.4.6–(A3) states that a shared driveway or parking space must be separated from a window, or glazed door, to a habitable room of a multiple dwelling by a horizontal distance of not less than 2.5m or 1m if it is separated by a screen of not less than 1.7m in height or has a sill height of not less than 1.7m above the shared driveway or has a fixed obscure glazing extending to a height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level.

Unit 1 would only be separated from the shared driveway by 0.6m, which includes windows to habitable rooms. Therefore, the proposed development is discretionary and relies on an assessment against the applicable mandatory Performance Criteria.

The Planning Scheme's Performance Criteria for Clause 8.4.6-(P3) states that a shared driveway must be screened, or otherwise located or designed, to minimise unreasonable impact of vehicle noise or vehicle light intrusion to a habitable room of a multiple dwelling.

Planner's comments: The proposal includes privacy screens to windows on the northern side of Unit 1 which would be up to 1.7m high from existing ground level. Furthermore, all existing windows on the northern side of Unit 1 would be replaced with double glazed, noise

attenuating windows. In addition, the applicant has advised that landscape planting within the 0.6m separation to the shared driveway area will occur.

Conclusion: It is considered that the application has demonstrated compliance with the mandatory Performance Criteria in relation to privacy for Unit 1 in relation to the shared driveway. Regarding the Objective for this Clause, it is considered that the proposed development would provide adequate privacy screening to habitable rooms of Unit 1 that face the shared driveway.

3 Reliance on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code –

The Objective for Clause C2.5.1 is that an appropriate level of car parking spaces is to be provided to meet the needs of the use.

The Planning Scheme's Acceptable Solution for Clause C2.5.1-(A1) states that the number of on-site car parking spaces must be no less than the number specified in Table C2.1.

Multiple dwellings require two car parking spaces per dwelling and one visitor car parking space per four dwellings. The proposal would require a total of five car parking spaces. The application indicates the provision for four on-site car parking spaces. Therefore, the proposed development is discretionary and relies on an assessment against the applicable mandatory Performance Criteria.

The Planning Scheme's Performance Criteria for Clause C2.5.1–(P1.2) states that the number of on-site car parking spaces for dwellings must meet the reasonable needs of the use, having regard to:

(a) the nature and intensity of the use and car parking required;

Planner's comments: The proposal is for residential use in the form of x 2 multiple dwellings. It is considered that the 2 car parking spaces that would be provided for each dwelling is adequate for residential use comprising of only 2 dwellings. Visitors to the occupants of each dwelling would need to park on Overall Street. This is normal practice for other low density residential uses, including single dwellings.

(b) the size of the dwelling and the number of bedrooms; and

Planner's comments: The new dwelling would have a total of three bedrooms which is considered similar in size to some single dwellings that are approved.

(c) the pattern of parking in the surrounding area.

Planner's comments: The surrounding area has a mixture of single and multiple dwellings, with variations to the number of car parking spaces available on each lot.

Conclusion: It is considered that the application has demonstrated compliance with the mandatory Performance Criteria in relation to the number of car parking spaces the development would provide. Regarding the Objective for this Clause, it is considered that the appropriate level of car parking spaces would be provided to satisfy the needs of the use, being Residential.

Referral advice -

Referral advice from the various Departments of the Council and other service providers is as follows:

Service	COMMENTS/CONDITIONS
Environmental Health	Not applicable.
Building	Not applicable.
Infrastructure Services	Conditions and Notes to be included in a Permit.
TasWater	Refer to TasWater Submission to Planning Authority Notice, Reference No. TWDA 2023/00265- CC dated 10 March 2023.
Department of State Growth	Not applicable.
Environment Protection Authority	Not applicable.
TasRail	Not applicable.
Heritage Tasmania	Not applicable.

Crown Land Services	Not applicable.	
Other	Not applicable.	

CONSULTATION

In accordance with s.57(3) of the Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993:

- . a site notice was posted;
- . letters to adjoining owners were sent; and
- . an advertisement was placed in the Public Notices section of The Advocate.

Representations -

One representation was received within the prescribed time, a copy of which is provided at Annexure 3.

The representation is summarised and responded to as follows:

MATTER RAISED	Response	
1 Would like shadow plans to be provided (for winter time) to show shadow onto the adjoining southern property (representor's property).	In some cases, planning applications require shadow pattern diagrams to demonstrate compliance with an applicable Clause within the Planning Scheme.	
Concern regarding the amount of shadow that would go into the representor's backyard from the proposed new dwelling.	For example, if a dwelling is designed to be outside a required building envelope (Clause 8.4.2-A3), shadow pattern diagrams are required to demonstrate that the proposed development would not cause an unreasonable loss of amenity to adjoining properties, having regard to reduction in sunlight to a habitable room and/or private open space of a dwelling on an adjoining property.	

		If a proposed dwelling fits within the required building envelope, it is considered to have satisfied the Acceptable Solution. It is therefore, considered to have satisfied the 'test' regarding any potential shadow impact.
		The proposed new dwelling has been designed to fit within the required building envelope (refer to assessment table above). Therefore, matters associated with the proposed building envelope of the development are not a 'discretionary' matter.
		This means there is no mechanism under the Planning Scheme for the Council to request or consider shadow pattern diagrams for this application.
2	Due to shadow (believed that would be from the proposed dwelling), the two-storey dwelling is not something that adjoining property would be happy to agree with.	As a result of the original subdivision in Overall Street, most of the sites are orientated length ways (east to west) and therefore result with properties being directly north of their respective southern property. In a built up residential area, particularly when lots are oriented in
		the manner above, it is inevitable that a southern property would experience some shadow from their respective northern property.
		Refer to comments made above regarding why shadow pattern diagrams are not required for the proposed development at 14 Overall Street.

RESOURCE, FINANCIAL AND RISK IMPACTS

The proposal has no likely impact on Council resources outside those usually required for assessment and reporting, and possibly costs associated with an appeal against the Council's determination should one be instituted.

CORPORATE COMPLIANCE

The Central Coast Strategic Plan 2014–2024 includes the following strategies and key actions:

The Environment and Sustainable Infrastructure

Develop and manage sustainable built infrastructure.

CONCLUSION

The representation received does not warrant the refusal of the proposed for Residential – multiple dwellings x 2. The proposal has demonstrated satisfactory compliance with the Planning Scheme's relevant Performance Criteria.

The grant of a Permit, subject to conditions, is considered to be justified.

Recommendation -

It is recommended that the application for Residential – multiple dwellings x 2 – Residential for multiple dwellings; Privacy for all dwellings and reliance on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code at 14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek (DA2023037) be approved, subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The development must be substantially in accordance with the plans by Cradle Coast Building Design, Job No. 22.010, Drawing Nos. da01, da02, da03, da04, da05, da06, da07, da08, da09, da10 and da11, Issue No. A dated 6 March 2023.
- 2 The development must be in accordance with the conditions of TasWater's Submission to Planning Authority Notice, Reference No. TWDA 2023/00265-CC dated 10 March 2023.
- 3 All parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must:
 - (a) be constructed with a durable all-weather pavement;
 - (b) be drained to the public stormwater system; and

- (c) be surfaced by a spray seal, asphalt, concrete, pavers or equivalent material to restrict abrasion from traffic and minimise entry of water to the pavement.
- 4 Minimum of 4 car parking spaces must be provided for the development and must comply with Australian Standard AS 2890 Parking facilities, Parts 1-6.
- 5 Demolition materials and soils must be disposed of to an approved landfill site.
- 6 Prior to issue of an Occupany Permit the developer must submit and implement a Landscape Plan for the 0.6m separation area to the shared driveway. The Landscape Plan must detail plant species, final height of growth and plant spacings and be to the satisfaction of the Director Community Services.

Infrastructure Services

- 7 The new access off Overall Street must use a standard minimum 3.6m and up to 6.0m wide access driveway apron, at the developer's cost.
- 8 The kerb crossover must be constructed by the Council in accordance with the Tasmanian Standard Drawing *TSD-R14-v3 Urban Roads – Approved Concrete Kerbs and Channels Profile Dimensions* and drawings must be submitted for approval by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services, the developer's cost.
- 9 The driveway apron must be constructed in accordance with the Tasmanian Standard Drawing *TSD-R09-v3 Urban Roads Driveways* in a plain concrete finish and drawings must be submitted for approval by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services, at the developer's cost.
- 10 Sight triangle areas adjacent to the driveway access must be kept clear of obstructions to visibility, in accordance with the Tasmanian Standard Drawing *TSD-RF-01-v3 Guide to Intersection and Domestic Access Sight Distance Requirements*, at the developer's cost.
- 11 Works associated with roads, stormwater infrastructures, footpaths, kerb and channel, nature strips or street trees must be undertaken by the Council, unless alternative arrangements are approved by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services, at the developer's cost.

- 12 Property access made redundant must be removed and reinstated to match the adjoining areas at the developer's cost.
- 13 Damage or disturbance to roads, stormwater infrastructures, footpaths, kerb and channel, nature strips or street trees resulting from activity associated with the development must be rectified to the satisfaction of the Council's Director Infrastructure Services and at the developer's cost.
- 14 Stormwater run-off from buildings and hard surfaces, including from vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas, must be collected and discharged to Council's stormwater infrastructure in accordance with the *National Construction Code 2019* and must not cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.
- 15 Prior to commencement of works, the developer must submit an application 'Install Stormwater Connection Point' for any work associated with existing stormwater infrastructure. Works must be undertaken by the Council, unless alternative arrangements are approved by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services at the developer's cost. Drainage costs as listed in the Council's Fees and Charges register apply.
- 16 During works and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised against erosion, the developer must minimise on-site erosion and the release of sediment or sediment laden stormwater from the site and work areas in accordance with the *Soil and Water Management on Standard Building and Construction Sites Fact Sheet 2* published by the Environment Protection Authority.

Please Note:

- 1 A Planning Permit remains valid for two years. If the use and/or development has not substantially commenced within this period, an extension may be granted if a request is made before this period expires. If the Permit lapses, a new application must be made.
- 2 "Substantial commencement" is the submission and approval of engineering drawings and the physical commencement of infrastructure works on the site, or an arrangement of a Private Works Authority or bank guarantee to undertake such works.
- 3 Prior to the commencement of work, the applicant is to ensure that the category of work for any proposed building, plumbing and/or

demolition work is defined using the Determinations issued under the *Building Act 2016* by the Director of Building Control. Any notifications or permits required in accordance with the defined category of work must be attained prior to the commencement of work. It is recommended the Council's Building Permit Authority or a Building Surveyor be contacted should clarification be required.

- 4 Solid fencing within 4.5m of a road frontage to a height of 1.2m above existing ground level, or fencing that has openings above the height of 1.2m which provides a uniform transparency of at least 30%, to a maximum height of 1.8m, is "Exempt" and does not require planning approval. Fencing outside these requirements within 4.5m of a road frontage would be 'Discretionary' and require the lodgement of a planning application.
- 5 Side boundary fencing is to angle down to the public road reserve boundary in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 Parking Facilities – Part 1: Off-street car parking, Figure 3.3 "Minimum Sight Lines for Pedestrian Safety".

Infrastructure Services

- 6 Prior to commencement of works in the road reservation, the developer must obtain a "Works in Road Reservation (Permit)".
- 7 Prior to commencement of works, the developer must submit an application for 'Roadworks Authority' (or a 'Private Works Authority'). Roadworks Authority rates as listed in the Council's Fees and Charges register apply.'

The report is supported."

The Executive Services Officer reports as follows:

"A copy of the Annexures referred to in the Town Planner's report having been circulated to all Councillors, a suggested resolution is submitted for consideration."

■ "That the application for Residential – multiple dwellings x 2 – Residential for multiple dwellings; Privacy for all dwellings and reliance on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code at 14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek (DA2023037) be approved, subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The development must be substantially in accordance with the plans by Cradle Coast Building Design, Job No. 22.010, Drawing Nos. da01, da02, da03, da04, da05, da06, da07, da08, da09, da10 and da11, Issue No. A dated 6 March 2023.
- 2 The development must be in accordance with the conditions of TasWater's Submission to Planning Authority Notice, Reference No. TWDA 2023/00265-CC dated 10 March 2023.
- 3 All parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must:
 - (a) be constructed with a durable all-weather pavement;
 - (b) be drained to the public stormwater system; and
 - (c) be surfaced by a spray seal, asphalt, concrete, pavers or equivalent material to restrict abrasion from traffic and minimise entry of water to the pavement.
- 4 Minimum of 4 car parking spaces must be provided for the development and must comply with Australian Standard *AS 2890 Parking facilities, Parts 1–6*.
- 5 Demolition materials and soils must be disposed of to an approved landfill site.
- 6 Prior to issue of an Occupany Permit the developer must submit and implement a Landscape Plan for the 0.6m separation area to the shared driveway. The Landscape Plan must detail plant species, final height of growth and plant spacings and be to the satisfaction of the Director Community Services.

Infrastructure Services

- 7 The new access off Overall Street must use a standard minimum 3.6m and up to 6.0m wide access driveway apron, at the developer's cost.
- 8 The kerb crossover must be constructed by the Council in accordance with the Tasmanian Standard Drawing *TSD-R14-v3 Urban Roads Approved Concrete Kerbs and Channels Profile Dimensions* and drawings must be submitted for approval by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services, the developer's cost.
- 9 The driveway apron must be constructed in accordance with the Tasmanian Standard Drawing *TSD-R09-v3 Urban Roads - Driveways* in a plain concrete finish and drawings must be submitted for approval by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services, at the developer's cost.
- 10 Sight triangle areas adjacent to the driveway access must be kept clear of obstructions to visibility, in accordance with the Tasmanian Standard Drawing *TSD-RF-01-v3*

Guide to Intersection and Domestic Access Sight Distance Requirements, at the developer's cost.

- 11 Works associated with roads, stormwater infrastructures, footpaths, kerb and channel, nature strips or street trees must be undertaken by the Council, unless alternative arrangements are approved by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services, at the developer's cost.
- 12 Property access made redundant must be removed and reinstated to match the adjoining areas at the developer's cost.
- 13 Damage or disturbance to roads, stormwater infrastructures, footpaths, kerb and channel, nature strips or street trees resulting from activity associated with the development must be rectified to the satisfaction of the Council's Director Infrastructure Services and at the developer's cost.
- 14 Stormwater run-off from buildings and hard surfaces, including from vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas, must be collected and discharged to Council's stormwater infrastructure in accordance with the *National Construction Code 2019* and must not cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.
- 15 Prior to commencement of works, the developer must submit an application 'Install Stormwater Connection Point' for any work associated with existing stormwater infrastructure. Works must be undertaken by the Council, unless alternative arrangements are approved by the Council's Director Infrastructure Services at the developer's cost. Drainage costs as listed in the Council's Fees and Charges register apply.
- 16 During works and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised against erosion, the developer must minimise on-site erosion and the release of sediment or sediment laden stormwater from the site and work areas in accordance with the *Soil and Water Management on Standard Building and Construction Sites – Fact Sheet 2* published by the Environment Protection Authority.

Please Note:

- 1 A Planning Permit remains valid for two years. If the use and/or development has not substantially commenced within this period, an extension may be granted if a request is made before this period expires. If the Permit lapses, a new application must be made.
- 2 "Substantial commencement" is the submission and approval of engineering drawings and the physical commencement of infrastructure works on the site, or an arrangement of a Private Works Authority or bank guarantee to undertake such works.

- Prior to the commencement of work, the applicant is to ensure that the category of work for any proposed building, plumbing and/or demolition work is defined using the Determinations issued under the *Building Act 2016* by the Director of Building Control. Any notifications or permits required in accordance with the defined category of work must be attained prior to the commencement of work. It is recommended the Council's Building Permit Authority or a Building Surveyor be contacted should clarification be required.
- 4 Solid fencing within 4.5m of a road frontage to a height of 1.2m above existing ground level, or fencing that has openings above the height of 1.2m which provides a uniform transparency of at least 30%, to a maximum height of 1.8m, is "Exempt" and does not require planning approval. Fencing outside these requirements within 4.5m of a road frontage would be 'Discretionary' and require the lodgement of a planning application.
- 5 Side boundary fencing is to angle down to the public road reserve boundary in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 Parking Facilities Part 1: Off-street car parking, Figure 3.3 "Minimum Sight Lines for Pedestrian Safety".

Infrastructure Services

- 6 Prior to commencement of works in the road reservation, the developer must obtain a "Works in Road Reservation (Permit)".
- 7 Prior to commencement of works, the developer must submit an application for 'Roadworks Authority' (or a 'Private Works Authority'). Roadworks Authority rates as listed in the Council's Fees and Charges register apply."

6.2 Residential - single dwelling - Building height, siting and exterior finishes; Landscape protection and reliance on C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code at 46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone - Application No. DA2023052

The Director Community Services reports as follows:

"The Town Planner has prepared the following report:

'DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION NO.: PROPOSAL:	DA2023052 Residential - single dwelling - Building height, siting and exterior finishes; Landscape protection and reliance on C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code	
Applicant:	Lachlan Walsh Design	
LOCATION:	46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone	
Zone:	Landscape Conservation	
PLANNING INSTRUMENT:	Tasmanian Planning Scheme – Central	
	Coast (the Planning Scheme)	
Advertised:	22 March 2023	
REPRESENTATIONS EXPIRY DATE:	5 April 2023	
REPRESENTATIONS RECEIVED:	One	
42-DAY EXPIRY DATE:	27 April 2023 (extension of time	
	granted until 15 May 2023)	
DECISION DUE:	8 May 2023	

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to consider an application for the construction of a single dwelling at 46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone.

Accompanying the report are the following documents:

- . Annexure 1 location plan;
- . Annexure 2 application documentation;
- . Annexure 3 representation; and
- . Annexure 4 photographs.

BACKGROUND

Development description -

Application is made for the introduction of a Residential Use Class in the form of a single dwelling at 46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone. The single dwelling would be located centrally on the vacant site and within a building area shown on the survey plan. The proposal includes the construction of a long, internal driveway to the single dwelling, from Clara Street.

The single dwelling is of unique design, comprising of three sections (length ways) and would be constructed to the slope of the land. Each section has a high-pitched roof, at irregular angles, with high windows and decks across the front facing elevations.

The southern section would accommodate the master bedroom with an ensuite, separate toilet, walk-in robe and study. The middle section would accommodate kitchen/living/dining room, a laundry, separate toilet and study. The northern section would accommodate two bedrooms, each with a separate bathroom.

Due to the slope of the land, the southern section would accommodate a double enclosed carport and workshop on the ground floor. The southern and middle section are connected via a large entry foyer and the middle and northern section are connected via a covered deck area.

Due to the unique internal design of the single dwelling, clarification was sought from the applicant to ensure the intended use would be Residential. This was confirmed.

The single dwelling would comprise of varying external finishes and colours. This includes a combination of dark colours, but also multi-coloured panels, predominantly across the south-western elevation of the single dwelling.

Site description and surrounding area -

The 1.004ha site is zoned Landscape Conservation. The land immediately to the north-west and south-east are also zoned Landscape Conservation. All other surrounding properties are zoned General Residential. The Landscape Conservation Zone does extend slightly to the west, to land on the top side of Kardinia Crescent.

The site slopes moderately upwards from Clara Street for approximately 75m and then has a steeper slope upwards, to Burnett Crescent.

A Landscape Conservation Zone would have been applied to the development site due to the landslip hazard overlay across the land, rather than any visual landscape attributes, such as priority vegetation. The zone was transitioned to the Central Coast LPS from *the Central Coast Interim Planning Scheme 2013* in October 2022, under which the land was zoned Environmental Living.

There are no landscape values or characteristics on the development site or the two adjoining properties. The site is relatively void of any vegetation, apart from some trees located in the far southern corner of the site.

A Landscape Conservation Zone is usually more applicable to larger land areas (the Acceptable Solution for subdivision in the zone requires an area of 50ha) where there are significant landscape values, such as priority vegetation and/or watercourses which dominate the scenery, such as on the top side of Midway Lane, Sulphur Creek or in the Raymond Road area in Gunns Plains.

It is not as common to have a Landscape Conservation Zone that is surrounded by a General Residential zone, where surrounding lots are developed for Residential purpose and cleared of vegetation.

Below shows the General Residential zone that surrounds the development site. The General Residential Zone is red, and Landscape Conservation Zone is green.



The development site is connected to all reticulated services. The site is subject to both low and medium landslip hazard characteristics.

History -

The development site was created in February 2021 through Planning Permit DA2019030.

DISCUSSION

The following table is the Town Planner's assessment against the Planning Scheme provisions:

22.0 Landscape Conservation

22.1 Zone Purpose

The purpose of the Landscape Conservation Zone is:

- 22.1.1 To provide for the protection, conservation and management of landscape values.
- 22.1.2 To provide for compatible use or development that does not adversely impact on the protection, conservation and management of the landscape values.

Planners comment:

The Landscape Conservation Zone would have been applied to the development site due to the landslip hazard overlay, rather than any visual landscape attributes which are usually associated with the Zone, such as priority vegetation. The single dwelling would therefore not adversely impact the protection, conservation and management of the landscape values, as it is considered there are none on the site.

CLAUSE		Соммент	
22.3 Use Standards			
22.3.1 Community meeting and entertainment, food services, and general retail and hire uses		Not Applicable	Assessment
22.3.1 –(A1) Hours of operation for Community Meeting and Entertainment, Food Services, and General Retail and Hire must be within the hours of 8.00am to 6.00pm.			Application is for Residential use.
22.3.2 Visitor accommodation		Not Applicable	Assessment
22.3.2 –(A1) Visitor Accommodation:		\boxtimes	Not Visitor Accommodation.
(a)	guests are accommodated in existing buildings; and		
(b)	has a gross floor area of no more than 300m ² .		

22.2.2 Disperationary use	Not Applicable	Accessment
22.3.3 Discretionary use	Not Applicable	Assessment
23.3.3 –(A1)	\boxtimes	Not a discretionary use.
No acceptable solution.		
22.4 Development Standards for Buildings ar	nd Works	
22.4.1 Site coverage	Not Applicable	Assessment
22.4.1 –(A1)		Compliant. Site coverage would be
Site coverage must be not more than 400m ² .		316.80m ² .
22.4.2 Building height, siting and exterior finishes	Not Applicable	Assessment
22.4.2 –(A1) Building height must be not more than 6m.		Non-compliant. The highest point of the single dwelling would be 9.1m.
		Refer to the "Issues" section of this report.
22.4.2 –(A2)		Compliant. Single dwelling would be
Buildings must have a setback from a frontage of not less than 10m.		setback greater than 10m from the frontage.
22.4.2 –(A3)		Compliant. Single dwelling would be
Buildings must have a setback from side and rear boundaries not less than 20m.		setback 20m and greater from side and rear boundaries.
22.4.2 –(A4)	\boxtimes	Adjoining land is zoned General
Buildings for a sensitive use must be separated from the boundary of an adjoining Rural Zone or Agriculture Zone a distance of:		Residential or Landscape Conservation.
(a) not less than 200m; or		
(b) if the setback of an existing building for a sensitive use on the site is within 200m of that boundary, not less than the existing building.		

22.4.2 –(A5) Exterior building finishes must have a light reflectance value not more than 40%, in dark natural tones of grey, green or brown.			Non-compliant. Exterior of the building would not have a light reflectance value not more than 40%, in dark natural tones of grey, green or brown. Refer to the "Issues" section of this report.
22.4.3	Access to a road	Not Applicable	Assessment
22.4.3 –(A1) New dwellings must be located on lots that have frontage with access to a road maintained by a road authority.			Compliant. Access is off Clara Street.
22.4.4 Landscape protection		Not Applicable	Assessment
22.4.4 –(A1) Building and works must be located within a building area, if shown on a sealed plan.			Compliant. The single dwelling would be inside the building area. Proposal includes an internal driveway and turning areas. This is in accordance with a registered Part 5 Agreement on the site (refer to Annexure 2).
22.4.4 Buildin (a) (b) (c) (d)	 –(A2) ngs and works must: be located within a building area, if shown on a sealed plan; or be an alteration or extension to an existing building providing it is not more than the existing building height; and not include cut and fill greater than 1m; and be not less than 10m in elevation below a skyline or ridgeline. 		Compliant. The single dwelling would be inside the building area. Proposal includes an internal driveway and turning areas. This is in accordance with a registered Part 5 Agreement on the site (refer to Annexure 2).

22.5 Development Standards for Subdivision				
22.5.1 Lot design		Not Applicable	Assessment	
22.5.1	–(A1)		\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
	ot, or a propo sion, must:	sed lot in a plan of		
(a)	have an ar and:	ea of not less than 50ha		
	m 25 ve re	e able to contain a inimum area of 25m x 5m, where native egetation cover has been moved, with a gradient not eeper than 1 in 5, clear of: all setbacks		
	a.	required by clause 22.4.2 A2, A3 and A4; and		
	b.	easements or other title restrictions that limit or restrict development; and		
	cc re	kisting buildings are onsistent with the setback equired by clause 22.4.2 2, A3 and A4;		
(b)	b) be required for public use by the Crown, a council or a State authority;			
(c)) be required for the provision of Utilities; or			
(d) be for the consolidation of a lot with another lot provided each lot is within the same zone.				
22.5.1 –(A2)		\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.	
Each lot, or a proposed lot in a plan of subdivision, excluding those for public open				
space, a riparian or littoral reserve or Utilities must have a frontage of not less than 40m.				

22.5.1 –(A3)	\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
Each lot, or a lot proposed in a plan of subdivision, must be provided with a vehicular access from the boundary of the lot to a road in accordance with the requirements of the road authority.		
22.5.1 –(A4)	\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
No acceptable solution.		
22.5.1 –(P4)		
Each lot, or a lot proposed in a plan of		
subdivision, must be capable of		
accommodating an on-site wastewater management system adequate for the		
intended use and development of the land,		
which minimises any environmental impacts.		

CODES

CODES	NOT APPLICABLE	Applicable
C1.0 Signs Code	\boxtimes	
C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code		Refer to the Table below.
C3.0 Road and Railway Assets Code	\boxtimes	
C4.0 Electricity Transmission Infrastructure Protection Code	\boxtimes	
C5.0 Telecommunications Code	\boxtimes	
C6.0 Local Historic Heritage Code	\boxtimes	
C7.0 Natural Assets Code	\boxtimes	
C8.0 Scenic Protection Code	\boxtimes	
C9.0 Attenuation Code	\square	

C10.0 Coastal Erosion Hazard Code	\boxtimes	
C11.0 Coastal Inundation Hazard Code	\boxtimes	
C12.0 Flood-Prone Areas Hazard Code	\boxtimes	
C13.0 Bushfire-Prone Areas Code	\boxtimes	
C14.0 Potentially Contaminated Land Code	\boxtimes	
C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code		Refer to the Table below.
C16.0 Safeguarding of Airports Code	\boxtimes	

C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code

	CLAUSE		Comment
C2.5	Use Standards		
C2.5.1	Car parking numbers	Not applicable	Assessment
must be	-(A1) mber of on-site car parking spaces e no less than the number specified in C2.1, excluding if: the site is subject to a parking plan for the area adopted by council, in which case parking provision (spaces or cash-in-lieu) must be in accordance with that plan;		Compliant. There would be the provision for the 2 car parking spaces on the site in the form of the double carport proposed, in accordance with Table C2.1. (a)–(d) Does not apply.
(b)	the site is contained within a parking precinct plan and subject to Clause C2.7;		
(c)	the site is subject to Clause C2.5.5; or		
(d)	it relates to an intensification of an existing use or development or a change of use where:		

(i)	the number of on-site car parking spaces for the existing use or development specified in Table C2.1 is greater than the number of car parking spaces specified in Table C2.1 for the proposed use or development, in which case no additional on-site car parking is required; or	
(ii)	the number of on-site car parking spaces for the existing use or development specified in Table C2.1 is less than the number of car parking spaces specified in Table C2.1 for the proposed use or development, in which case on-site car parking must be calculated as follows:	
	N = A + (C- B)	
	N = Number of on-site car parking spaces required	
	A = Number of existing on site car parking spaces	
	B = Number of on-site car parking spaces required for the existing use or development specified in Table C2.1	
	C= Number of on-site car parking spaces required for the proposed use or development specified in Table C2.	

C2.5.2	Bicycle parking numbers	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.5.2-	-(A1)	\boxtimes	Not required for single dwellings.
Bicycle	parking spaces must:		
(c)	be provided on the site or within 50m of the site; and		
(d)	be no less than the number specified in Table C2.1.		
C2.5.3	Motorcycle parking numbers	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.5.3-	(A1)	\boxtimes	Not required for single dwellings.
	mber of on-site motorcycle parking for all uses must:		
(c)	be no less than the number specified in Table C2.4; and;		
(d)	if an existing use or development is extended or intensified, the number of on-site motorcycle parking spaces must be based on the proposed extension or intensification provided the existing number of motorcycle parking spaces is maintained.		
C2.5.4	- Loading bays	Not applicable	Assessment
	ng bay must be provided for uses with area of more than 1000m ² in a single		Proposal does not require a loading bay.
within	- Number of car parking spaces General Residential Zone and residential Zone	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.5.5- Within e the Ger	-(A1) existing non-residential buildings in neral Residential Zone and Inner ntial Zone, on-site car parking is not		Proposal is for a residential building.

			1	
(a)	Food Services uses up to 100m ² floor area or 30 seats, whichever is the greater; and			
(b)	General Retail and Hire uses up to 100m ² floor area, provided the use complies with the hours of operation specified in the relevant Acceptable Solution for the relevant zone.			
C2.6	Development Standards for Buildings	and Works		
C2.6.1	Construction of parking areas	Not applicable	Assess	sment
C2.6.1-	-(A1)		(a)	Compliant with condition.
(a)	be constructed with a durable all		(b)	Compliant with condition.
(b)	weather pavement; be drained to a public stormwater system, or contain stormwater on the site; and		(c)	Not applicable. Site is zoned Landscape Conservation.
(c)	excluding all uses in the Rural Zone, Agriculture Zone, Landscape Conservation Zone, Environmental Management Zone, Recreation Zone and Open Space Zone, be surfaced by a spray seal, asphalt, concrete, pavers or equivalent material to restrict abrasion from traffic and minimise entry of water to the pavement.			
C2.6.2 areas	Design and layout of parking	Not applicable	Assess	sment
C2.6.2-	-(A1)		(a)(i)	Compliant by (b).
-	, access ways, manoeuvring and		(a)(ii)	Compliant by (b).
	on spaces must either:		(a)(iii)	Compliant by (b).
(a)	comply with the following:(i) have a gradient in		(a)(iv)	Compliant by (b).
	accordance with Australian		(a)(v)	Compliant by (b).
	Standard AS 2890 – Parking		(a)(vi)	Compliant by (b).
	facilities, Parts 1-6;		(a)(vii)	Compliant by (b).

			1	
	(ii)	provide for vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward	(b) A1.2	Compliant with condition.
		direction where providing for more than 4 parking spaces;	(a)	Not applicable for this application.
	(iii)	have and access width not less than the requirements	(b)	Not applicable for this application.
		in Table C2.2;	(c)	Not applicable for this
	(iv)	have car parking space dimensions which satisfy the requirements in Table C2.3;		application.
	(v)	have a combined access and manoeuvring width adjacent to parking spaces not less than the requirements in Table C2.3 where there are 3 or more car parking spaces;		
	(vi)	have a vertical clearance of not less than 1m above the parking surface level; and		
	(vii)	excluding a single dwelling, be delineated by line marking or other clear physical means; or		
(b)		with Australian Standard AS Parking facilities, Parts 1-6.		
C2.6.2-	-(A1.2)			
		provided for use by persons nust satisfy the following:		
(d)		ted as close as practicable nain entry point to the l;		
(e)		rporated into the overall car sign; and		

 (f) be designed and constructed in accordance with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.6:2009 Parking facilities, Off-street parking for people with disabilities.¹ 		
¹ Requirements for the number of accessible car parking spaces are specified in part D3 of the <i>National Construction Code 2016</i>		
C2.6.3 Number of accesses for vehicles	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.6.3–(A1) The number of accesses provided for each frontage must: (a) be no more than 1; or (b) no more than the existing number of accesses whichever is the greater.		 (a) Compliant. The site has one access only. (b) Not applicable. Satisfied by (a).
C2.6.3–(A2) Within the Central Business Zone or in a pedestrian priority street no new access is provided unless an existing access is removed.		Site is zoned Landscape Conservation.
C2.6.4 Lighting of parking areas within the General Business Zone and Central Business Zone	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.6.4–(A1) In car parks within the General Business Zone and Central Business Zone, parking and vehicle circulation roads and pedestrian paths serving 5 or more car parking spaces, which are used outside daylight hours, must be provided with lighting in accordance with clause 3.1 "Basis of Design" and Clause 3.6 "Car parks" in Australian Standards/ New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1158.3.1:2005		Site is zoned Landscape Conservation.

		ds and public spaces Part 3.1: a (Category P) lighting –		
Perform	iance ai	nd design requirements.		
C2.6.5	Pedes	strian access	Not applicable	Assessment
C2.6.5- Uses th spaces	at requ	ire 10 or more car parking		Use does not require 10 or more car parking spaces.
(c)	separa parkin	a horizontal distance of 2.5m between the edge of the footpath and the access way or parking aisle; or protective devices such as		
		bollards, guard rails or planters between the footpath and the access way or parking aisle; and		
(d)	where	ned and line marked at points pedestrians cross access or parking aisles; and		
C2.6.5-	(A1.2)			
parking disabilit than 1.5 14 is ree	spaces y, a foo 5m and quired f	s containing accessible car for use by persons with a tpath having a width not less a gradient not steeper than 1 in rom those spaces to the main he building.		

C2.6.	6 Loading bays	Not applicable	Assessment
acces accord 2890 Parkir vehicl	6-(A1) rea and dimensions of loading bays and is way areas must be designed in dance with <i>Australian Standard AS</i> 2–2002 Parking Facilities Part 2: ing facilities- Off-street commercial de facilities, for the type of vehicles likely is the site.		Loading bays are not required.
the sit the sit with A Parkir	6-(A2) ype of commercial vehicles likely to use the must be able to enter, park and exit the in a forward direction in accordance Australian Standard AS2890. 2- 2002 ing Facilities Part 2: Parking facilities- reet commercial vehicle facilities.		Loading bays are not required.
C2.6.7	7 Bicycle parking and storage facilities within the General Business Zone and Central Business Zone	Not applicable	Assessment
-	7-(A1) le parking for uses that require 5 or more e spaces in Table C2.1 must:	\boxtimes	Site is zoned Landscape Conservation.
(e)	be accessible from a road, cycle path, bicycle lane, shared path or access way;		
(f)	be located within 50m from an entrance;		
(g)	be visible from the main entrance or otherwise signed; and		
(h)	be available and adequately lit during the times they will be used, in accordance with Table 2.3 of <i>Australian/New Zealand Standard</i> <i>AS/NZS 1158.3.1: 2005 Lighting for</i> <i>roads and public spaces - Pedestrian</i> <i>area (Category P) lighting -</i> <i>Performance and design</i> <i>requirements.</i>		

C2.6.7	-(A2)		\boxtimes	Site is	zoned	Landscape
Bicycle	e parking	spaces must:		Conservation.		
(a)	have o	dimensions not less than:				
	(i)	1.7m in length;				
	(ii)	1.2m in height; and				
	(iii)	0.7m in width at the handlebars;				
(b)	width o gradie a road	nobstructed access with a of not less than 2m and a nt not steeper than 5% from , cycle path, bicycle lane, d path or access way; and				
(c)	bicycle Standa	e a rail or hoop to lock a e that satisfies <i>Australian</i> ard AS 2890.3-2015 g facilities - Part 3: Bicycle g.				
C2.6.8						
52.0.0	Siting	of parking and turning areas	Not applicable	Assessment		
C2.6.8 Within Zone, I Zone o spaces garage located excludi	-(A1) an Inner Urban M or Genera s and vel es or cov d behind ing if a p	Residential Zone, Village ixed Use Zone, Local Business al Business Zone, parking nicle turning areas, including ered parking areas must be the building line of buildings, arking area is already provided uilding line.	Not applicable	Assessment Site is Conservation.	zoned	Landscape
C2.6.8 Within Zone o spaces garage located excludi in front C2.6.8	-(A1) an Inner Urban M or Genera s and vel es or cov d behind ing if a p t of the b -(A2) the Cent	Residential Zone, Village ixed Use Zone, Local Business al Business Zone, parking nicle turning areas, including ered parking areas must be the building line of buildings, arking area is already provided		Site is	zoned	Landscape
C2.6.8 Within Zone, I Zone o spaces garage located excludi in front C2.6.8 Within parking	-(A1) an Inner Urban M or Genera s and vel es or cov d behind ing if a p t of the b -(A2) the Cent g at grou have r unless	Residential Zone, Village ixed Use Zone, Local Business al Business Zone, parking nicle turning areas, including ered parking areas must be the building line of buildings, arking area is already provided uilding line.		Site is Conservation. Site is		

(f)	not result in parked cars being visible from public places in the adjacent roads.				
C2.7	C2.7 Parking Precinct Plan				
C2.7.1	Parking precinct plan	Not applicable	Assessment		
C2.7.1 Within must:	-(A1) a parking precinct plan, on-site parking	\boxtimes	Parking precinct plan does not apply to the development site.		
(c)	not be provided; or				
(d)	not be increased above existing parking numbers.				

C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code

CLAUSE	Comment			
C15.5 Use Standards				
C15.5.1 Use within a landslip hazard area	Not Applicable	Assessment		
A1 No Acceptable Solution.	\boxtimes	Residential use is not a critical, hazardous or vulnerable use.		
A2 No Acceptable Solution.	\boxtimes	Residential use is not a critical, hazardous or vulnerable use.		
A3 No Acceptable Solution.	\boxtimes	Residential use is not a critical, hazardous or vulnerable use.		
A4 No Acceptable Solution.	\boxtimes	Residential use is not a critical, hazardous or vulnerable use.		
C15.6 Development Standards for Buildings and Works				
C15.6.1 Building and works within a landslip hazard area	Not Applicable	Assessment		
A1 No Acceptable Solution.		Non-compliant. Refer to the "Issues" section of this report.		

C15.7.1 hazard a	Subdivision within a landslip area	Not Applicable	Assessment
A1		\boxtimes	Not a subdivision.
	, or a lot proposed in a plan of ion, within a landslip hazard area,		
vel	able to contain a building area, nicle access, and services, that are olly located outside a landslip hazard ea;		
	for the creation of separate lots for sting buildings;		
	required for public use by the Crown, council or a State authority; or		
(d) be	required for the provision of Utilities.		

SPECIFIC AREA PLANS	NOT APPLICABLE	Applicable
CCO-S1.0 Forth Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S2.0 Leith Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S3.0 Penguin Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S4.0 Revell Lane Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	
CCO-S5.0 Turners Beach Specific Area Plan	\boxtimes	

CCO CODE LISTS		
CCO-Table C3.1 Other Major Roads	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.	
CCO-Table C6.1 Local Heritage Places	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.	

CCO-Table C6.2 Local Heritage Precincts	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.3 Local Historic Landscape Precincts	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.4 Places or Precincts of Archaeological Potential	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C6.5 Significant Trees	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C8.1 Scenic Protection Areas	Not applicable to this application.
CCO-Table 8.2 Scenic Road Corridors	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Table C11.1 Coastal Inundation Hazard Bands AHD levels	Not applicable to this application.
CCO-Applied, Adopted or Incorporated Documents	This table is not used in this Local Provisions Schedule.
CCO-Site-Specific Qualifications	This table is used in this Local Provisions Schedule.

lssues –

1 Clause 22.4.2 Building height, siting and exterior finishes –

The proposed single dwelling satisfies all the Planning Scheme's Acceptable Solution setback requirements in relation to front, side and rear boundaries. Therefore the "siting" aspect of the above is compliant and not considered a discretionary aspect of the proposal.

As stated in the Planning Scheme's Clause 5.6.4, the planning authority may consider the relevant objective in an applicable standard to determine whether a use or development satisfies the Performance Criterion for that standard.

The Objective for the Planning Scheme's Clause 22.4.2 states that the building height, siting and exterior finishes:

- (a) protects the amenity of adjoining properties;
- (b) minimises the impact on the landscape values of the area; and
- (c) minimises the impact on adjoining agricultural uses.

Building height

The Planning Scheme's Acceptable Solution for Clause 22.4.2-(A1) states that building height must be not more than 6m. The proposed single dwelling, at the highest point, would be 9.1m due to the design of the single dwelling to be with the slope of the land and the irregular sections of high-pitched roof lines.

Therefore, the proposed development is discretionary and relies on an assessment against the applicable mandatory Performance Criteria.

The Planning Scheme's Performance Criteria for Clause 22.4.2-(P1) states that building height must be compatible with the landscape values of the site, having regard to:

(a) the height, bulk and form of proposed buildings;

Planner's comment: The design of the single dwelling is very unique (three sections), combined with the single dwelling being built to the slope of the land so as to minimise cut. The design results in varying heights, through spilt levels (southern section) and the irregular roof pitch over the three sections. The highest point of the single dwelling, when viewed on the north-east elevation (front), would be 9.1m. The middle section and southern section roof pitch would be approximately 6.6m. The walls of the single dwelling would have varying heights, ranging from 7.7m to 3m. Depending on which elevation and which section of the single dwelling you are looking at, this would influence whether the single dwelling would appear to be two-storey or single-storey in height. This design, that incorporates varying heights and slopes of the land, assists to reduce the height, bulk and form of the building.

(b) the height, bulk and form of existing buildings;

Planner's comment: There are no other buildings on the development site.

(c) the topography of the site;

Planners' comment: The site has a moderate slope upwards when entering from Clara Street for approximately 75m. It then has a greater slope up towards Burnett Crescent. Burnett Crescent is considerably higher than the development site. The topography of the development site means that the proposed single dwelling would be seen from land above, primarily by looking downslope from the properties along Burnett Crescent.

(d) the visual impact of the buildings when viewed from roads and public paces; and

Planner's comment: As the site has a long internal access and then curves south, the proposed single dwelling would not be as visible from Clara Street. There are no public places that surround the development site that would result in the public being able to view the proposed single dwelling.

The image below was provided with the application (drawn by Lachlan Walsh Design), showing the building perspective view from Clara Street. This view would be from the internal driveway access, rather than Clara Street.



(e) the landscape values of the surrounding area.

Planner's comment: There are no landscape values for the development site, or on the two immediate adjoining Landscape Conservation Zone sites. The surrounding area is dominated by built residential development in the General Residential Zone. Due to the topography of the site, the landscape view from the development site is primarily looking outwards, towards Bass Strait, and downslope, to a built-up residential area of West Ulverstone, primarily dominated by numerous roofs of residential buildings.

The photograph below was taken from the adjoining southern Landscape Conservation property (48 Clara Street, which was easier to access due to an internal driveway that has been constructed. The photograph shows the landscape views as discussed above.



Exterior finishes

The Planning Scheme's Acceptable Solution for Clause 22.4.2–(A5) states that exterior building finishes must have a light reflectance value not more than 40%, in dark natural tones of grey, green or brown.

The proposed single dwelling would have some dark colours but would also have multi-colour panel cladding on some of the building's exterior walls, primarily applied to the rear exterior of the building.

Therefore, the proposed development is discretionary and relies on an assessment against the applicable mandatory Performance Criteria.

The Planning Scheme's Performance Criteria for Clause 22.4.2–(P5) states that exterior building finishes must not cause an unreasonable loss of amenity to occupiers of adjoining properties or detract from the landscape values of the site or surrounding area, having regard to:

(a) the appearance of the building when viewed from roads or public places in the surrounding area;

Planner's comment: As the site has a long internal access strip and then curves south, the proposed single dwelling would not be as visible from Clara Street. There are no public places that surround the development site that would result in the public being able to view the proposed single dwelling. An analysis of the proposed single dwelling, when viewed from adjoining General Residential zoned properties, concludes that the appearance of the single dwelling, including its exterior finishes, would not cause an unreasonable loss of amenity to the occupiers of adjoining properties, or detract from the landscape values of the site or surrounding land. This is because, as outlined throughout this report, there are no landscape values to be attributed to the development site. The Landscape Conservation Zone has been applied to the land due to landslip hazard characteristics.

The surrounding area is dominated by General Residential Zone, developed for residential purposes. The visual landscape of the surrounding area would be either residential buildings, or a combination of residential buildings and distant views of Bass Strait. It is acknowledged that, for properties who are the development hiaher than site, namely along Burnett Crescent and overlooking the development site, occupiers would notice a change in the visual amenity across the site, when looking downslope. The view would change from an open, grassed vacant area of land, to include the proposed single dwelling. However, this would not be different to the other numerous single dwellings that can be seen from these higher elevation properties. Due to the slope of the land in this area, the view to Bass Strait would not much alter, if at all.

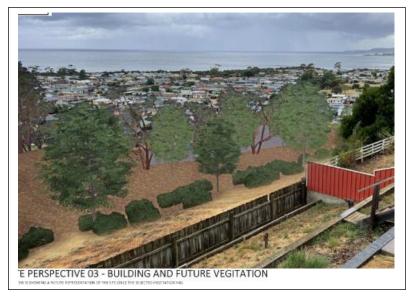
(b) any screening vegetation; and

Planner's comment: As part of the application, the plans included several site perspectives of the proposed single dwelling. They include visual perspectives from the entrance of the site off Clara Street, and from 7 Burnett Crescent.

As shown in the site perspective sheet No. 03 (refer to Annexure 2), the proposal would include some selected vegetation to be planted along the southern side of the development site. This would assist with "screening" the proposed single dwelling. It is also considered good hillside practice regarding landslip hazard management.

To assist in screening and good hillside management, a condition is to be applied to the Planning Permit requiring a landscape plan be submitted for revegetation of the southern area of the site, detailing the location, species and timing of vegetation to be planted.

Refer to image below that shows a "snip-it" of the proposed vegetation screening, as seen in the site perspective image.



(c) the nature of the exterior finishes.

Planner's comment: Part of the proposed exterior finishes includes multi-colour panels. Predominantly, along the south-west elevation.

As discussed, the development site is surrounded primarily by residential development. From the development site and further upslope (Burnett Crescent), it is evident that the visual amenity of the residential area is dominated by many roofs, all of differing colours.

The proposed multi-colour panels, as seen in the plans submitted (refer to Annexure 2) and on the site perspective No. 2 image, would blend in with the downslope mixed colours of the residential area.

A site inspection, though on the immediate adjoining southern property (due to easier access to the site as an internal driveway has been constructed), can confirm the vast array of colours that can be seen when looking downslope. Even though the multi-colour panels are considered unique for a residential building, it is also considered that it would blend with the surrounding built residential area.

Refer to image below, that is a "snip-it" of how the proposed single dwelling and the multi-colour panels would look from 7 Burnett Crescent, West Ulverstone.



The image below was taken looking downslope from the adjoining southern property, that shows the array of roof colours in the residential area.



Conclusion: It is considered that the application has demonstrated compliance with the mandatory Performance Criterion in relation to building height and exterior finishes. Regarding the Objective for this

Clause, it is considered that the proposed single dwelling can satisfy Objective (a) as the single dwelling would protect the amenity of the adjoining properties which is dominated by residential development in the General Residential Zone. There are no landscape values identified on the site so Objective (b) is not applicable to this application.

Additionally, Objective (c) is also not applicable to the site, as the development site does not adjoin agricultural uses. The Objective regarding agricultural uses further supports the analysis that the Landscape Conservation Zone is more common on larger areas of heavy vegetation, closer to Rural and Agricultural Zones.

2 Reliance on C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code -

There are several exemptions under the Planning Scheme's Landslip Hazard Code. The construction of the single dwelling would be exempt from requiring assessment under the Planning Scheme as it can satisfy Clause C15.4.1(d) which states development on land within a low or medium landslip hazard band that requires authorisation under the *Building Act 2016*.

The proposed internal driveway would not satisfy any exemptions under this Code. Therefore, this Code is applicable to this proposal.

The Planning Scheme's Acceptable Solution for Clause C15.6.1 is in relation to building and works within a landslip hazard area. There is no Acceptable Solution for this Clause.

Therefore, the proposed development is discretionary and relies on an assessment against the applicable mandatory Performance Criteria.

The Planning Scheme's Performance Criteria for Clause C15.6.1 is broken into three parts.

Clause C15.6.1-P1.1 states that building and works within a landslip hazard area must minimise the likelihood of triggering a landslip event and achieve and maintain a tolerable risk from landslip, having regard to:

(a) the type, form, scale and intended duration of the development;

Planner's comment: Tasman Geotechnics provide a supporting statement for the application that references EAW Geo Services Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering recommendations report that was undertaken when the development site was created through a subdivision. The supporting statement outlines that the architectural drawings show that the proposed cut and fill batters associated with the driveways and parking areas comply with the requirements regarding cut and fill on the site. It is stated that the steep batters near retaining walls associated with the carport/workshop are acceptable, providing the batter is protected against erosion with vegetation (such as grass) or artificial protection (such as mulch, but could also be more resilient materials).

The statement concludes that apart from the retaining walls for the carport/workshop, the proposed single dwelling otherwise appears to minimise earthworks, which is considered desirable from a landslip stability perspective.

(b) whether any increase in the level of risk from a landslip requires any specific hazard reduction or protection measures;

Planner's comment: Some requirements are noted in the conclusion of the Tasman Geotechnics statement. This statement and the accompanying EAW Geo Services Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering Recommendation report will form part of this Permit.

(c) any advice from a State authority, regulated entity or a council;

Planner's comment: The Council relies on advice from a suitably qualified person, who in this case is Tasman Geotechnics.

(d) the advice contained in a landslip hazard report.

Planner's comment: Some requirements are noted in the conclusion of the Tasman Geotechnics statement. This statement and the accompanying EAW Geo Services Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering Recommendation report will form part of this Permit.

Clause C15.6.1-P1.2 states that a landslip hazard report also demonstrates that the buildings and works do not cause or contribute to landslip on the site, on adjacent land or public infrastructure.

Planner's comment: As discussed above, the Tasman Geotechnics statement outlines that the architectural drawings show that the proposed cut and fill batters associated with driveways and parking

areas comply with requirements regarding cut and fill on the site. The statement further states that the steep batters near retaining walls associated with the carport/workshop are acceptable, providing the batter is protected against erosion with vegetation (such as grass) or artificial protection (such as mulch, but could also be more resilient materials).

The statement concludes that apart from the retaining walls for the carport/workshop, the proposed single dwelling otherwise appears to minimise earthworks, which is considered desirable from a landslip stability perspective.

Clause C15.6.1-P1.3 states that if landslip reduction or protection measures are required beyond the boundary of the site, the consent in writing of the owner of that land must be provided for that land to be managed in accordance with the specific hazard reduction or protection measures.

Planner's comments: There would be no landslip reduction or protection measures required beyond the boundary of the development site.

Conclusion: It is considered that the application has demonstrated compliance with the mandatory Performance Criterion in relation to the Landslip Hazard Code. The supporting geotech statement and report were prepared by suitably qualified people. The statement will form part of this Permit which includes the geotech report.

Referral advice -

Referral advice from the various Departments of the Council and other service providers is as follows:

Service	Comments/Conditions
Environmental Health	Referral not required.
Building	Standard Note to apply to Permit.
Infrastructure Services	Conditions and Notes to apply to Permit.
TasWater	Referral not required.

Department of State Growth	Referral not required.
Environment Protection Authority	Referral not required.
TasRail	Referral not required.
Heritage Tasmania	Referral not required.
Crown Land Services	Referral not required.
Other	Referral not required.

CONSULTATION

In accordance with s.57(3) of the Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993:

- . a site notice was posted;
- . letters to adjoining owners were sent; and
- . an advertisement was placed in the Public Notices section of The Advocate.

Representations -

One representation was received during the public notification period. A copy of which is provided at Annexure 3.

The representation is summarised and responded to as follows:

	Representation				
	Matter Raised	Response			
1	External colour palette for the front and rear of the house does not respect and reflect the existing neighborhood character. It is shocking, ill- suited, incompatible and out of character for the site and area.	As discussed in the "Issues" section above, the character of the area is dominated by built residential development with an array of roofing colours evident when viewed from elevated areas. It is considered the application has demonstrated how the buildings			

		multi-colour panels would blend with the surrounding area colours. Please refer to comments made in the "Issues" section, Item No. 1 for further analysis regarding the proposed exterior cladding finishes and compatibility with the surrounding area.
2	The property at 46a Clara Street is surrounded by a spectacular "all natural" colour palette provided by flora and fauna, nature coloured landscaping, a stunning ocean and spectacular skyline.	It is agreed that the development site and the upslope adjoining properties have stunning ocean views of Bass Strait. The proposed single dwelling would not deter from this view. It is not considered that the development site is surrounded by an "all natural" colour palette. As seen in images throughout this report, the surrounding area is zoned General Residential with an array of colours. This is because the General Residential Zone does not include standards regarding the external finishes and colours of buildings. The development site has no vegetation of distinction, being primarily grassland, apart from a small area to the south-east corner. Both adjoining properties are also clear of vegetation.

		The image below shows the development site (middle) and two adjoining sites, all generally clear of vegetation.
3	The colour palette proposed is more suited to a commercial site looking to "stimulate/shock" clients such as McDonalds, Legoland, Ikea, Anaconda and/or Kindergarten Play Schools.	It is agreed that the multi-colour cladding panels are more commonly seen on buildings such as childcare centres and the like. However, it is believed that the application has demonstrated compliance with the Performance Criteria regarding the exterior finishes and that the multi- colour panels would blend with the established built residential area.
		"Issues" section, Item No. 1 for further analysis regarding the proposed exterior finishes.
4	Colour palette is not suitable for a residential situation.	Please refer to comments made in the "Issues" section, Item No. 1 for further analysis regarding the proposed exterior finishes.
5	Draw Council's attention to pages 24, 25, 26, 27 and 91 in Planning Permit DA2023052 to view the suggested exterior colour scheme.	Refer to Annexure 2, which includes all the application documentation.

6	If Council would recommend a more suitable colour palette to the owners of 46a Clara Street that would embrace nature and this	As the application has demonstrated compliance with the applicable Performance Criteria, it is not considered necessary to require a different exterior colour.
	natural landscape/location it would be greatly appreciated.	As shown in images above, the proposed multi-colour cladding panels would blend with the established built residential area that has an array of material colours.
		It is noted that the application includes vegetation screening which would, once fully grown, screen the proposed single dwelling from properties upslope, including the property at 7 Burnett Crescent. Landscaping would also be best hillside practice for the landslip area.
		Please refer to comments made in the "Issues" section, Item No. 1 for further analysis regarding the proposed exterior finishes, including images that show the proposed vegetation on the southern area of the site.
		A condition of the Permit will require submission of a vegetation planting plan.

RESOURCE, FINANCIAL AND RISK IMPACTS

The proposal has no likely impact on Council resources outside those usually required for assessment and reporting, and possibly costs associated with an appeal against the Council's determination should one be instituted.

CORPORATE COMPLIANCE

The Central Coast Strategic Plan 2014–2024 includes the following strategies and key actions:

The Environment and Sustainable Infrastructure

Develop and manage sustainable built infrastructure.

CONCLUSION

The representation received does not warrant refusal or modification of the proposed development for Residential – single dwelling. The proposal has demonstrated satisfactory compliance with the Planning Scheme's relevant Performance Criteria.

It is considered that there are no landscape values associated with the development site. The Landscape Conservation Zone was applied to the land due to landslip hazard characteristics, rather than any visual attributes usually associated with the Zone, such as vegetation cover.

The grant of a Permit, subject to conditions, is considered to be justified.

Recommendation -

It is recommended that the application for Residential – single dwelling – Building height, siting and exterior finishes and reliance on C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code at 46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone (DA2023052) be approved, subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The development must be substantially in accordance with the plans by Lachlan Walsh Design, Project No. 21–738, Page Nos. 01, 06, 07, 17, 18, 29, 31, 32 and 33 dated 5 December 2022.
- 2 The development must be substantially in accordance with the recommendations made in the Review of Landslide Risk Assessment Statement by Tasman Geotechnics, Reference No. TG22225/1 01 dated 9 February 2023.
- 3 All parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must:
 - (a) be constructed with a durable all-weather pavement; and
 - (b) be drained to the public stormwater system;
- 4 Two car parking spaces must be provided for the development and must comply with *Australian Standard AS 2890 – Parking facilities, Parts 1–6.*
- 5 The developer must provide a Vegetation Planting Plan by a suitably qualified person for the southern area of the site, to provide for good

hillside management of landslip land. The Vegetation Planting Plan must be approved by the Director Community Services, prior to the commencement of works on site. The Vegetation Planting Plan must detail the following:

- (a) location and spacing of vegetation to be planted on the site;
- (b) details of species of vegetation to be planted, including their final heights; and
- (c) scheduling of the vegetation to be planted.

Infrastructure Services

- 6 Existing crossover and driveway apron from Clara Street must be used as road access to the development.
- 7 Damage or disturbance to roads, stormwater infrastructures, footpaths, kerb and channel, nature strips or street trees resulting from activity associated with the development must be rectified to the satisfaction of the Council's Director Infrastructure Services and at the developer's cost.
- 8 Stormwater run-off from buildings and hard surfaces, including from vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas, must be collected and discharged to Council's stormwater infrastructure in accordance with the *National Construction Code 2019* and must not cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.
- 9 During works and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised against erosion, the developer must minimise on-site erosion and the release of sediment or sediment laden stormwater from the site and work areas in accordance with the 'Soil and Water Management on Standard Building and Construction Sites – Fact Sheet 2' published by the Environment Protection Authority.

Please Note:

- 1 A Planning Permit remains valid for two years. If the use and/or development has not substantially commenced within this period, an extension may be granted if a request is made before this period expires. If the Permit lapses, a new application must be made.
- 2 "Substantial commencement" is the submission and approval of engineering drawings and the physical commencement of

infrastructure works on the site, or an arrangement of a Private Works Authority or bank guarantee to undertake such works.

3 Prior to the commencement of work, the applicant is to ensure that the category of work for any proposed building, plumbing and/or demolition work is defined using the Determinations issued under the *Building Act 2016* by the Director of Building Control. Any notifications or permits required in accordance with the defined category of work must be attained prior to the commencement of work. It is recommended the Council's Building Permit Authority or a Building Surveyor be contacted should clarification be required.'

The report is supported."

The Executive Services Officer reports as follows:

"A copy of the Annexures referred to in the Town Planner's report having been circulated to all Councillors, a suggested resolution is submitted for consideration."

"That the application for Residential – single dwelling – Building height, siting and exterior finishes and reliance on C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code at 46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone (DA2023052) be approved, subject to the following conditions:

- 1 The development must be substantially in accordance with the plans by Lachlan Walsh Design, Project No. 21-738, Page Nos. 01, 06, 07, 17, 18, 29, 31, 32 and 33 dated 5 December 2022.
- 2 The development must be substantially in accordance with the recommendations made in the Review of Landslide Risk Assessment Statement by Tasman Geotechnics, Reference No. TG22225/1 - 01 dated 9 February 2023.
- 3 All parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must:
 - (a) be constructed with a durable all-weather pavement; and
 - (b) be drained to the public stormwater system;
- 4 Two car parking spaces must be provided for the development and must comply with *Australian Standard AS 2890 Parking facilities, Parts 1–6*.
- 5 The developer must provide a Vegetation Planting Plan by a suitably qualified person for the southern area of the site, to provide for good hillside management of landslip land. The Vegetation Planting Plan must be approved by the Director Community Services, prior to the commencement of works on site. The Vegetation Planting Plan must detail the following:

- (a) location and spacing of vegetation to be planted on the site;
- (b) details of species of vegetation to be planted, including their final heights; and
- (c) scheduling of the vegetation to be planted.

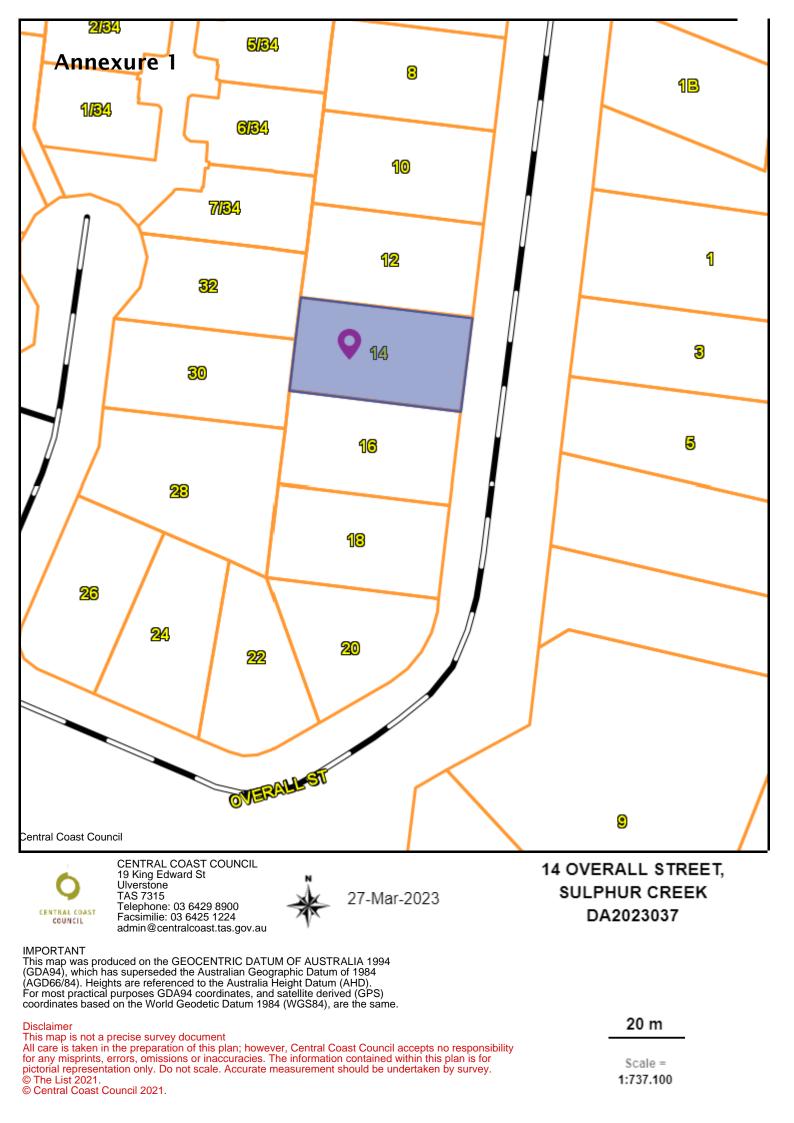
Infrastructure Services

- 6 Existing crossover and driveway apron from Clara Street must be used as road access to the development.
- 7 Damage or disturbance to roads, stormwater infrastructures, footpaths, kerb and channel, nature strips or street trees resulting from activity associated with the development must be rectified to the satisfaction of the Council's Director Infrastructure Services and at the developer's cost.
- 8 Stormwater run-off from buildings and hard surfaces, including from vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas, must be collected and discharged to Council's stormwater infrastructure in accordance with the *National Construction Code 2019* and must not cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.
- 9 During works and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised against erosion, the developer must minimise on-site erosion and the release of sediment or sediment laden stormwater from the site and work areas in accordance with the 'Soil and Water Management on Standard Building and Construction Sites – Fact Sheet 2' published by the Environment Protection Authority.

Please Note:

- A Planning Permit remains valid for two years. If the use and/or development has not substantially commenced within this period, an extension may be granted if a request is made before this period expires. If the Permit lapses, a new application must be made.
- 2 "Substantial commencement" is the submission and approval of engineering drawings and the physical commencement of infrastructure works on the site, or an arrangement of a Private Works Authority or bank guarantee to undertake such works.
- Prior to the commencement of work, the applicant is to ensure that the category of work for any proposed building, plumbing and/or demolition work is defined using the Determinations issued under the *Building Act 2016* by the Director of Building Control. Any notifications or permits required in accordance with the defined category of work must be attained prior to the commencement of work. It is recommended the Council's Building Permit Authority or a Building Surveyor be contacted should clarification be required."

Associated Reports And Documents



CENTRAL COAST

PO Box 220 19 King Edward Street Ulverstone Tasmania 7315 Tel (03) 6429 8900

admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au www.centralcoast.tas.gov.au

<mark>Carolyn Harris</mark>

Application for Planning

S.57 Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993

The following application has been received:

Application No.:	DA2023037
Location:	14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek
Proposal:	Residential - multiple dwellings x 2
Performance Criteria:	Residential density for multiple dwellings; Privacy for all dwellings and Reliance on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code

The application may be inspected at the Administration Centre, 19 King Edward Street, Ulverstone during Office hours and on the council's website: www.centralcoast.tas.gov.au. Any person may make representation in relation to the applications (in accordance with S.57(5) of the Act) by writing to the General Manager, PO Box 220, Ulverstone 7315 or by email to admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au and quoting the Application No. Any representations received by the Council are classed as public documents and will be made available to the public where applicable under the Local Government (Meeting Procedures) Regulations 2015.

The representation must be made on or before

18 April 2023

Date of Notification: 29 March 2023

CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL
PO Box 220
19 King Edward Street
ULVERSTONE TASMANIA 7315
Ph: (03) 6429 8900
Email: planning@centralcoast.tas.gov.au
www: centralcoast.tas.gov.au

	CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL
2	CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL LAND USE PLANNING

Received:

Doc ID:

Application No:

Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993

Tasmanian Planning Scheme – Central Coast

PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION

Zone:

Office use only:

Permit Pathway – NPR/Permitted/Discretionary

22/02/2023

DA2023037

445978

Use or Development Site:						
	14 Overall Street SULPHUR CREEK TAS 7316					
115230/5	115230/5					
615m ²	Heritage Liste	ed Property	N	ю <u>х</u>	YES	
Salvatore] Surname(s	Puglisi			
Cradle Coast Buildin	adle Coast Building Design		0478 59	7 417		
tory.ccbd@outlook.	rv.ccbd@outlook.com					
e correspondence and any relevan						
 if more than one owner 	, all names must be indic	ated)				
Charles + Charity		Middle Name	s(s _{Rosa}	les + Etull	e	
Caperida		Company nan	nલ્ if applica	ble)		
14 Overall Street SULPHUR CREEI	K TAS 7316					
	14 Overall Stre SULPHUR CRI 115230/5 615m² Salvatore Cradle Coast Buildir 25 Ashwater Cres PENGUIN TAS 73 tory.ccbd@outlook. correspondence and any relevar - if more than one owner Charles + Charity Caperida 14 Overall Street	14 Overall Street SULPHUR CREEK TAS 7316 115230/5 615m ² Heritage Lister Salvatore Cradle Coast Building Design 25 Ashwater Crescent PENGUIN TAS 7316 tory.ccbd@outlook.com - if more than one owner, all names must be indice Charles + Charity Caperida	14 Overall Street SULPHUR CREEK TAS 7316 115230/5 615m ² Heritage Listed Property Salvatore Salvatore Cradle Coast Building Design Contact No: 25 Ashwater Crescent PENGUIN TAS 7316 tory.ccbd@outlook.com correspondence and any relevant information regarding your application via email. - if more than one owner, all names must be indicated) Charles + Charity Middle Name Caperida Company name 14 Overall Street	14 Overall Street SULPHUR CREEK TAS 7316 115230/5 615m ² Heritage Listed Property Salvatore Surname(s Puglisi Cradle Coast Building Design Contact No: 0478 59 25 Ashwater Crescent PENGUIN TAS 7316 tory.ccbd@outlook.com correspondence and any relevant information regarding your application via email. - if more than one owner, all names must be indicated) Charles + Charity Middle Names(s Caperida Company name(if applica 14 Overall Street	14 Overall Street SULPHUR CREEK TAS 7316 115230/5 615m ² Heritage Listed Property NO X Salvatore Salvatore Cradle Coast Building Design Contact No: 0478 597 417 25 Ashwater Crescent PENGUIN TAS 7316 tory.ccbd@outlook.com correspondence and any relevant information regarding your application via email. - if more than one owner, all names must be indicated) Charles + Charity Middle Names(s Rosales + Etull Caperida 14 Overall Street	

PERMIT APP	LICATION INFORMATION	(If insufficient space for proposed use an separate documents)	d development, please attach
	ose or manner for which land is utilised.		
Proposed Use: Proposed Use	Residential dwelling]
Use Class Office use only]
buildings and strue Proposed Development separating A4	the works required to facilitate the proposed octures, signs, any change in ground level and relopment (please submit all docun documents & forms from A3 docum of an additional residential dwelling	d the clearing of vegetation. nentation in PDF format to plannin	

Value of the development – (to include all works on site such as outbuildings, sealed driveways and fencing)		
350,000 Estimate Actual		
Total floor area of the development		

Declaration of Notice to Landowner	
If land is NOT in the applicant's ownership	
I Salvatore Puglisi , declare that the owner/each of the owners of the intention to make this permit application under section 52(1) of the Land Use I	
Signature of Applicant If the application involves land within a Strata Corporation	Date 22.02.2023
in the application involves land within a Strata Corporation	
I , declare that the owner/each of the owners of the notified of the intention to make this permit application.	e body corporation has been
Signature of Applicant	Date

If the application involves land owned or administered by the CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL		
Central Coast Council consents to the making of this permit application.		
General Managers Signature	Date	
If the permit application involves land owned or administered by the CROWN		
l,	_the Minister	
responsible for the land, consent to the making of this permit application	on.	
Minister (Signature)	Date	

NB: If the site includes land owned or administered by the Central Coast Council or by a State government agency, the consent in writing (a letter) from the Council or the Minister responsible for Crown land must be provided at the time of making the application - and this application form must be signed by the Council or the Minister responsible.

Applicants Declaration	
I/ weSalvatore Puglisi – Cradle Coast Building Design declare that the information I have given in this permit application to be true a my knowledge.	and correct to the best of
Signature of Applicant/s	Date22.02.2023

Office Use Only	
Planning Permit Fee	\$
Public Notice Fee	\$
Permit Amendment / Extension Fee	\$
No Permit Required Assessment Fee	\$
TOTAL	\$
Validity Date	



RESULT OF SEARCH

RECORDER OF TITLES

Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980



SEARCH OF TORRENS TITLE

SEARCH	DATE	:	15-Nov-2022	
SEARCH	TIME	:	02.45 PM	

CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL LAND USE PLANNING			
Recei	ved:	22/02/2023	
Applic	cation No:	DA2023037	
Doc II	D:	445979	

SEARCH OF TORRENS TILLE		
VOLUME	FOLIO	
115230	5	
EDITION 6	DATE OF ISSUE 24-Nov-2021	

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Parish of ASHWATER, Land District of DEVON Lot 5 on Plan 115230 Derivation : Part of Lot 6064 Gtd. to M. Ellis Prior CT 3629/30

SCHEDULE 1

M851654 TRANSFER to CHARLES ROSALES CAPERIDA and CHARITY ETULLE CAPERIDA Registered 19-Nov-2020 at 12.01 PM

SCHEDULE 2

Reservations and conditions in the Crown Grant if any RESERVING TO Duncan McPhail his executors administrators and assigns for the term of 60 years from 23rd November, 1900 the rights and powers relating to mines and minerals as the same are more fully set forth in Certificate of Title Volume 733 Folio 42. BENEFITING EASEMENT the right of the Purchaser his successors and assigns and all other the future registered proprietors of the said piece of land or any portion thereof and their agents tenants servants and workmen to convey by means of pipes along the strip of land marked "Water Right" on Plan No. 115230 to the said piece of alnd such quantity of water as shall reasonably be required for agricultural market-gardening house-hold and all other and usual purposes in connection with the use and enjoyment of the said piece of land or any portion thereof. BENEFITING EASEMENT the right to make lay cleanse repair and maintain such pipes as may reasonably be required along the said strip of land and on completion of such work to restore the surface of the said strip of land to its former condition or as near thereto as shall be reasonably possible with power at any time to enter upon the balance of land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 637 Folio 73 for such purpose and for any other purpose necessary to ensure

RESULT OF SEARCH

RECORDER OF TITLES

Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980



the commencement maintenance and continuity of supply of water through the said pipe lines provided always that the said right shall be exercised in such a way as not to endanger or substantially interfere with the supply of water to the dam erected by J. Overall Proprietary Limited on the Creek shown on Plan No. 115230.

- BENEFITING EASEMENT the right for the Purchaser his successors and assigns and all other the future registered proprietors of the said piece of land or any portion thereof and his or their agents tenants servants and workmen to convey by means of pipes along and under the strip of land marked F.G.H. on Plan No. 115230 such quantity of water shall be reasonably required for domestic and other usual purposes in connection with the use and enjoyment of the said piece of land or any portion thereof together with the right to lay cleanse repair renew and maintain such pipes as may reasonably to required along or under the said strip of land marked F.G.H. and for that purpose to enter thereon making good all damage to the surface thereof occasioned by such entry.
- BENEFITING EASEMENT a right of drainage over the Drainage Easement marked A.B. and X.Y.Z. on Plan No. 115230.
- BURDENING EASEMENT a right of drainage (appurtenant to Lots 6 and 7 shown on Plan No. 115230) over the Drainage Easement marked W.X. on Plan No. 115230.
- A9582 FENCING CONDITION in Transfer
- E280737 MORTGAGE to Westpac Banking Corporation Registered 24-Nov-2021 at 12.01 PM

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS AND NOTATIONS

NOTICE: This folio is affected as to amended easements pursuant to Request to Amend No. E39627 made under Section 103 of the Local Government (Building and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1993. Search Sealed Plan No. 170746 Lodged by SHIELDS HERITAGE - L on 23-Mar-2016 BP: E39627

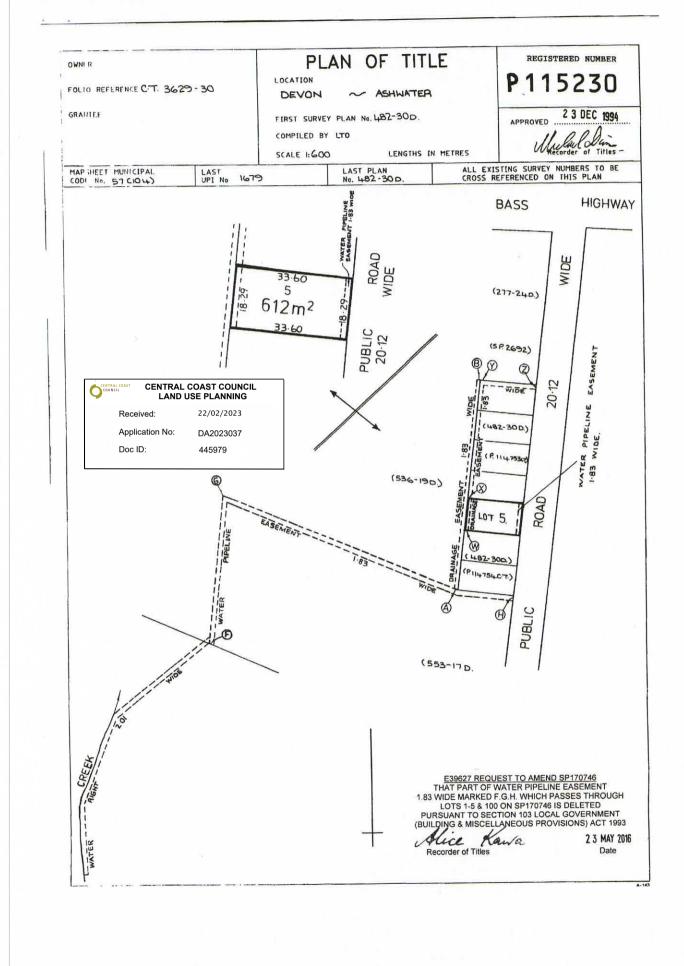


FOLIO PLAN

RECORDER OF TITLES

Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980





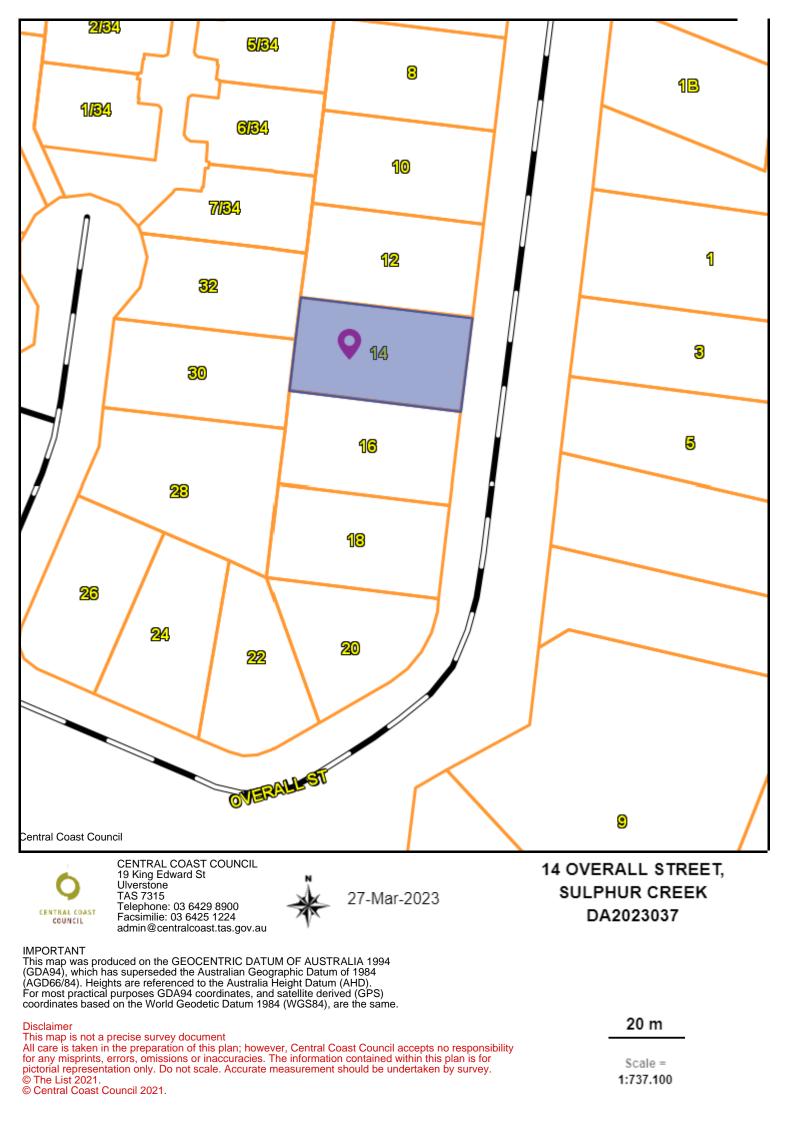
Search Time: 02:45 PM

Volume Number: 115230

Revision Number: 02

Page 1 of

www.thelist.tas.gov.



Date: 22.02.2023 Ref: 22.010.RP01_Planning Report



COUNCIL		COAST COUNCIL USE PLANNING
Receiv	ved:	22/02/2023
Applic	ation No:	DA2023037
Doc IE	D:	445980

planning application

planning scheme provisions

proposed dwelling 14 overall street sulphur creek

architectural design sustainable design creative design

25 ashwater crescent penguin tasmania 7316

t: 0478 597 417 e: cradlecoastbuildingdesign@outlook.com w: fb.com/cradlecoastbuildingdesign

better living through better design

abn: 66 695 005 761

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Author: smp Reviewed: smp Last Issue: xx.02.2023

1. introduction

CRADLE COAST BUILDING DESIGN have been engaged to prepare a planning application for the development of an additional dwelling at 14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek. The proposed development comprises an additional dwelling of approximately 185m² gross floor area.

1.1 land identification

- Title No.
- Lot 5, SP115230
- Street Address:
- Zone:

14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek 8.0 General Residential

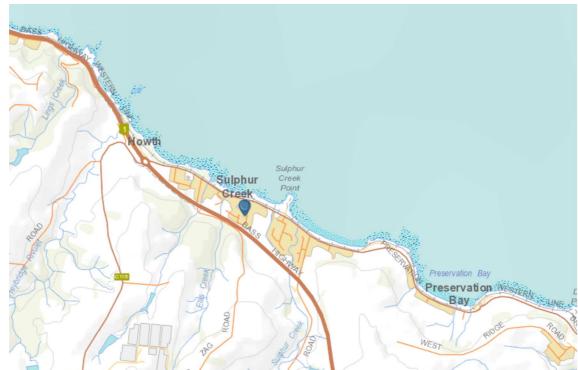


figure 1: site location (source: thelist.tas.gov.au)

1.2 site description

The property is located within the town of Sulphur Creek, on the western side of Overall Street. It is approximately 615m² in area. It has an 18.3m (approx.) frontage to Turners Avenue, and is 33.6m deep. The ground is effectively flat.

There is an existing dwelling and mostly detached garage and ancillary garden sheds on the site. These existing dwelling will be retained; the garage and ancillary garden sheds will be demolished

1.3 surrounding area

The subject site is located centrally in a predominantly residential area of Sulphur Creek. The subject site is bounded by properties on all sides (excluding the street frontage) which contain 1 and 2 storey dwellings. There is a multiple dwelling development in the vicinity to the north east accessed via Overall Street. And there are bus stops at the nearby intersection of Overall Street with Preservation Drive to the north.

1.4 proposed development

The proposed development is for one additional dwelling, demolition of existing garage, sheds + ancillary structures. Driveway and vehicle turning areas will also be provided; the existing driveway + parking areas will be modified to provide additional parking + access, while intending to improve the aesthetics and landscaping visible from the frontage. The residence consists of living areas, 3 bedrooms and associated wet areas, and a double garage. Refer to drawings 22.010.da01 – da11 for further description of the proposed works.

2. planning scheme provisions

The site of the proposed development falls within the provisions of the *Tasmanian Planning Scheme (TPS)* and the *Central Coast Local Provisions Schedule* (effective 27 October 2021). Relevant general provisions of the planning scheme are addressed as follows:

2.1 zoning

The site is located in **Zone 8.0: General Residential** as shown in Figure 2 below and is bounded by similarly zoned land to the north, west, south and east.



figure 2: site zoning (source: thelist.tas.gov.au)

8.2 use table

The proposed development is **Residential**, for which a permit is not required.

2.2 development standards

8.4.1 Residential density for multiple dwellings

Objective		
That the density of multiple dwellings:		
(a) makes efficient use of land for housing; a		
(b) optimises the use of infrastructure and co	ommunity services.	
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria	
A1	P1	
Multiple dwellings must have a site area per dwelling of not less than 325m².	 Multiple dwellings must only have a site area per dwelling that is less than 325m², if the development will not exceed the capacity of infrastructure services and: (a) is compatible with the density of existing development on established properties in the area; or (b) provides for a significant social or 	

community benefit and is: (I) wholly or partly within 400m walking distance of a public transport stop; or (ii) wholly or partly within 400m walking distance of an Inner Residential Zone, Village Zone, Urban
Residential Zone, Village Zone, Urban
Mixed Use Zone, Local Business
Zone, General Business Zone, Central
Business Zone or Commercial Zone.

Proposed

P1: The total site area is 615m². The total number of dwelling units proposed, including new + existing, is two (2). Therefore the proposed site area per dwelling is **307.5m²**. The site has existing connections to reticulated water supply, sewer + stormwater, which on similar scaled projects in the Central Coast LGA have demonstrated that they do not exceed the capacity of those existing services.

P1(b): The addition of a dwelling to this site will help reduce the need for the future expansion of the Sulphur Creek urban area, with all its additional infrastructure requirements, and reduce the need to impinge on agricultural land in the long term, and increase the feasibility of nearby public transport routes.

There are existing bus stops (stops 2619 + 2741) servicing current public bus routes located on Preservation Drive, near the intersection with Overall Street. These stops are located no more than about **250m** from the subject site, which is less than the performance criteria requirement.

8.4.2 Setbacks and building	envelope for all dwellings

Objective	
The siting and scale of dwellings: (a) provides reasonably consistent separation between dwellings and their frontage within a street;	
 (b) provides consistency in the apparent scale, bulk, massing and proportion of dwellings; (c) provides separation between dwellings on adjoining properties to allow reasonable opportunity for daylight and sunlight to enter habitable rooms and private open space; and (d) provides reasonable access to sunlight for existing solar energy installations. 	
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A1 Unless within a building area on a sealed plan, a dwelling, excluding garages, carports and protrusions that extend not more than 0.9m into the frontage setback, must have a setback from a frontage that is: (a) if the frontage is a primary frontage, not less than 4.5m, or, if the setback from the primary frontage is less than 4.5m, not less than the setback, from the primary frontage, of any existing dwelling on the site; (b) if the frontage is not a primary frontage, not less than 3m, or, if the setback from the frontage is less than 3m, not less than the setback, from the primary frontage, of any existing dwelling on the site; (c) if for a vacant site and there are existing dwellings on adjoining properties on the same street, not more than the greater, or less than the lesser, setback for the equivalent frontage of the dwellings on the same street; or 	P1 A dwelling must have a setback from a frontage that is compatible with the streetscape, having regard to any topographical constraints.

(d) if located above a non-residential use at ground floor level, not less than the setback from the frontage of the ground floor level.	
---	--

Proposed

A1(a): The proposed dwelling is setback from the Overall Street frontage by 19.8m

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A2 A garage or carport for a dwelling must have a setback from a primary frontage of not less than: (a) 5.5m, or alternatively 1m behind the building line; (b) the same as the building line, if a portion of the dwelling gross floor area is located above the garage or carport; or (c) 1m, if the existing ground level slopes up or down at a gradient steeper than 1 in 5 for a distance of 10m from the frontage. 	P2 A garage or carport for a dwelling must have a setback from a primary frontage that is compatible with the setbacks of existing garages or carports in the street, having regard to any topographical constraints.

Proposed

A2(a): The proposed garage is setback from the Overall Street frontage by 19.8m

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A3	P3
A dwelling, excluding outbuildings with a	The siting and scale of a dwelling must:
building height of not more than 2.4m and	(a) not cause an unreasonable loss of
protrusions that extend not more than 0.9m horizontally beyond the building envelope,	amenity to adjoining properties, having regard to:
must:	(i) reduction in sunlight to a habitable
 (a) be contained within a building envelope determined by: 	room (other than a bedroom) of a dwelling on an adjoining property;
(i) a distance equal to the frontage	(ii) overshadowing the private open
setback or, for an internal lot, a distance of 4.5m from the rear	space of a dwelling on an adjoining property;
boundary of a property with an	(iii) overshadowing of an adjoining
adjoining frontage; and	vacant property; and
(ii) projecting a line at an angle of 45	(iv) visual impacts caused by the
degrees from the horizontal at a	apparent scale, bulk or proportions
height of 3m above existing ground	of the dwelling when viewed from an
level at the side and rear boundaries	adjoining property;
to a building height of not more than	(b) provide separation between dwellings
8.5m above existing ground level; and	on adjoining properties that is
(b) only have a setback of less than 1.5m	consistent with that existing on
from a side or rear boundary if the	established properties in the area; and
dwelling:	(c) not cause an unreasonable reduction in
(i) does not extend beyond an existing	sunlight to an existing solar energy
building built on or within 0.2m of the	installation on:
boundary of the adjoining property; or	(i) an adjoining property; or
(ii) does not exceed a total length of 9m	(ii) another dwelling on the same site.
or one third the length of the side	
boundary (whichever is the lesser).	

Proposed

A3a): It is intended that the proposed dwelling is contained within the building envelope defined

in this Acceptable Solution to this clause. As such, the front setback is as per the clauses above, and the setbacks from the side and rear boundaries is to be no less than **1.5m**, and the and the built form is to sit within the projecting 45 degree angle planes.

If any modification of the design is required to achieve compliance with the acceptable solution of this clause, then modification will be made to the design of the proposed building.

Refer drawings 22.020.da04 – da07 plans + elevations.

8.4.3 Site coverage and private open space for all dwellings

Objective

- That dwellings are compatible with the amenity and character of the area and provide:
- (a) for outdoor recreation and the operational needs of the residents;
- (b) opportunities for the planting of gardens and landscaping; and
- (c) private open space that is conveniently located and has access to sunlight.

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A1 Dwellings must have: (a) a site coverage of not more than 50% (excluding eaves up to 0.6m wide); and (b) for multiple dwellings, a total area of private open space of not less than 60m² associated with each dwelling, unless the dwelling has a finished floor level that is entirely more than 1.8m above the finished ground level (excluding a garage, carport or entry foyer). 	 P1 Dwellings must have: (a) site coverage consistent with that existing on established properties in the area; (b) private open space that is of a size and with dimensions that are appropriate for the size of the dwelling and is able to accommodate: (l) outdoor recreational space consistent with the projected requirements of the occupants and, for multiple dwellings, take into account any common open space provided for this purpose within the development; and (ii) operational needs, such as clothes drying and storage; and (c) reasonable space for the planting of gardens and landscaping.

Proposed

A1(a): Site coverage as follows:

Site area:	614.5m ²
Unit 1 (existing):	98.8m²
Unit 2 (proposed):	108.7m²
Total coverage:	207.5m ²
_	

Percentage coverage: 33.8%

A1(b): Total area of private open space for each dwelling as follows:

Unit 1 (existing):	102.4m ²
Unit 2 (proposed):	78.8m ²

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A2	P2
A dwelling must have private open space	A dwelling must have private open space that
that:	includes an area capable of serving as an
(a) is in one location and is not less than:	extension of the dwelling for outdoor
(i) 24m² or	relaxation, dining, entertaining and children's
(ii) $12m^2$, if the dwelling is a multiple	play and is:
dwelling with a finished floor level that	(a) conveniently located in relation to a
is entirely more than 1.8m above the	living area of the dwelling; and

finished ground level (excluding a	(b) orientated to take advantage of sunlight.
garage, carport or entry foyer);	
(b) has a minimum horizontal dimension of	
not less than:	
(i) 4m; or	
(ii) 2m, if the dwelling is a multiple	
dwelling with a finished floor level that	
is entirely more than 1.8m above the	
finished ground level (excluding a	
garage, carport or entry foyer);	
(c) is located between the dwelling and the	
frontage only if the frontage is orientated	
between 30 degrees west of true north	
and 30 degrees east of true north; and	
(d) has a gradient not steeper than 1 in 10.	

Proposed

A2(a): Main areas of private open space as follows

Unit 1 (existing):	51.7m ²
Unit 2 (proposed):	31.0m ²

A2(b): Minimum horizontal dimension of main areas of private open space as follows

Unit 1 (existing):	6.0m
Unit 2 (proposed):	5.4m

A2(d): The subject site is effectively flat, that is, of less than 1:10 gradient, in its entirely.

P2(a): Unit 1 (existing): The proposed main area of private open space is generally located diagonally adjacent to the main living room of the existing dwelling. The largest and main windows of the existing living room look directly onto the proposed main area of private open space for the existing dwelling.

P2(b): Unit 1 (existing): The proposed main area of private open space is generally located to the eastern side of the existing dwelling with its longer dimension in an east-west direction. This will provide maximum sunlight access during all morning hours and a reasonably significant proportion of afternoon hours as well.

Unit 2 (proposed): The main area of private open space is *not* located between the dwelling and the frontage, and thus should be compliant with the acceptable solution.

8.4.4 Sunlight to private open space of multiple dwellings

Objective That the separation between multiple dwellings provides reasonable opportunity for sunlight to private open space for dwellings on the same site.	
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A1 A multiple dwelling, that is to the north of the private open space of another dwelling on the same site, required to satisfy A2 or P2 of clause 8.4.3, must satisfy (a) or (b), unless excluded by (c): (a) the multiple dwelling is contained within a line projecting (see Figure 8.4): (i) at a distance of 3m from the northern edge of the private open space; and (ii) vertically to a height of 3m above existing ground level and then at an angle of 45 degrees from the horizontal; (b) the multiple dwelling does not cause 50% 	<i>P1</i> A multiple dwelling must be designed and sited to not cause an unreasonable loss of amenity by overshadowing the private open space, of another dwelling on the same site, which is required to satisfy A2 or P2 of clause 8.4.3 of this planning scheme.

of the private open space to receive less than 3 hours of sunlight between 9.00am and 3.00pm on 21st June; and (c) this Acceptable Solution excludes that part of a multiple dwelling consisting of: (i) an outbuilding with a building height not more than 2.4m; or (ii) protrusions that extend not more than 0.9m horizontally from the multiple dwelling.

Proposed

A1: The proposed dwelling is located generally to the west of the existing dwelling. As such, this clause should not apply to the proposed development.

8.4.5 Width of openings for garages and carports for all dwellings

Objective	
To reduce the potential for garage or carport openings to dominate the primary frontage.	
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A1	P1
A garage or carport for a dwelling within 12m of a primary frontage, whether the garage or carport is free-standing or part of the dwelling, must have a total width of openings facing the primary frontage of not more than 6m or half the width of the frontage (whichever is the lesser).	A garage or carport for a dwelling must be designed to minimise the width of its openings that are visible from the street, so as to reduce the potential for the openings of a garage or carport to dominate the primary frontage.

Proposed

A1: The proposed garage is setback from the Overall Street frontage by **19.8m**. It also faces a side boundary and is approximately **5.4m** wide.

8.4.6 Privacy for all dwellings

Objective	
To provide a reasonable opportunity for privacy for dwellings.	
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A1 A balcony, deck, roof terrace, parking space, or carport for a dwelling (whether freestanding or part of the dwelling), that has a finished surface or floor level more than 1m above existing ground level must have a permanently fixed screen to a height of not less than 1.7m above the finished surface or floor level, with a uniform transparency of not more than 25%, along the sides facing a: (a) side boundary, unless the balcony, deck, roof terrace, parking space, or carport has a setback of not less than 3m from the side boundary; (b) rear boundary, unless the balcony, deck, roof terrace, parking space, or carport has a setback of not less than 4m from the rear boundary; and (c) dwelling on the same site, unless the balcony, deck, roof terrace, parking space, parking space, or carport has a setback of not less than 4m from the rear boundary; and (c) dwelling on the same site, unless the balcony, deck, roof terrace, parking space, or carport is not less than 6m: (i) from a window or glazed door, to a	 P1 A balcony, deck, roof terrace, parking space or carport for a dwelling (whether freestanding or part of the dwelling) that has a finished surface or floor level more than 1m above existing ground level, must be screened, or otherwise designed, to minimise overlooking of: (a) a dwelling on an adjoining property or its private open space; or (b) another dwelling on the same site or its private open space.

habitable room of the other dwelling	
on the same site; or	
(ii) from a balcony, deck, roof terrace or	
the private open space of the other	
dwelling on the same site.	

Proposed

A1(a): The proposed first floor deck is setback from the north side boundary by 5.4m.

A1(b): The proposed first floor deck is setback from the west rear boundary by 4.2m.

A1(c): The proposed first floor deck is setback from the existing dwelling to the east by 7.6m.

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A2	P2
 A2 A window or glazed door to a habitable room of a dwelling, that has a floor level more than 1m above existing ground level, must satisfy (a), unless it satisfies (b): (a) the window or glazed door: (i) is to have a setback of not less than 3m from a side boundary; (ii) is to have a setback of not less than 4m from a rear boundary; (iii) if the dwelling is a multiple dwelling, is to be not less than 6m from a window or glazed door, to a habitable room, of another dwelling on the same site; and (iv) if the dwelling is a multiple dwelling, is to be not less than 6m from the private open space of another dwelling on the same site. (b) the window or glazed door: (i) is to be offset, in the horizontal plane, not less than 1.5m from the edge of a window or glazed door, to a habitable room of another dwelling; (ii) is to have a sill height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level or have fixed obscure glazing extending to a height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level or have the floor level; or (iii) is to have a permanently fixed external screen for the full length of the window or glazed door, to a height of not less than 1.7m above floor level; with a uniform transparency of not more than 25%. 	 P2 A window or glazed door to a habitable room of a dwelling that has a floor level more than 1m above existing ground level, must be screened, or otherwise located or designed, to minimise direct views to: (a) a window or glazed door, to a habitable room of another dwelling; and (b) the private open space of another dwelling.

Proposed

A2(a)(i): The first floor windows on the north side of the proposed dwelling (*Bed 1*) are setback a minimum of about **7.2m** from the north side boundary.

The first floor windows on the south side of the proposed dwelling (*Play/Study*) are setback a minimum of just over **3.0m** from the south side boundary.

A2(a)(ii): The first floor window on the west rear of the proposed dwelling (Bed 1) is setback over 4.2m from the west rear boundary.

A2(a)(iv): The first floor window on the east of the proposed dwelling (*Bed 3*) is setback over **8.8m** from the private open space of the private open space of *Unit 1 (existing)*.

A2(b)(i): The offset in the horizontal plane between the closest edge of the upper floor window on the east of *Unit 2 (proposed) (Bed 3)* and the closed edge of the closest edge of the closest habitable room window of *Unit 1 (existing) (Kitchen)* is just over **1.8m**.

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A3 A shared driveway or parking space (excluding a parking space allocated to that dwelling) must be separated from a window, or glazed door, to a habitable room of a multiple dwelling by a horizontal distance of not less than: (a) 2.5m; or (b) 1m if: (l) it is separated by a screen of not less than 1.7m in height; or (ii) the window, or glazed door, to a habitable room has a sill height of not less than 1.7m above the shared driveway or parking space, or has fixed obscure glazing extending to a height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level.	P3 A shared driveway or parking space (excluding a parking space allocated to that dwelling), must be screened, or otherwise located or designed, to minimise unreasonable impact of vehicle noise or vehicle light intrusion to a habitable room of a multiple dwelling.

Proposed

P3: The distance between *Unit 1* (*existing*) and the existing boundary fence available for the driveway servicing *Unit 2* (*proposed*) is about 3.6m. To allow for a 3.0m wide driveway, only 0.6m is available as a separation buffer. As the driveway adjacent to *Unit 1* (*existing*) services only one dwelling, it is "technically" not a shared driveway, and should also have minimal traffic noise. Nevertheless, unreasonable impacts to the living/habitable areas of windows to the north side of *Unit 1* (*existing*) will be minimised as follows:

- Provide privacy screen to the windows to the north side of *Unit 1 (existing)*, up to a height of 1.7m above the existing ground line
- Replace the existing windows to the north side of *Unit 1 (existing)*, with double glazed, sound attenuating windows.
- Provide landscape planting to the 0.6m buffer zone between the proposed driveway and the north side of *Unit 1 (existing)*.

8.4.7 Frontage fences for all dwellings

Objective	
The height and transparency of frontag (a) provides adequate privacy and sec (b) allows the potential for mutual pass and (c) is reasonably consistent with that o	urity for residents; sive surveillance between the road and the dwelling;
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A1	P1
No Acceptable Solution.	A fence (including a free-standing wall) for a dwelling within 4.5m of a frontage must: (a) provide for security and privacy while allowing for passive surveillance of the road; and
	 (b) be compatible with the height and transparency of fences in the street, having regard to: (I) the topography of the site; and (ii) traffic volumes on the adjoining road.

Footnotes

[S5] An exemption applies for fences in this zone – see Table 4.6.

Table 4.6 Miscellaneous exemptions (part)

	Use or development	
4.6.3	fences within 4.5m of a frontage	 Fences (including free-standing walls) within 4.5m of a frontage, if located in: (a) the General Residential Zone, Inner Residential Zone, Low Density Residential Zone, Village Zone, Urban Mixed Use Zone, Local Business Zone, General Business Zone, Central Business Zone, Commercial Zone or any particular purpose zone, and if not more than a height of: (i) 1.2m above existing ground level if the fence is solid; or (ii) 1.8m above existing ground level, if the fence has openings above the height of 1.2m which provide a uniform transparency of at least 30% (excluding any posts or uprights)

Proposed

Table 4.6 4.6.3 (performance exemption): A fence providing privacy to the proposed private open space to *Unit 1 (existing)* is to be **1.7m** high above natural ground level. Where this proposed fence is located within 4.5m of the frontage boundary, the fence is to be a solid fence up to **1.2m** above the existing ground level, thence have a transparency of at least 30% above.

8.4.8 Waste storage for multiple dwellings

Objective	
To provide for the storage of waste and recycling	ng bins for multiple dwellings.
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A1 A multiple dwelling must have a storage area, for waste and recycling bins, that is not less than 1.5m² per dwelling and is within one of the following locations: (a) an area for the exclusive use of each dwelling, excluding the area in front of the dwelling; or (b) a common storage area with an impervious surface that: (i) has a setback of not less than 4.5m from a frontage; (ii) is not less than 5.5m from any dwelling; and (iii) is screened from the frontage and any dwelling by a wall to a height not less than 1.2m above the finished surface level of the storage area. 	 P1 A multiple dwelling must have storage for waste and recycling bins that is: (a) capable of storing the number of bins required for the site; (b) screened from the frontage and any dwellings; and (c) if the storage area is a common storage area, separated from any dwellings to minimise impacts caused by odours and noise.

Proposed

A1: Each dwelling is provided with a storage area for waste and recycling bins, minimum **1.5m**² in area each, and located generally to the rear of each dwelling. Refer drawing 22.101.da04.

2.3 codes

Responses to relevant codes are addressed as follows

C2.0 PARKING AND SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT CODE

C2.5.1 Car parking numbers

Objective	
That an appropriate level of car parking space	s are provided to meet the needs of the use.
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A1	P1.2
The number of on-site car parking spaces	The number of car parking spaces for
must be no less than the number specified in	dwellings must meet the reasonable needs of
Table C2.1, excluding if:	the use, having regard to:
(a) the site is subject to a parking plan for	(a) the nature and intensity of the use and car
the area adopted by council, in which	parking required;
case parking provision (spaces or cash-	(b) the size of the dwelling and the number of
in-lieu) must be in accordance with that	bedrooms; and
plan;	(c) the pattern of parking in the surrounding
(b) the site is contained within a parking	area.
precinct plan and subject to Clause C2.7;	
(c) the site is subject to Clause C2.5.5; or	
(d) it relates to an intensification of an	
existing use or development or a change	
of use where:	
<i>(i) the number of on-site car parking</i>	
spaces for the existing use or	
development specified in Table C2.1 is	
greater than the number of car parking	
spaces specified in Table C2.1 for the	
proposed use or development, in	
which case no additional on-site car	
parking is required; or	
(ii) the number of on-site car parking	
spaces for the existing use or	
development specified in Table C2.1 is	
less than the number of car parking	
spaces specified in Table C2.1 for the	
proposed use or development, in	
which case on-site car parking must	
be calculated as follows:	
N = A + (C - B)	
N = Number of on-site car parking	
spaces required	
A = Number of existing on site car	
parking spaces	
B = Number of on-site car parking	
spaces required for the existing	
use or development specified in	
Table C2.1	
C= Number of on-site car parking	
spaces required for the proposed	
use or development specified in	
Table C2.1.	

Use		Parking Space Requirements	
		Car	Bicycle
Residential	If a 2 or more bedroom dwelling in the General Residential Zone (including all rooms capable of being used as a bedroom)	2 spaces per dwelling	No requirement
	Visitor parking for multiple dwellings in the General Residential Zone	1 dedicated space per 4 dwellings (rounded up to the nearest whole number); or if on an internal lot or located at the head of a culdesac, 1 dedicated space per 3 dwellings (rounded up to the nearest whole number)	No requirement

Table Oz. I I alking Opace Requirements (part)	Table C2.1	Parking	Space	Requirements	(part)
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Proposed

There are two approaches to addressing the requirements for number of on-site car parking spaces, depending on how council determines the number of existing parking spaces on the site:

Approach 1: one existing parking space:

If council determines that the existing dwelling consists of 1 parking space, located in the existing garage to be demolished, then the acceptable solution A1 can be achieved thus:

A1(d)(ii): Calculation of required car parking spaces as follows:

A = 1 B = 2 (single dwelling) C = 5 N = A + (C - B) = 1 + (5 - 2) = 1 + 3= 4 spaces required.

There are 4 car parking spaces proposed to be located on site.

Approach 2: two existing parking spaces:

If council determines that the existing dwelling consists of 2 parking spaces, 1 being located in the existing garage to be demolished, and the other in tandem on the existing driveway accessing the existing garage, then the performance criteria P1 can be addressed thus:

P2: Calculation of required car parking spaces as follows:

Number of spaces required (from Table C2.1 Parking Space Requirements):

Number of spaces required per dwelling with 2 or more bedrooms:	2
Number of dwellings:	2
Total number of spaces required for dwellings:	4
Number of visitor spaces required (1 per 4 dwellings):	1
Total number of spaces required:	5

There are **4** car parking spaces proposed to be located on site. The 5th parking space, required for visitors, is proposed to be located at kerb-side on Overall Street, immediately in front of the subject site.

P2(a): The nature of the proposed development is residential, detached dwellings similar to development in the surrounding area. Usage patterns would be typical of that associated with general residential usage, and be of no significant effects on neighbouring properties, or on

existing street usage. The street appears to have low usage of kerbside parking. See Clause P2(c) below.

P2(b): Both the existing and proposed dwellings are 3 bedroom dwellings, typical as currently exists both on the subject site and surrounding area. Parking for both dwellings is provided onsite. Only 1 visitor parking space is required and this can easily be accommodated on the kerbside. See Clause P2(c) below.

P2(c): Recent on-site observations indicate the following:

- Kerbside parking, whilst amply available, is used minimally
- Many cars are parked either in the front yard, or on the verge between the kerb and the property boundary, rather than on the street, kerb-side.
- Some properties have hardened/paved parking spaces in the front yard, between the dwelling and the frontage boundary. Refer images below:



figure 3: overall street, looking south – at approx. 5:30pm 17.02.2023, showing "after work" parking regime. note: no cars parked on street, cars parked generally on front yards + verges, ample visitor parking available at kerb-side on street (source: author)



figure 4: overall street, looking norh – at approx. 5:30pm 17.02.2023, showing "after work" parking regime. note: no cars parked on street, cars parked generally on front yards + verges, ample visitor parking available at kerbside on street (source: author)



figure 5: nearby residence. note paved parking area between dwelling and street frontage, similar to that proposed in this application

It appears reasonable that the required visitor parking can be accommodated on Overall Street at the kerb-side in front of the subject property, without causing adverse effects to neighbouring properties, the subject property, or traffic movements along the street and in the surrounding area.

C2.5.2 Bicycle parking numbers

Objective That an appropriate level of bicycle parking sp	paces are provided to meet the needs of the
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A1 Bicycle parking spaces must: (a) be provided on the site or within 50m of the site; and (b) be no less than the number specified in Table C2.1. 	 P1.2 Bicycle parking spaces must be provided to meet the reasonable needs of the use, having regard to: (a) the likely number of users of the site and their opportunities and likely need to travel by bicycle; and (b) the availability and accessibility of existing and any planned parking facilities for bicycles in the surrounding area.

Proposed

A1(b): In accordance with Table C2.1 Parking Space Requirements, there is no requirement for bicycle parking spaces in this development.

	C2.5.3 Motorcy	ycle	parking	numbers
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Objective	
That the appropriate level of motorcycle parkin	g is provided to meet the needs of the use.
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A1	P1.2
 The number of on-site motorcycle parking spaces for all uses must: (a) be no less than the number specified in Table C2.4; and (b) if an existing use or development is extended or intensified, the number of onsite motorcycle parking spaces must be based on the proposed extension or intensification, provided the existing number of motorcycle parking spaces is maintained. 	 Motorcycle parking spaces for all uses must be provided to meet the reasonable needs of the use, having regard to: (a) the nature of the proposed use and development; (b) the topography of the site; (c) the location of existing buildings on the site; (d) any constraints imposed by existing development; and (e) the availability and accessibility of

Table C2.4 Motorcycle Parking Space Requirements (part)

Number of car parking spaces required for a use	Number of motorcycle parking spaces required for a use
0-20	No requirement

Proposed

A1(a): In accordance with *Table C2.4 Motorcycle Parking Space Requirements*, there is no requirement for motorcycle parking spaces in this development.

C2.6.1 Construction of parking areas

Objective	
That parking areas are constructed to an appro	opriate standard.
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
 A1 All parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must: (a) be constructed with a durable all weather pavement; (b) be drained to the public stormwater system, or contain stormwater on the site; and (c) excluding all uses in the Rural Zone, Agriculture Zone, Landscape Conservation Zone, Environmental Management Zone, Recreation Zone and Open Space Zone, be surfaced by a spray seal, asphalt, concrete, pavers or equivalent material to restrict abrasion from traffic and minimise entry of water to the pavement. 	 <i>P1</i> All parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must be readily identifiable and constructed so that they are useable in all weather conditions, having regard to: (a) the nature of the use; (b) the topography of the land; (c) the drainage system available; (d) the likelihood of transporting sediment or debris from the site onto a road or public place; (e) the likelihood of generating dust; and (f) the nature of the proposed surfacing.

Proposed

A1(a): The driveway + parking areas is to be constructed either of concrete or pavers.

A1(b): The driveway is to be drained to the existing stormwater system. Refer drawing 22.010.da10

A1(c): . Refer A1(a) above.

C2.6.2 Design and layout of parking areas

Objective That parking areas are designed and laid out to provide convenient, safe and efficient			
parking.			
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria		
 A1.1 Parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must either: (a) comply with the following: (i) have a gradient in accordance with Australian Standard AS 2890 - Parking facilities, Parts 1-6; (ii) provide for vehicles to enter and exit 	 <i>P1</i> All parking, access ways, manoeuvring and circulation spaces must be designed and readily identifiable to provide convenient, safe and efficient parking, having regard to: (a) the characteristics of the site; (b) the proposed slope, dimensions and layout; (c) useability in all weather conditions; 		

and the state of the second state of the secon	(a) we big to end a set of this set of file of file
providing for more than 4 parking	(d) vehicle and pedestrian traffic safety;
spaces;	(e) the nature and use of the development;
(iii) have an access width not less than the requirements in Table C2.2;	(f) the expected number and type of vehicles;
(iv) have car parking space dimensions	(g) the likely use of the parking areas by
which satisfy the requirements in Table	persons with a disability;
C2.3;	(h) the nature of traffic in the surrounding
(v) have a combined access and	area;
manoeuvring width adjacent to parking spaces not less than the requirements	(I) the proposed means of parking delineation: and
in Table C2.3 where there are 3 or	(j) the provisions of Australian Standard AS
more car parking spaces;	2890.1:2004 Parking facilities, Part 1:
(vi) have a vertical clearance of not less	Off-street car parking and AS 2890.2 -
than 2.1m above the parking surface	2002 Parking facilities, Part 2: Offstreet
level; and	commercial vehicle facilities.
(vii) excluding a single dwelling, be	
delineated by line marking or other	
clear physical means; or	
(b) comply with Australian Standard AS	
2890- Parking facilities, Parts 1-6.	
A1.2	
Parking spaces provided for use by persons	
with a disability must satisfy the following:	
(a) be located as close as practicable to the	
main entry point to the building;	
(b) be incorporated into the overall car park	
design; and	
(c) be designed and constructed in	
accordance with Australian/New Zealand	
Standard AS/NZS 2890.6:2009 Parking	
facilities, Off-street parking for people with disabilities. [S35]	
นเรลมแน่ธร. [555]	

Table C2.2 Internal Access Way Widths for Vehicles (part)

Number of parking spaces served	Internal access way widths	Passing bay dimensions for two-way traffic in addition to the access way width
1 to 5	A width not less than 3m.	2m wide by 5m long, plus entry and exit tapers, every 30m, unless on land within the Rural Zone, Agriculture Zone, Landscape Conservation Zone, Environmental Management Zone or Open Space Zone.

Table C2.3 Dimensions of Car Parking Spaces and Combined Access and Manoeuvring Space Adjacent to Parking Spaces

Angle of car spaces to manoeuvring space	Combined access and manoeuvring width	Car park widths	Car park length
Parallel	3.6m	2.3m	6.7 <i>m</i>
45 degrees	3.5m	2.6m	5.4m
60 degrees	4.9m	2.6m	5.4m
90 degrees	6.4m	2.6m	5.4m
90 degrees	5.8m	2.8m	5.4m
90 degrees	5.2m	3m	5.4m
90 degrees	4.8m	3.2m	5.4m

Proposed

A1.1(a)(i): The subject site is effectively flat.

A1.1(a)(ii): There are a maximum of 4 parking spaces on site; this sub-clause should not apply. However, provision is made for vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward direction. Refer drawings 20.010.da11

A1.1(a)(iii): The driveway that provides access to *Unit 2 (proposed)* is **3.0m** wide. The driveway is widened further between the frontage road access and the front of *Unit 1 (existing)* to provide an adequate turning area for vehicles accessing parking spaces for *Unit 1 (existing)* and a waiting bay.

A1.1(a)(iv)(v): Carparking + driveway access has been designed generally in accordance with *AS/NZS 2890.1* and the TPS. Carpark spaces, access + manoeuvring spaces for each unit meet or exceed the requirements of Table C2.3 of the Parking + Sustainable Transport Code and are dimensioned as follows:

Unit 1 (existing):

Car park length: Car park width: Combined access + manoeuvring width:	5.4m 2.6m 6.4m
<u>Unit 2 (proposed):</u>	
Car park length (garage):	6.0m
Car park width (garage):	3.0m
Combined access + manoeuvring width:	8.4m

A1.1(a)(vi): The double garage providing the required parking spaces for Unit 2 (proposed) has a ceiling + soffit heights of 2.4m above ground + garage floor level.

A1.1(a)(vil): Parking spaces for Unit 1 (existing) are to be delineated by painted linework or fixed proprietary plastic indicator studs as necessary.

A1.2: As per *National Construction Code: Clause D3.5 Accessible carparking*, Parking spaces for use by persons with a disability are not required.

C2.6.3 Number of accesses for vehicles

Objective	
That:	
 (a) access to land is provided which is safe an road network users, including but not limite and cyclists by minimising the number of v (b) accesses do not cause an unreasonable lo (c) the number of accesses minimise impacts 	ed to drivers, passengers, pedestrians rehicle accesses; oss of amenity of adjoining uses; and
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A1	P1
 The number of accesses provided for each frontage must: (a) be no more than 1; or (b) no more than the existing number of accesses, whichever is the greater. 	 The number of accesses for each frontage must be minimised, having regard to: (a) any loss of on-street parking; and (b) pedestrian safety and amenity; (c) traffic safety; (d) residential amenity on adjoining land; and (e) the impact on the streetscape.

Proposed

A1: The number of accesses provided to the street frontage remains at 1.

C7.0 NATURAL ASSETS CODE

C7.6.2 Clearance within a priority vegetation area

Objective	
That clearance of native vegetation within a	priority vegetation area
(a) does not result in unreasonable loss of pl	
(b) is appropriately managed to adequately p	
(c) minimises and appropriately manages im	
activities.	
Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria
A1	P1.1
Clearance of native vegetation within a	Clearance of native vegetation within a
priority vegetation area must be within a	priority vegetation area must be for:
building area on a sealed plan approved under this planning scheme.	(a) an existing use on the site, provided any clearance is contained within the
under uns planning scheme.	minimum area necessary to be cleared to
	provide adequate bushfire protection, as
	recommended by the Tasmania Fire
	Service or an accredited person;
	(b) buildings and works associated with the
	construction of a single dwelling or an associated outbuilding;
	(c) subdivision in the General Residential
	Zone or Low Density Residential Zone;
	(d) use or development that will result in
	significant long term social and economic
	benefits and there is no feasible
	alternative location or design;
	(e) clearance of native vegetation where it is
	demonstrated that on-going pre-existing management cannot ensure the survival
	of the priority vegetation and there is little
	potential for long-term persistence; or
	(f) the clearance of native vegetation that is
	of limited scale relative to the extent of
	priority vegetation on the site.
	<i>P1.2</i> Clearance of native vegetation within a
	priority vegetation area must minimise
	adverse impacts on priority vegetation,
	having regard to:
	(a) the design and location of buildings and
	works and any constraints such as
	topography or land hazards; (b) any particular requirements for the
	buildings and works;
	(c) minimising impacts resulting from bushfire
	hazard management measures through
	siting and fire-resistant design of habitable
	buildings;
	(d) any mitigation measures implemented to
	minimise the residual impacts on priority vegetation;
	(e) any on-site biodiversity offsets; and
	<i>(f)</i> any existing cleared areas on the site.

Proposed

There is no native vegetation on the subject site. As such, there will be no clearance of vegetation.

3. conclusion

This proposal seeks approval for a development an additional dwelling at 4 Turners Avenue, Turners Beach. The proposed development comprises an additional dwelling of approximately 218m² gross floor area, and provides a total of 5 parking spaces on site and on the street.

The design of the proposed development aims to complement the established built environment and desired outcomes of the planning scheme through appropriate massing and articulation of the architectural forms. The proposed development echoes the built forms, scale and context of the surrounding area of Turners Beach.

We trust that this development application satisfies the requirements of Central Coast Council.



client: caperida address: 14 overall street sulphur creek

25 ashwater crescent penguin tasmania 7316 0478 597 417 tory.ccbd@outlook.com abp: tory puglisi CC-1188C

on site before commencing construction or ordering materials. figured dimensions to be used in preference to scale; report any discrepancies. all work to be carried out in accordance with ncc, australian standards + building act 2000. drawing remains copyright of cradle coast building design.

proposed residence caperida 14 overall street sulphur creek

drawing schedule

drawing:	dwg no:	issue:
cover sheet	22.010 da01	А
location plan	22.010 da02	Α
site plan - existing/demolition	22.010 da03	Α
site plan - proposed	22.010 da04	Α
floor plans	22.010 da05	Α
elevations	22.010 da06	Α
elevations	22.010 da07	Α
3d views	22.010 da08	Α
hydraulics layouts - sewer + water	22.010 da09	Α
hydraulics layouts - stormwater	22.010 da10	Α
vehicle swept path layouts	22.010 da11	Α

planning application

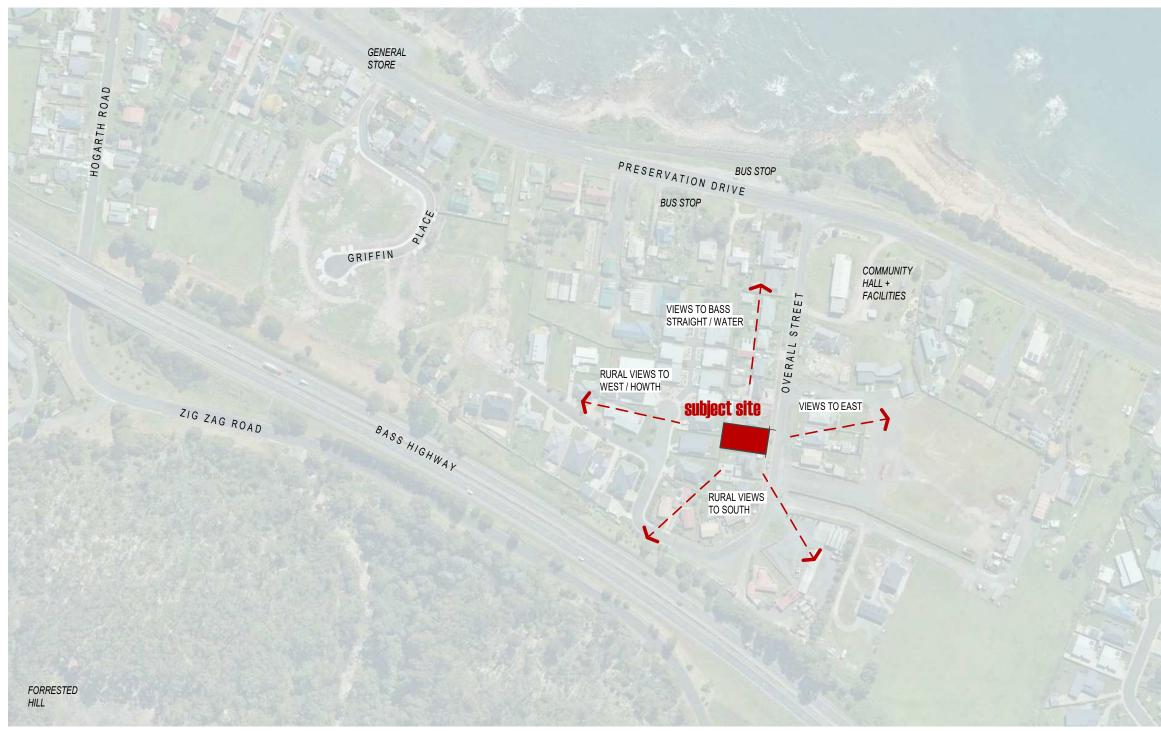
drawing: cover sheet



dwg no

scale (a3) ^{job no:} 22.010

north



location plan

COUNCIL	L COAST COUNCIL USE PLANNING
Received:	7/03/2023
Application No:	DA2023037
Doc ID:	447266

date: 06.03.23



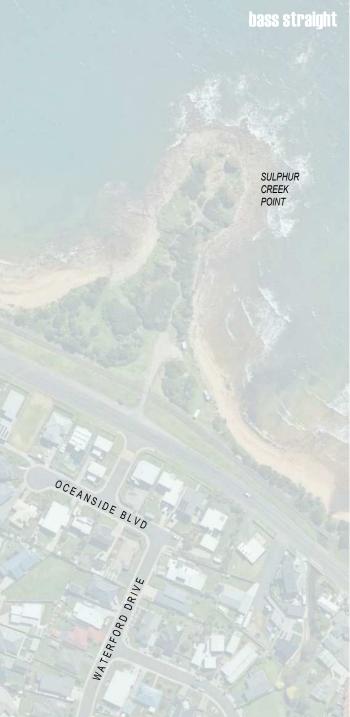
drawings to be read in conjunction with any specifications, consultants drawings and reports. verify all dimensions + levels on site before commencing construction or ordering materials. figured dimensions to be used in preference to scale; report any discrepancies. all work to be carried out in accordance with ncc, australian standards + building act 2000. drawing remains copyright of cradle coast building design.

issue: description: А planning application project: proposed residence

^{client:} caperida

^{address:} 14 overall street sulphur creek

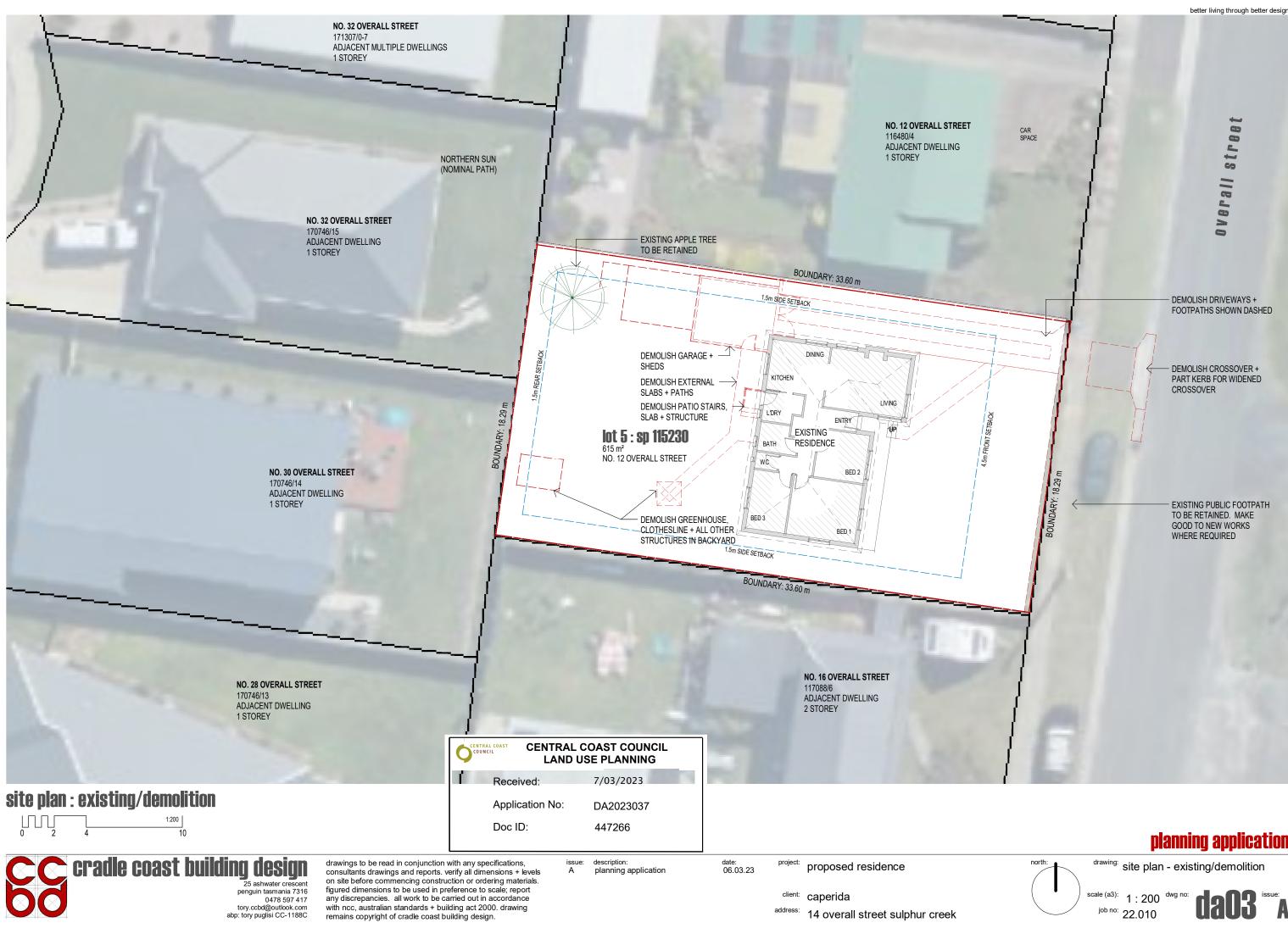




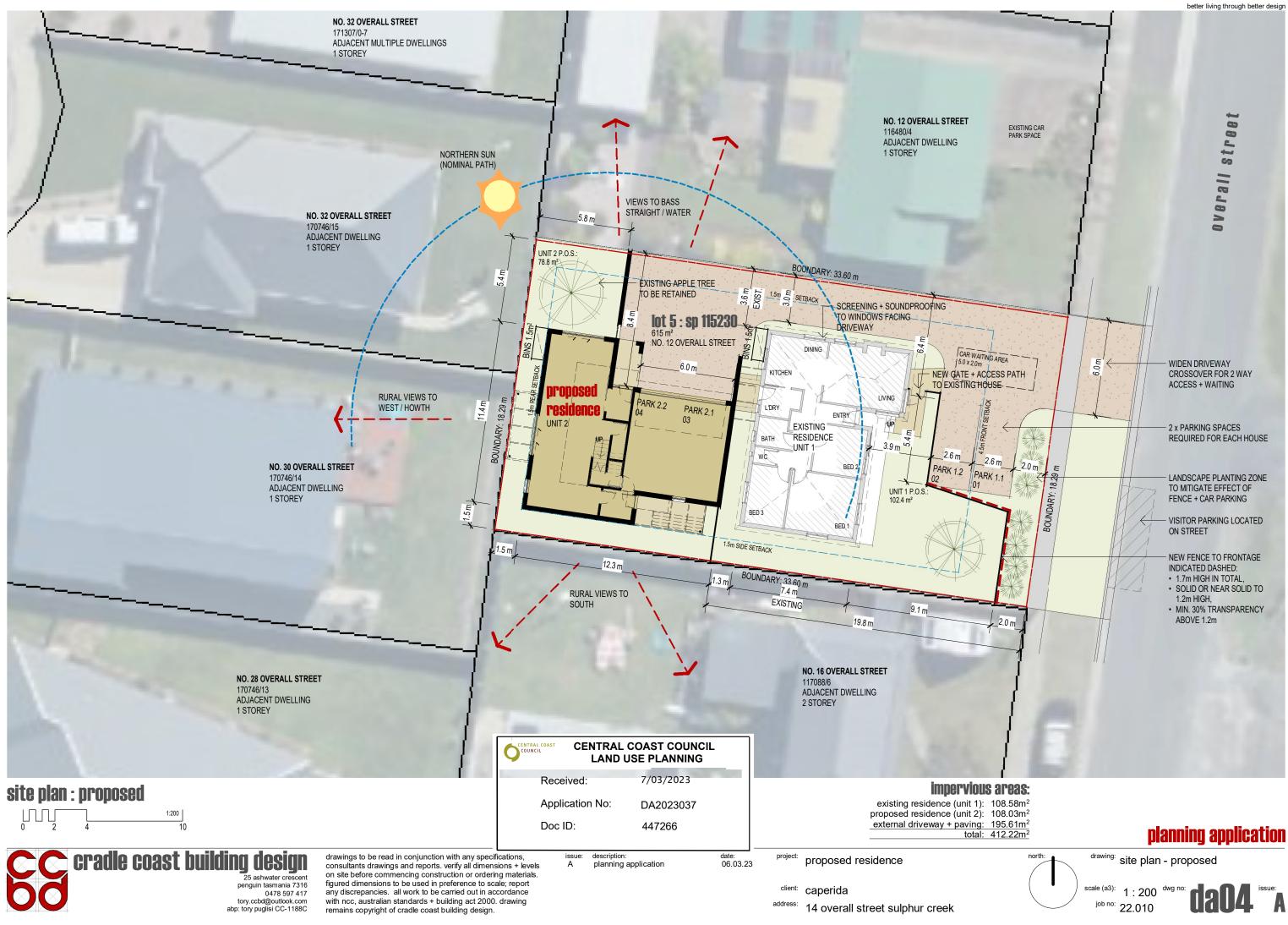
planning application

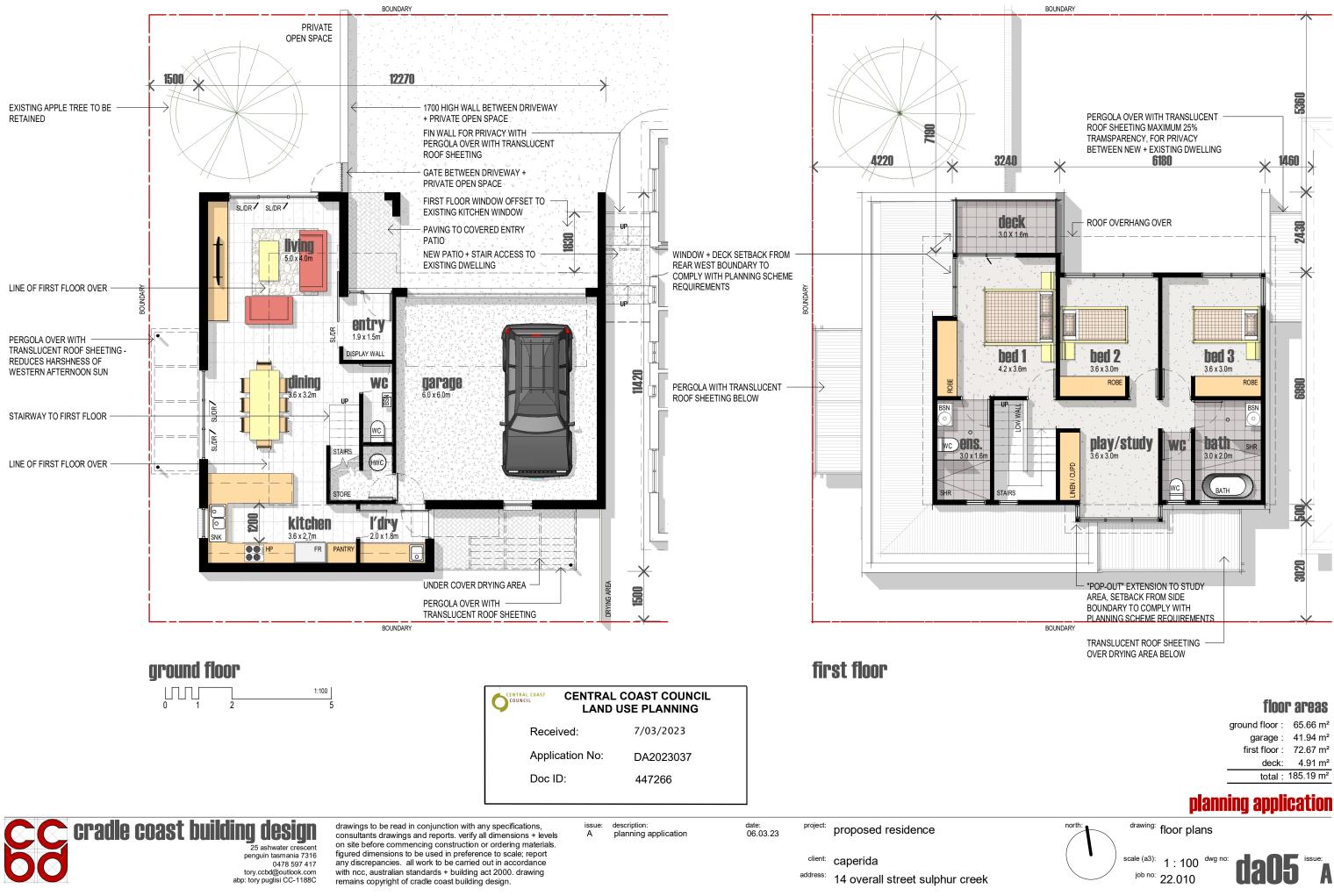






planning application

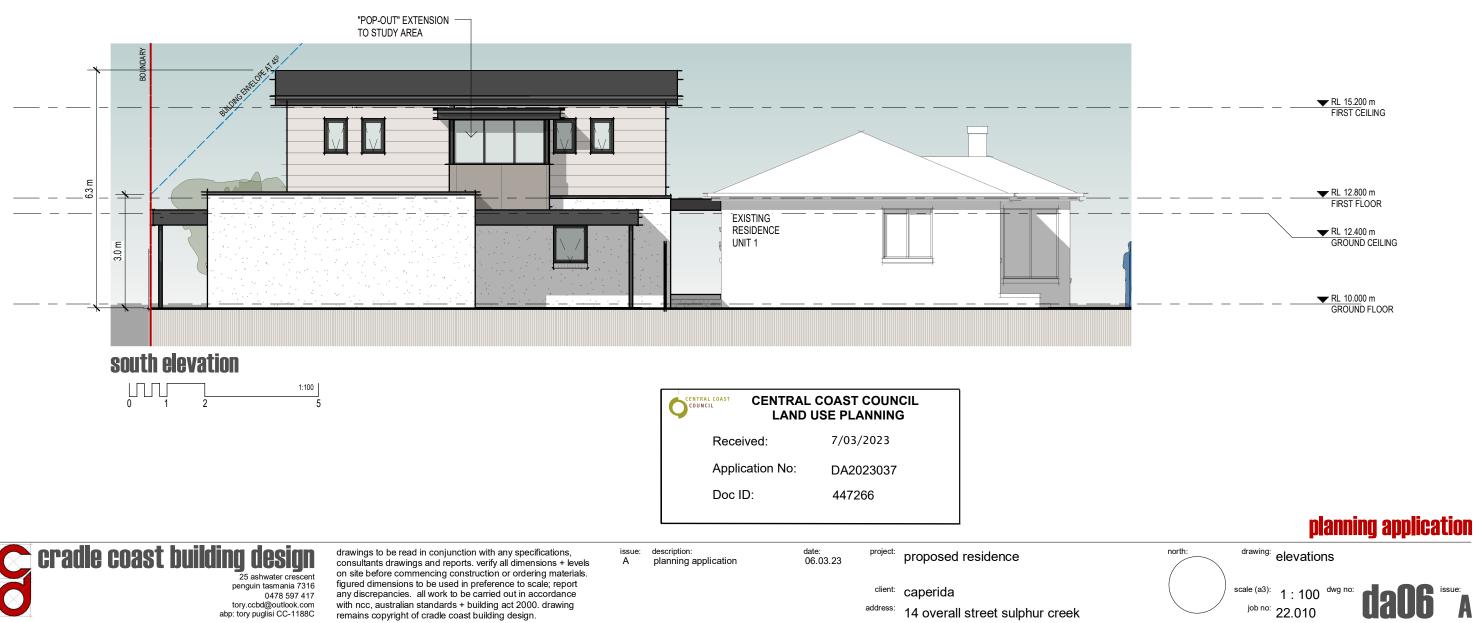




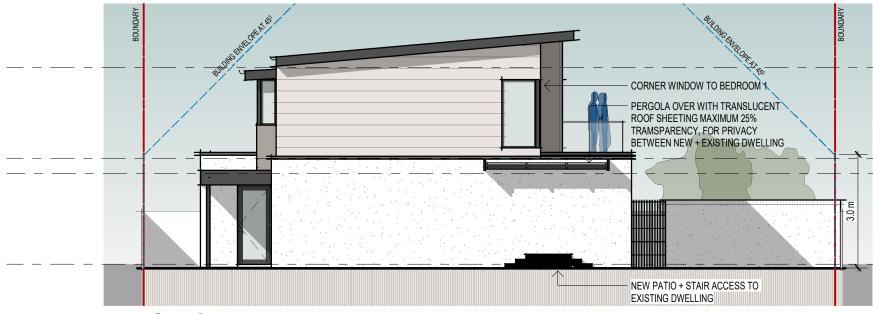
ground floor :	65.66 m²
garage :	41.94 m²
first floor :	72.67 m²
deck:	4.91 m ²
total :	185.19 m ²



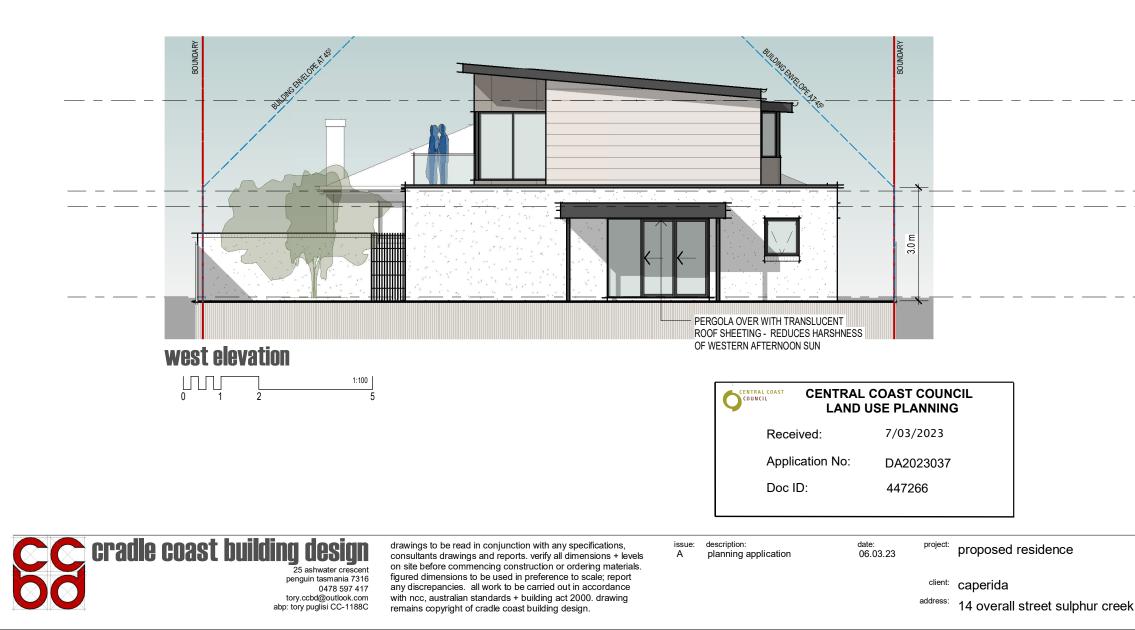
north elevation

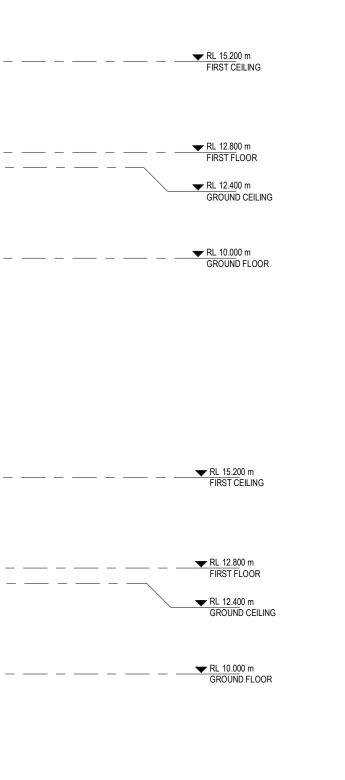


planning application



east elevation





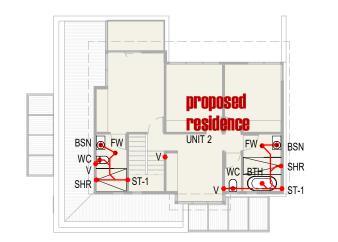
planning application

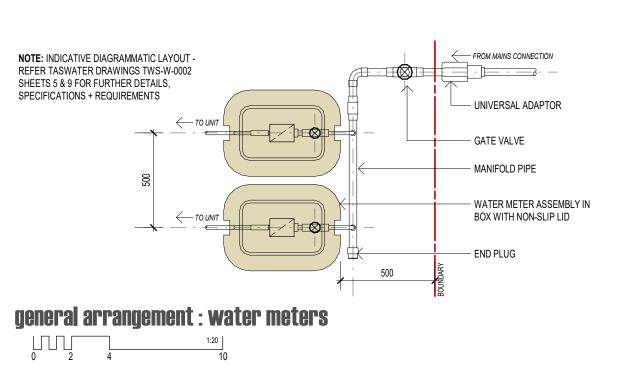
drawing: elevations

north

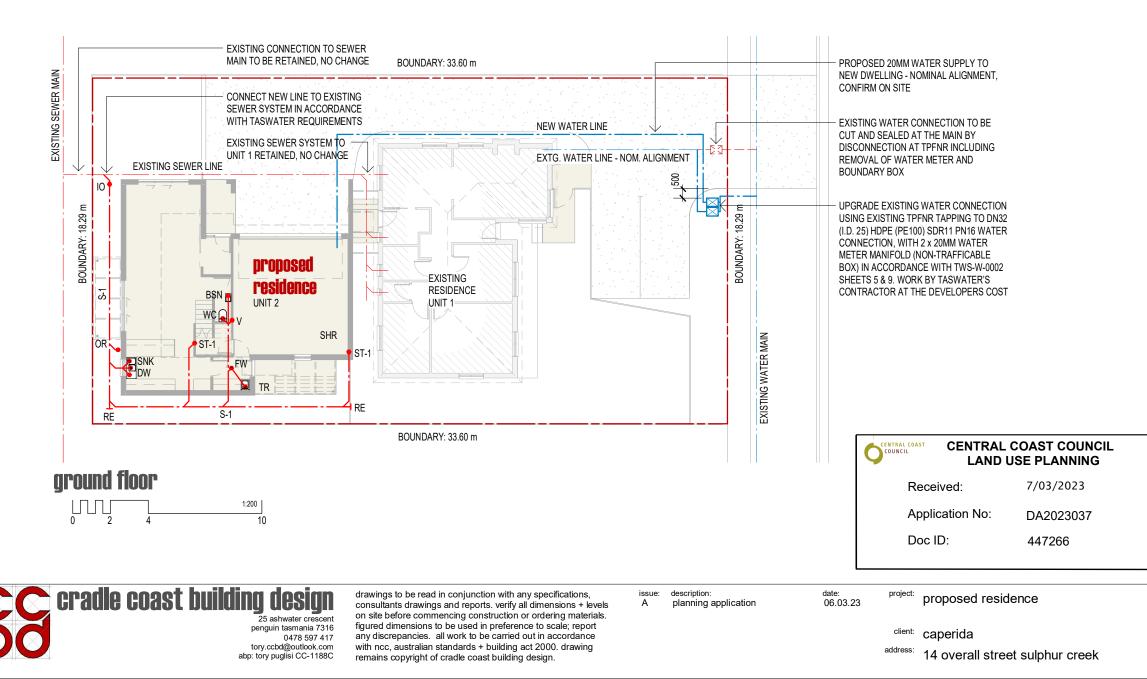
scale (a3): 1 : 100 dwg no: **1 :** 22.010 dwg no: **1 : 100** dwg no: **100** dwg no: **10**







first floor



legend : sewer

S-1	DN100 UPVC SN8 SEWER PIPE, 1 IN 60 MIN. FALL
BSN	BASIN
BTH	BATH
FW	FLOOR WASTE
10	INSPECTION OPENING
OR	OVERFLOW RELIEF GULLY
RE	ROD EYE
SHR	SHOWER
SNK	SINK
TR	TROUGH
V	VENT TO ATMOSHERE
WC	WATER CLOSET

SEWER PIPE DIAMETERS:

TROUGH	50MM Ø
WC	100MM Ø
SINK	50MM Ø
UPVC BATH	40MM Ø
UPVC VENT PIPE	50MM Ø
BASIN	40MM Ø
DISHWASHER	50MM Ø
SHOWER	50MM Ø

NOTE:

LOCATIONS + QUANTITIES OF SEWER DRAINAGE ELEMENTS SHOWN INDICATIVE ONLY. SEWER DRAINAGE WORKS DESIGN TO BE CHECKED + CONFIRMED BY QUALIFIED PLUMBER OR HYDRAULICS PROFESIONAL BEFORE COMMENCING WORKS

notes : hydraulics

LOCATIONS + QUANTITIES OF SEWER + STORMWATER DRAINAGE ELEMENTS SHOWN INDICATIVE ONLY. SEWER + STORMWATER DRAINAGE WORKS DESIGN TO BE CHECKED + CONFIRMED BY QUALIFIED PLUMBER OR HYDRAULICS PROFESIONAL BEFORE COMMENCING WORKS

ALL DRAINAGE WORK TO BE CARRIED OUT TO THE DESIGN + APPROVAL OF LOCAL AUTHORITIES + TASWATER

INSTALL INSPECTION OPENINGS AT MAJOR BENDS FOR STORMWATER AND ALL LOW POINTS OR DOWN PIPES

PROVIDE SURFACE DRAIN TO BACK OF BULK EXCAVATION TO DRAIN LEVEL PAD PRIOR TO COMMENCING FOOTINGS

DOWNPIPES TO BE CONNECTED TO STORMWATER AS SOON AS THE ROOF IS INSTALLED

MATERIAL TO BE REMOVED WHEN BUILDING WORKS ARE COMPLETE + USED AS FILL FOR ANY LOW POINTS. INSTALL A SEDIMENT FENCE ON THE DOWNSLOPE SIDE OF THE MATERIAL

CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES PARKED ON STREET ONLY

GROUND TO FALL AWAY FROM BUILDING IN ALL DIRECTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS2870 $\,$

ORG RIM TO BE MINIMUM 150 BELOW LOWEST SANITARY FITTING

FLEXIBLE CONNECTOR REQUIRED FOR SOIL CLASS M, H1, H2 + P WHERE DRAINAGE EXISTS CONCRETE SLAB

ALL WORKS ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WATER SUPPLY CODE OF AUSTRALIA WSA 03-2011-3.1 VERSION 3.1 MRWA EDITION V2.0 AND THE SEWERAGE CODE OF AUSTRALIA MELBOURN RETAIL WATER AGENCIES CODE WSA 02-2002 VERSION 2.3 MRWA EDITION 1.0 AND TASWATER'S SUPPLEMENTS TO THESE CODES





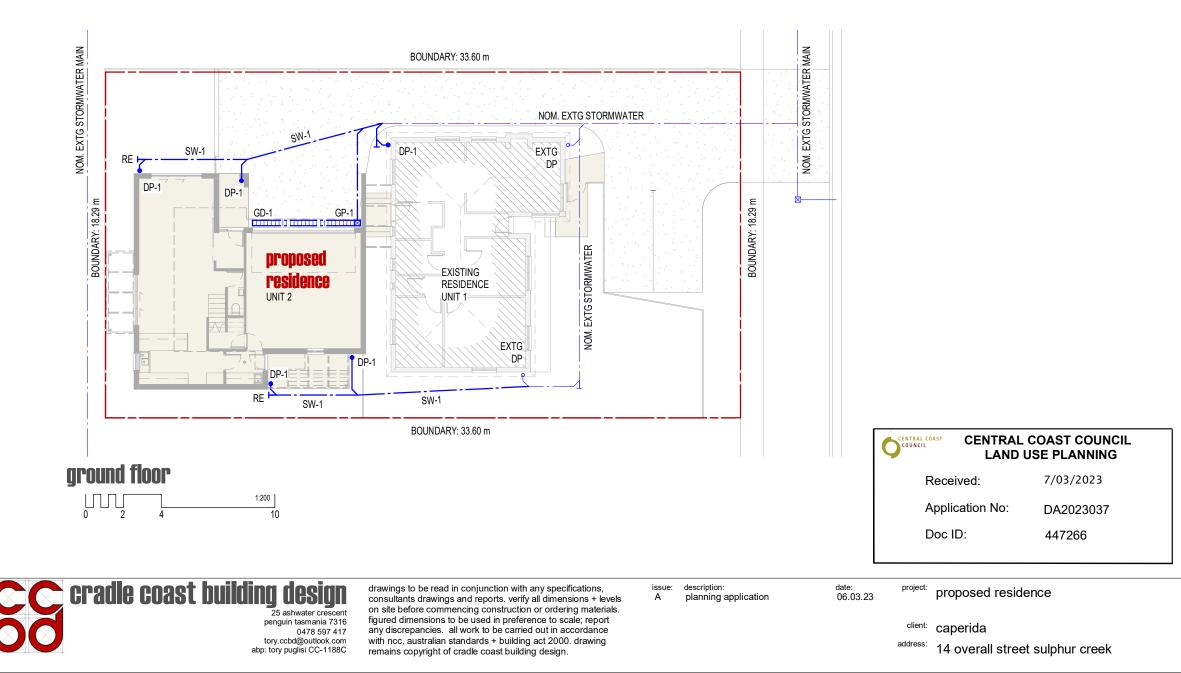
UANA

drawing: hydraulics layouts - sewer + water

^{scale (a3):} As indicated^{wg no:} ^{job no:} 22.010



first floor



legend : stormwater

SW-1	DN100 UPVC SN8 STORMWATER PIPE, 1 IN 100 MIN. FALL
DP-1	DN100 UPVC SN8 DOWN PIPE
GD-1	GRATED DRAIN
GP-1	300 x 300 GRATED STORMWATER PIT
RE	ROD EYE

NOTE: LOCATIONS + QUANTITIES OF STORMWATER DRAINAGE ELEMENTS SHOWN INDICATIVE ONLY. STORMWATER DRAINAGE WORKS DESIGN TO BE CHECKED + CONFIRMED BY QUALIFIED PLUMBER OR HYDRAULICS PROFESIONAL BEFORE COMMENCING WORKS

notes : hydraulics

LOCATIONS + QUANTITIES OF SEWER + STORMWATER DRAINAGE ELEMENTS SHOWN INDICATIVE ONLY. SEWER + STORMWATER DRAINAGE WORKS DESIGN TO BE CHECKED + CONFIRMED BY QUALIFIED PLUMBER OR HYDRAULICS PROFESIONAL BEFORE COMMENCING WORKS

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MATERIAL TO BE REMOVED WHEN BUILDING WORKS ARE COMPLETE + USED AS FILL FOR ANY LOW POINTS. INSTALL A SEDIMENT FENCE ON THE DOWNSLOPE SIDE OF THE MATERIAL

CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES PARKED ON STREET ONLY

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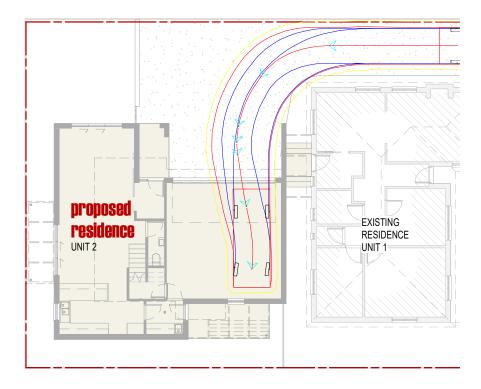


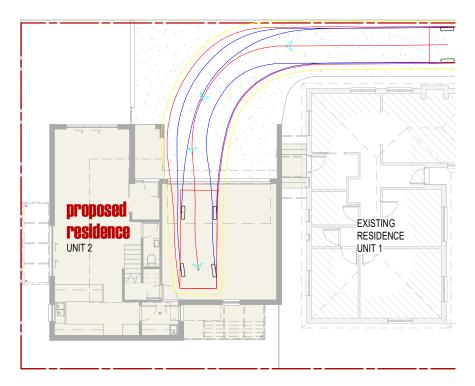
Iall

drawing: hydraulics layouts - stormwater

scale (a3): 1:200 dwg no: ^{job no:} 22.010

north





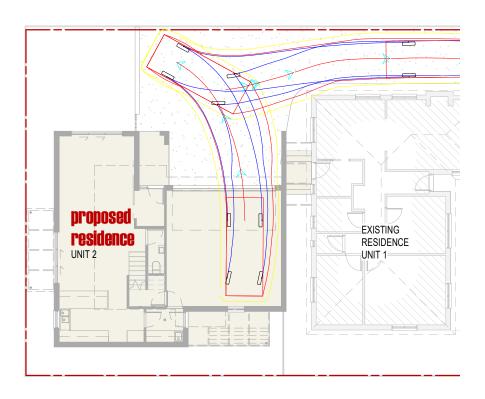
note:

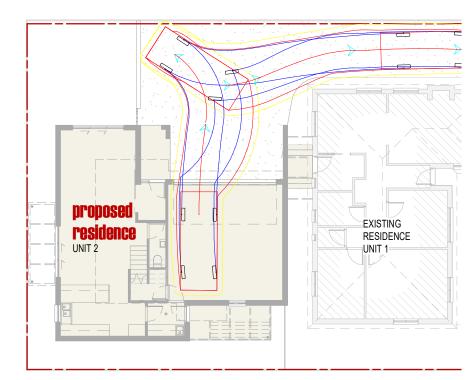
- VEHICLE SWEPT PATHS GENERATED WITH "AUTOTURN ONLINE" SOFTWARE
- VEHICLE SWEPT PATHS BASED ON B99 STANDARD WITH 300mm CLEARANCE BUFFER ZONE

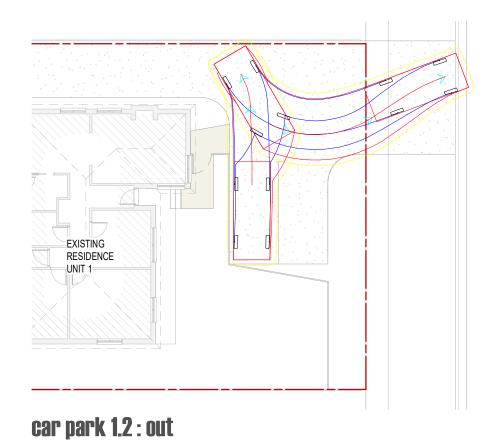
car park 2.1 : in

car park 2.2 : in

car park 2.2 : out







north

car park 2.1 : out





drawings to be read in conjunction with any specifications, consultants drawings and reports. verify all dimensions + levels on site before commencing construction or ordering materials. figured dimensions to be used in preference to scale; report any discrepancies. all work to be carried out in accordance with ncc, australian standards + building act 2000. drawing remains copyright of cradle coast building design.

issue: description: А planning application date: 06.03.23 proposed residence

^{client:} caperida

^{address:} 14 overall street sulphur creek

CENTRAL COAST		COAST COUNCIL USE PLANNING
Rece	ived:	7/03/2023
Appli	cation No:	DA2023037
Doc	ID:	447266

planning application

drawing: vehicle swept path layouts

scale (a3): 1:200 dwg no: ^{job no:} 22.010



theadvocate.com.au

Wednesday, March 29, 2023 THE ADVOCATE 19

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Death Notices With a space of the space of	For Sale IRRIGATION PIPES, Pope Fittings, 40 x 4inch x 7m - \$44 each. C : 0417 159 174 Wanted to Buy VALVE Audio Equip for parts/resto, Amps, Ham Radio, Bulk Valves & Parts, UK Speakers etc. Loyd 0420 676 751 NOT SURE HOW TO BEST ADVERTISE YOUR ITEMS FOR SALE? Why not enjoy the same service as Barbara did recently
	did recently



Caravans and Motor Homes Local Government WANTED We are looking to buy quality late model used caravans & pop tops 6 03 6232 2344 Jayco Hobart 1993 Cnr Amy St/Main Rd Moonah Site: Livestock **Proposal:** Ulverstone Pet Food Stock wanted, suitable for pet food. Ph. 6425 5822 or 0408 141 972 (AH). Local Government LATROBE COUNCIL APPLICATIONS FOR PLANNING PERMIT 17 April 2023. The following applications have been received under Section 57 of the Land Use Planning & Approvals Act 1993: **Application No.:** L-DA158/2022 9043 Bass Highway, Site: Latrobe Residential - proposed Proposal: **Dwelling Extension Application No.:** L-DA022/2023 Site: 1 The Dunes, Port Sorell **Proposal:** Residential - proposed **Dwelling Extension** ACRACIA **Application No.:** L-DA029/2023 Site: 18 Pepik Street, Hawley Beach Residential - proposed Proposal: Dwelling **Application No.:** L-DA041/2023 Site: 26 River Road, Port Sorell Proposal: Residential - proposed Outbuilding Application No.: L-DA043/2023 Site: 60 Calthorpe Street, Latrobe Proposal: Residential - proposed

KENTISH COUNCIL

APPLICATION FOR PLANNING PERMIT The following application has been received under Section 57 of the Land Use Planning & Approvals Act

Application No.: K-DA012/2023

90 Browns Road, West Kentish Resource Development - proposed Farm Shed

The application and associated material will be available for inspection at the Council office during normal office hours or at www.kentish.tas.gov.au for a period of 14 days from the date of publication of this notice (not including 7 April and 8-9 April 2023). In accordance with Section 57(5) of the Land Use Planning & Approvals Act 1993 any person may make representation in relation to the proposals by letter addressed to the General Manager or email addressed to council@kentish.tas.gov.au by close of business

Dated at Sheffield this 29 March 2023. Gerald Monson

GENERAL MANAGER

WARATAH WYNYARD

APPLICATIONS FOR PLANNING PERMITS Notice is given that applications have been made for the following discretionary permits: -

No:	DA 76/2023
Location:	Lot 2, 19 Tippetts Road
	Mount Hicks
Applicant:	RCC Design Pty Ltd
Zoning:	Rural Living
Use Class:	Residential
Proposal:	Dwelling & Outbuilding (Shed)
Discretionary Matter:	Building height, setback and
will be available for i	siting 11.4.2 (P4) associated plans and documents inspection during normal office on period at the Council Office.
will be available for it hours for the exhibition Saunders Street, Wy website www.warwy wishes to make repre- the Land Use Planning do so during the exh	associated plans and documents inspection during normal office on period at the Council Office, myard or viewed on Council n.tas.gov.au. Any person who esentations in accordance with g and Approvals Act 1993, must hibition period. Representations ceived by the undersigned by

Local Government

Criteria:



9 King Edward Street Ulverstone Tasmania 7315 Tel. 03 6429 8900 admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au www.centralcoast.tas.gov.au

APPLICATIONS FOR PLANNING PERMITS

S.57 Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993.

The following applications ha	ave been received:
-------------------------------	--------------------

Application No.:	DA2022331
Location:	225 Westella Drive, Turners Beach
Proposal:	Storage - portion of site used to store caravans
Performance	Discretionary uses and Reliance
Criteria:	on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code
Application No.:	DA2023037
Location:	14 Overall Street, Sulphur Creek

Proposal Performance Residential - multiple dwellings x 2 Residential density for multiple dwellings; Privacy for all dwellings and Reliance on C2.0 Parking and Sustainable Transport Code

The applications may be viewed at the Administration Centre during office hours and on the Council's website. Any person may make representation in relation to an application [in accordance with s.57(5)] of the Act] by writing to the General Manager at PO Box 220, Ulverstone 7315 or by email to admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au by no later than 18 April 2023

Date of notification: 29 March 2023.

SANDRA AYTON General Manager

BURNIE CITY COUNCIL

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LAND USE PERMIT (Section 57(3) Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993) Application for use and development of land has been received:-Application No: DA 2023/25 Site: 2 Morris Street, COOEE -CT 21960/3 Covered outdoor deck associated Proposal: with an existing Single Dwelling Discretionary Matter: Reliant on performance criteria for grant of permit - Clause 7.6.1 (P1.1) The application may be viewed on the Burnie City Council's website at - www.burnie.tas.gov.au/permits A hard copy of the full application documents may be requested by telephoning 6430 5839; and on payment of a fee representing the cost of reproduction, provided to the person who requested the copy either by (a) collection from a place nominated by an officer of the council; or (b) ordinary post to the address nominated Any person may make representation relating to an application in writing addressed to the General Manager, Burnie City Council, PO Box 973, Burnie 7320 or burnie@burnie.tas.gov.au by no later than 5.00pm on 18 April 2023

Annexure 3

From: Sent: To: Subject: Julia Clarke <julztojo@gmail.com> Thursday, 13 April 2023 7:01 PM Admin Re: Application of planning

On Wed, 12 Apr 2023 at 3:48 pm, Julia Clarke <<u>julztojo@gmail.com</u>> wrote: Attention General manager Application No DA2023037

Hi I'm writing to you as my concerns about the above application as I'm the resident owner of the property on the south side of this property I would like a shad plan done for the winter sun and how much shade it is going to put in my yard as I do believe a 2 story building will not be something that I will be happy to agree with. Can you please email me your response Thanks Julia Clarke

Annexure 4



14 Overall Street highlighted in blue. Image from Council's Mapping System.



14 Overall Street. Image from Council's Mapping System.



14 Overall Street. Photo taken from Overall Street.



14 Overall Street. Photo taken from Overall Street.



Submission to Planning Authority Notice

			0			
Council Planning Permit No.	DA2023037			Counc	il notice date	1/03/2023
TasWater details						
TasWater Reference No.	TWDA 2023	8/00265-CC		Date o	f response	10/03/2023
TasWater Contact	Ethar Rabal	bah	Phone No.	0499 8	60 609	
Response issued to)					
Council name	CENTRAL CO	DAST COUNCIL				
Contact details	planning@c	centralcoast.tas.gov.a	au			
Development deta	ils					
Address	14 OVERAL	L ST, SULPHUR CREEK	< compared with the second sec	Prope	rty ID (PID)	6772044
Description of development	Multiple Dwellings x 2 (1 new + 1 ex)					
Schedule of drawing	ngs <mark>/docum</mark> er	nts				
Prepared	by	Drawing/de	ocument No.		Revision No.	Date of Issue
cradle coast buildir	ng design	Hydraulics layouts -	sewer + wate	r/da09	А	60/03/2023
Conditions						

SUBMISSION TO PLANNING AUTHORITY NOTICE OF PLANNING APPLICATION REFERRAL

Pursuant to the *Water and Sewerage Industry Act* 2008 (TAS) Section 56P (1) TasWater imposes the following conditions on the permit for this application:

CONNECTIONS, METERING & BACKFLOW

- 1. Any removal/supply and installation of water meters and/or the removal of redundant and/or installation of new and modified property service connections must be carried out by TasWater at the developer's cost.
- 2. Prior to commencing construction/use of the development, any water connection utilised for construction/the development must have a backflow prevention device and water meter installed, to the satisfaction of TasWater.

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT FEES

3. The applicant or landowner as the case may be, must pay a development assessment fee of \$226.71 to TasWater, as approved by the Economic Regulator and the fee will be indexed, until the date paid to TasWater.

The payment is required within 30 days of the issue of an invoice by TasWater.

Advice

Water Submetering

As of July 1, 2022, TasWater's Sub-Metering Policy no longer permits TasWater sub-meters to be installed for new developments. Please ensure plans submitted with the application for Certificate(s) for Certifiable Work (Building and/or Plumbing) reflect this. For clarity, TasWater does not object to private sub-metering arrangements. Further information is available on our website (<u>www.taswater.com.au</u>) within our Sub-Metering Policy and Water Metering Guidelines.

General

For information on TasWater development standards, please visit <u>https://www.taswater.com.au/building-and-development/technical-standards</u>



For application forms please visit	https://www.taswater	.com.au/building-	-and-development/	<u>'development-</u>
application-form				

Service Locations

Please note that the developer is responsible for arranging to locate the existing TasWater infrastructure and clearly showing it on the drawings. Existing TasWater infrastructure may be located by a surveyor and/or a private contractor engaged at the developers cost to locate the infrastructure.

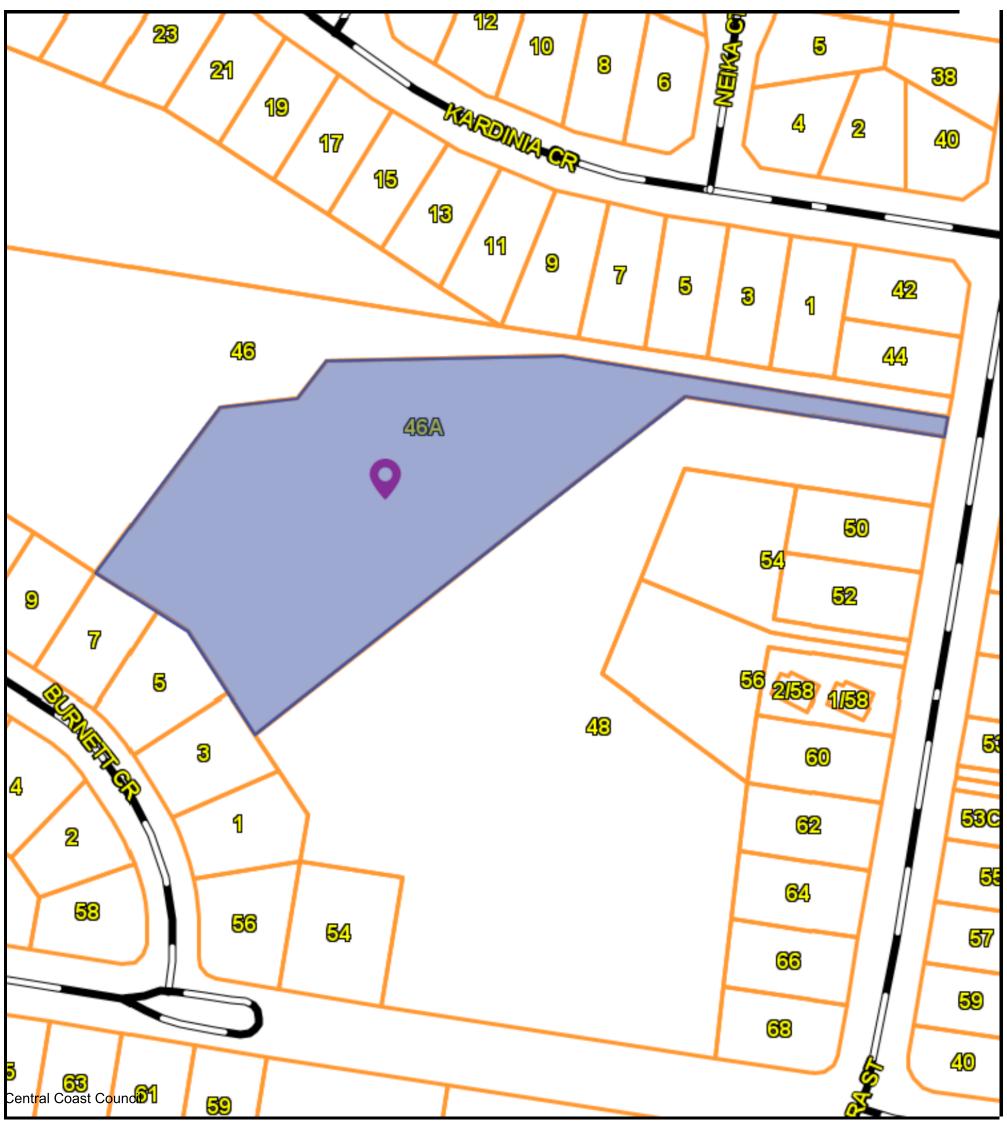
- (a) A permit is required to work within TasWater's easements or in the vicinity of its infrastructure. Further information can be obtained from TasWater.
- (b) TasWater has listed a number of service providers who can provide asset detection and location services should you require it. Visit <u>www.taswater.com.au/Development/Service-location</u> for a list of companies.
- (c) Sewer drainage plans or Inspection Openings (IO) for residential properties are available from your local council.

Declaration

The drawings/documents and conditions stated above constitute TasWater's Submission to Planning Authority Notice.

TasWater Co	ntact Details		
Phone	13 6992	Email	development@taswater.com.au
Mail	GPO Box 1393 Hobart TAS 7001	Web	www.taswater.com.au

Annexure 1





CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL 19 King Edward St Ulverstone TAS 7315 Telephone: 03 6429 8900 Facsimilie: 03 6425 1224 admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au



46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE DA2023052

IMPORTANT

This map was produced on the GEOCENTRIC DATUM OF AUSTRALIA 1994 (GDA94), which has superseded the Australian Geographic Datum of 1984 (AGD66/84). Heights are referenced to the Australia Height Datum (AHD). For most practical purposes GDA94 coordinates, and satellite derived (GPS) coordinates based on the World Geodetic Datum 1984 (WGS84), are the same.

Disclaimer

This map is not a precise survey document All care is taken in the preparation of this plan; however, Central Coast Council accepts no responsibility for any misprints, errors, omissions or inaccuracies. The information contained within this plan is for pictorial representation only. Do not scale. Accurate measurement should be undertaken by survey. © The List 2021.

© Central Coast Council 2021.

50 m

Scale = 1:1470.420



PO Box 220 19 King Edward Street Ulverstone Tasmania 7315 Tel (03) 6429 8900

admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au www.centralcoast.tas.gov.au

<mark>Carolyn Harris</mark>

Application for Planning

S.57 Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993

The following application has been received:

Performance Criteria:	Building height, siting and exterior finishes; Landscape protection and reliance on C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code
Proposal:	Residential – single dwelling
Location:	46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone
Application No.:	DA2023052

The application may be inspected at the Administration Centre, 19 King Edward Street, Ulverstone during Office hours and on the council's website: www.centralcoast.tas.gov.au. Any person may make representation in relation to the applications (in accordance with S.57(5) of the Act) by writing to the General Manager, PO Box 220, Ulverstone 7315 or by email to admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au and quoting the Application No. Any representations received by the Council are classed as public documents and will be made available to the public where applicable under the Local Government (Meeting Procedures) Regulations 2015.

The representation must be made on or before

5 April 2023

Date of Notification: 22 March 2023

CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL
PO Box 220
19 King Edward Street
ULVERSTONE TASMANIA 7315
Ph: (03) 6429 8900
Email: planning@centralcoast.tas.gov.au
www: centralcoast.tas.gov.au

Y		CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL
	COUNCIL	CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL LAND USE PLANNING

Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993

Tasmanian Planning Scheme – Central Coast

PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION

Zone:

CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL LAND USE PLANNING	
Received:	6/03/2023
Application No:	DA2023052
Doc ID:	447211

Office use only:

Permit Pathway – NPR/Permitted/Discretionary

Use or Development Site:			
Site Address	46A Clara Street, West Ulverstor	ne, Tasmania 73	15
Certificate of Title Reference	SP180523 / 2	SP180523 / 2	
Land Area	1.0040 ha Heritage I	1.0040 ha Heritage Listed Property NO VES	
Applicant(s)			
First Name(s)	Lachlan	Surname(s)	Walsh
Company name (if applicable)	Lachlan Walsh Design	Contact No:	+61 3 6424 8053
Postal Address: PO Box 231, Devonport, Tasmania. 7310			
Email address:	dress: admin@lachlanwalshdesign.com / mat@robertson-hall.com.au		
Please tick box to receive correspondence and any relevant information regarding your application via email.			
Owner(s) (note	- if more than one owner, all names must be	indicated)	
First Name(s)	Mathew	Middle Names	(s) James
	Jane		Therese
Surname(s)	Robertson	Company nam	e (if applicable)
	Hall		
Postal Address: PO Box 685, Jannali, New South Wales. 2226			

PERMIT APPLICATION INFORMATION	(If insufficient space for proposed use and development, please attach separate documents)
"USE" is the purpose or manner for which land is utilised.	
Proposed Use Residential	
Use Class Office use only	
buildings and structures, signs, any change in ground level and	entation in PDF format to planning@centralcoast.tas.gov.au
Residential Dwelling	
Value of the development – (to include all works on	site such as outbuildings, sealed driveways and fencing)

Value of the development – (i	o include all works on site such as outbuildings, sealed driveways and fend
\$ ^{800,000}	Estimate/ Actual-

Total floor area of the developmentm²

Declaration of Notice to Landowner		
If land is NOT in the appli	ant's ownership	
	declare that the owner/each of the owners of the land has been notified of the tapplication under section 52(1) of the Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993.	
If the application involves land within a Strata Corporation		
I , declare that the owner/each of the owners of the body corporation has been notified of the intention to make this permit application.		
Signature of Applicant	Date	

If the application involves land owned or administered by the CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL		
Central Coast Council consents to the making of this permit application.		
General Managers Signature	_ Date	
If the permit application involves land owned or administered by the CROWN		
l,t	he Minister	
responsible for the land, consent to the making of this permit application.		
Minister (Signature)	Date	

NB: If the site includes land owned or administered by the Central Coast Council or by a State government agency, the consent in writing (a letter) from the Council or the Minister responsible for Crown land must be provided at the time of making the application - and this application form must be signed by the Council or the Minister responsible.

Applicants Declaration	
l/we_Lachlan Walsh	
declare that the information I have given in this permit application to be true and correct to the best of my knowledge.	
Signature of Applicant/s <u>filalsh</u> Date 03/03/2023	
Γ	
Office Use Only	
Planning Permit Fee	\$
Public Notice Fee	\$
Permit Amendment / Extension Fee	\$
No Permit Required Assessment Fee	\$
TOTAL	\$
Validity Date	



RESULT OF SEARCH RECORDER OF TITLES

Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980



SEARCH OF TORRENS TITLE

VOLUME	FOLIO
180523	2
EDITION	DATE OF ISSUE
2	26-Mar-2021

SEARCH DATE : 03-Mar-2023 SEARCH TIME : 10.16 AM

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Town of ULVERSTONE Lot 2 on Sealed Plan 180523 Derivation : Part of Lot 3, 8 Acres (Sec. U) & Part of Lot 4, 10 Acres (Sec. U) Gtd. to Frances Gertrude Clerke, Caroline Helen Clerke, Roddam Hulke Douglas & Thomas Moriarty Clerke Prior CT 252413/1

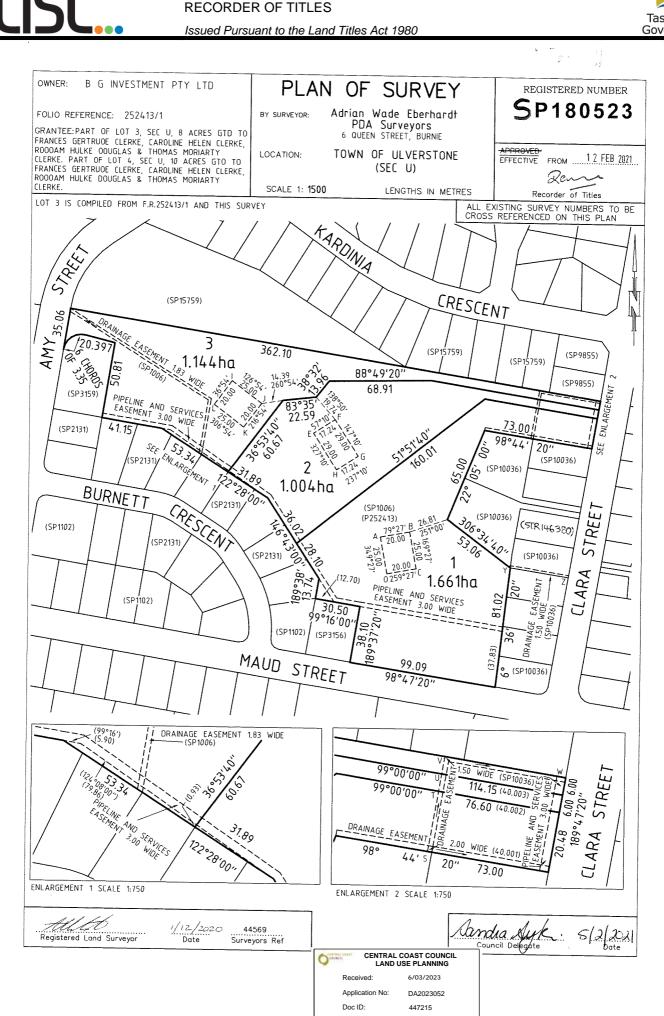
- SCHEDULE 1
 - M877279 TRANSFER to MATHEW JAMES ROBERTSON and JANE THERESE HALL Registered 26-Mar-2021 at noon

SCHEDULE 2

Reservations and conditions in the Crown Grant if any SP180523 EASEMENTS in Schedule of Easements SP180523 COVENANTS in Schedule of Easements SP180523 FENCING PROVISION in Schedule of Easements E247644 AGREEMENT pursuant to Section 78 of the Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993 Registered 12-Feb-2021 at noon

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS AND NOTATIONS

No unregistered dealings or other notations



Volume Number: 180523

Revision Number: 01

FOLIO PLAN

the

Page 1 of 1





Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980



	SCHEDULE OF EASEME	NTS	F	Registered Number
NOTE:	THE SCHEDULE MUST BE SIGNED B & MORTGAGEES OF THE LAND AFFE SIGNATURES MUST BE ATTESTED.	CTED.	COAST COUNCIL ISE PLANNING	80523
EASEME	NTS AND PROFITS	Received: Application No:	6/03/2023 DA2023052	PAGE 1 OF 4 PAGES
Each lot	on the plan is together with	Doc ID:	447218	

(1) such rights of drainage over the drainage easements shown on the plan (if any) as may be necessary to drain the stormwater and other surplus water from such lot; and

(2) any easements or profits a prendre described hereunder.

Each lot on the plan is subject to:-

such rights of drainage over the drainage easements shown on the plan (if any) as passing through such lot as (1)

may be necessary to drain the stormwater and other surplus water from any other lot on the plan; and (2)

any easements or profits a prendre described hereunder.

The direction of the flow of water through the drainage easements shown on the plan is indicated by arrows.

Lot 1 is together with a right of drainage over the land marked DRAINAGE EASEMENT 1.50 WIDE "YZ" on the plan -

Lot 1 is subject to a right of drainage (appurtenant to lot 8 on Sealed Plan 10036) over the land marked DRAINAGE EASEMENT 1.50 WIDE "ST" passing through that lot on the plan

Lot 1 is subject to a right of drainage in gross in favour of Central Coast Council over the land marked DRAINAGE EASEMENT 2.00 WIDE passing through that lot on the plan

Lot 1 is subject to a pipeline and services easement in gross as defined herein in favour of the TasWater over the land marked PIPELINE & SERVICES EASEMENT 3.00 WIDE ("the Easement Land") passing through that lot on the plan -

Lot 2 is subject to a right of drainage (appurtenant to lot 8 on Sealed Plan 10036) over the land marked DRAINAGE EASEMENT 1.50 WIDE "TU" passing through that lot on the plan -

Lot 2 is subject to a pipeline and services easement in gross as defined herein in favour of TasWater over the land marked PIPELINE & SERVICES EASEMENT 3.00 WIDE ("the Easement Land") passing through that lot on the plan

Lot 3 is subject to a right of drainage (appurtenant to lot 4 on Sealed Plan 61955) over the land marked DRAINAGE EASEMENT 1.83 WIDE passing through that lot on the plan

(SP	1	0	0	6)

NOTE: The Council Delegate must sign the Certificate for the purposes of identification.		
SOLICITOR: McGRATH & CO (JAM)	DA 2019 030 andia Liter	
FOLIO REF: 252413-1	DATE: 5-2-2021	
	PLAN SEALED BY: CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL	
USE ANNEXURE PAGE	S FOR CONTINUATION)	

Search Time: 05:36 PM Search Date: 15 Feb 2021 Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment

Volume Number: 180523

Revision Number: 01

www.thelist.tas.gov.au



Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980



ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE OF EASEMENTS

PAGE 2 OF 4 PAGES

Registered Number

180523

SUBDIVIDER: B G INVESTMENT P/L FOLIO REFERENCE: 252413-1

Lot 3 is subject to a right of drainage (appurtenant to lot 8 on Sealed Plan 10036) over the land marked DRAINAGE EASEMENT 1.50 WIDE "UVW" passing through that lot on the plan —

Lot 3 is subject to a pipeline and services easement in gross as defined herein in favour of TasWater over the land marked PIPELINE & SERVICES EASEMENT 3.00 WIDE ("the Easement Land") passing through that lot on the plan

FENCING PROVISION

In respect to the lots on the plan the vendor (B G Investment Pty Ltd) shall not be required to fence

COVENANTS

The owner of lot 1 on the plan covenants with Central Coast Council to the intent that the burden of this covenant may run with and bind the covenantors lot and every part thereof and that the benefit thereof may devolve with Central Coast Council to observe the following stipulations-

- 1. Not erect, construct or permit to remain on the lot any development other than a single private dwelling with outbuildings
- 2. Not to erect, construct or permit to remain on the lot any building or development including retaining walls outside the defined building envelope marked ABCD on the plan

The owner of lot 2 on the plan covenants with Central Coast Council to the intent that the burden of this covenant may run with and bind the covenantors lot and every part thereof and that the benefit thereof may devolve with Central Coast Council to observe the following stipulations-

- 1. Not erect, construct or permit to remain on the lot any development other than a single private dwelling with outbuildings
- 2. Not to erect, construct or permit to remain on the lot any building or development including retaining walls outside the defined building envelope marked EFGH on the plan

The owner of lot 3 on the plan covenants with Central Coast Council to the intent that the burden of this covenant may run with and bind the covenantors lot and every part thereof and that the benefit thereof may devolve with Central Coast Council to observe the following stipulations-

M I Badenach: J A Gee:

NOTE: Every annexed page must be signed by the parties to the dealing or where the party is a corporate body be signed by the persons who have attested the affixing of the seal of that body to the dealing.



Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980



Registered Number

180523

ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE OF EASEMENTS

PAGE 3 OF 4 PAGES

SUBDIVIDER: B G INVESTMENT P/L FOLIO REFERENCE: 252413-1

- 1. Not erect, construct or permit to remain on the lot any development other than a single private dwelling with outbuildings
- 2. Not to erect, construct or permit to remain on the lot any building or development including retaining walls outside the defined building envelope marked IJKL on the plan

INTERPRETATION

"TasWater" means Tasmanian Water & Sewerage Corporation Pty Ltd (ACN 162 220 653) its successors and assigns

Pipeline and Services Easement means:-

FIRSTLY, the full and free right and liberty for TasWater and its employees, contractors, agents and all other persons duly authorised by it, at all times to:

(1) enter and remain upon the Easement Land with or without machinery, vehicles, plant and equipment;

(2) investigate, take soil, rock and other samples, survey, open and break up and excavate the Easement Land for any purpose or activity that TasWater is authorised to do or undertake;

(3) install, retain, operate, modify, relocate, maintain, inspect, cleanse, repair, remove and replace the Infrastructure;

(4) run and pass sewage, water and electricity through and along the Infrastructure;

(5) do all works reasonably required in connection with such activities or as may be authorised or required by any

(a) without doing unnecessary damage to the Easement Land; and

(b) leaving the Easement Land in a clean and tidy condition;

(6) if the Easement Land is not directly accessible from a highway, then for the purpose of undertaking any of the preceding activities TasWater may with or without employees, contractors, agents and any other persons authorised by it, and with or without machinery, vehicles, plant and equipment enter the Lot from the highway at any vehicle entry and cross the Lot to the Easement Land; and

(7) use the Easement Land as a right of carriageway for the purpose of undertaking any of the preceding purposes on other land, TasWater reinstating any damage that it causes in doing so to any boundary fence of the Lot.

SECONDLY, the benefit of a covenant in gross for TasWater with the registered proprietor/s of the Easement Land and their successors and assigns not to erect any building, or place any structures, objects, vegetation, or remove any thing that supports, protects or covers any Infrastructure on or in the Easement Land, without the prior written

M I Badenach: J A Gee: 100

NOTE: Every annexed page must be signed by the parties to the dealing or where the party is a corporate body be signed by the persons who have attested the affixing of the seal of that body to



Issued Pursuant to the Land Titles Act 1980



Registered Number

80523

ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE OF EASEMENTS

PAGE 4 OF 4 PAGES

SUBDIVIDER: B G INVESTMENT P/L FOLIO REFERENCE: 252413-1

consent of TasWater to the intent that the burden of the covenant may run with and bind the servient land and every part thereof and that the benefit thereof may be annexed to the easement herein described

"Infrastructure" means infrastructure owned or for which TasWater is responsible and includes but is not limited to:

- (a) sewer pipes and water pipes and associated valves;
- (b) telemetry and monitoring devices;
- (c) inspection and access pits;
- (d) electricity assets and other conducting media (excluding telemetry and monitoring devices);
- (e) markers or signs indicating the location of the Easement Land or any other Infrastructure or any warnings or restrictions with respect to the Easement Land or any other Infrastructure;
- (f) anything reasonably required to support, protect or cover any other Infrastructure;
- (g) any other infrastructure whether of a similar nature or not to the preceding which is reasonably required for the piping of sewage or water, or the running of electricity, through the Easement Land or monitoring or managing that activity; and
- (h) where the context permits, any part of the Infrastructure.

Executed by B G INVESTMENT PTY LTD (ACN 099 040 463) under
section 127 of the Corporations Act 2001 by being signed by-
Director:
(Mark Ian Badenach)
Director/secretary:
(Julie Ann Gee)

NOTE: Every annexed page must be signed by the parties to the dealing or where the party is a corporate body be signed by the persons who have attested the affixing of the seal of that body to

TASMANIAN LAND TITLES OFFICE

Notification of Agreement under the Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993 Section 78





	DESCRIPTIC	ON OF LAND	
Folio of the Register			
Volume	Folio	Volume	Folio
252413	1		

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR:

BG INVESTMENT PTY LTD (ACN 099 040 463)

PLANNING AUTHORITY:

I/we Sandra Hyton

CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL LAND USE PLANNING 16/03/2023 Received: Application No: DA2023052 Doc ID: 448222

of Central Coast Council of 19 King Edward Street, Ulverstone in Tasmania, 7315

che behalf of the abovename Planning Authority, certify that the above particulars are correct and that attached is a certified executed copy of the agreement (not including annexures) between the abovenamed parties, notice of which is to be registered against the abovementioned folio of the Register.

The abovenamed Planning Authority holds the original executed Agreement.

Date: 5 Tebluar

Signed: ... (on behalf of the Planning Auth

Land Titles Office Use Only	REGISTERED	
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Version 2 (TOLD)	RECORDER OF TITLES	
ТНЕ ВАСК	OF THIS FORM MUST NOT BE USI Created 16-Dec-2020 03:12PM	ED

S71 AGREEMENT LAND USE PLANNING AND APPROVALS ACT 1993

<u>Between:</u>

B G INVESTMENT PTY LTD (the Property owner)

and

CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL (the Council)

<u>Recitals</u>

Α

В

С

- The Property owner is the registered proprietor of land at Clara Street, Ulverstone in Tasmania, further described in Certificate of Title Volume 252413, Folio 1. This land is hereinafter referred to as the Property.
 - On 16 September 2019, the Council made a decision pursuant to the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993* to issue a permit for subdivision of the Property into three lots, Council reference DA 2019030, hereinafter referred to as the Permit. The Permit is attached at Annexure 1.

Condition 3 of the Permit requires that a Part 5 Agreement made under Section 71 of the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993* be entered into. Condition 3 is reproduced as follows:

"A Part 5 Agreement made under Section 71 of the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993* must be registered on all three titles providing for –

a) building envelopes to be identified on the Final Plan of Survey, prohibiting development in the landslide hazard area along the southern boundary of the land, other than any works required for stabilisation of the land, and restricting development to those building areas identified within each allotment. Restricted building envelopes are to be in accordance with locations identified on the layout plan by PDA Surveying dated 13 May 2018 and in accordance with those areas identified by EAW Geo Services, Job No. 489 issued

10 July 2019; M I Badenach:

J A Gee: 🤇 Page 1 of 4

I, Chris Atkins, Justice of the Peace No. 5301 for Tasmania, certify this document to be a true and complete copy of the original which I have sighted Signed

Date 51212021

- b) development on each lot to be restricted to a single dwelling with outbuildings;
- c) development, including retaining walls, to be restricted to the defined building envelope on each lot as identified by EAW Geo Services, Job No. 489 issued 10 July 2019, other than for the delivery of internal roads; and underground water, sewer, stormwater, electrical and telecommunication services;
- d) on-site construction and the delivery of infrastructure to be in accordance with the recommendations by EAW Geo Services, Job No. 489 issued 10 July 2019;
- e) the development of each lot to be accompanied by further geotechnical investigations and recommendations in relation to the engineering works required to maintain the stability of the land, including works that may be required to maintain the stability of the upper "Medium" landslip hazard areas; and
- f) site electricity connections are to be underground."
- D This agreement is in satisfaction of condition 3 of the Permit.

Acknowledgement:

All present and future owners of the Property and the owners for the time being of any future lots subdivided from the Property acknowledge as follows:

- 1. That the benefit and burden of this agreement runs with the Property and will be carried forwards to any lots subdivided from the Property.
- 2. That this agreement binds all present and future owners of the Property and binds all present and future owners of the future lots subdivided from the Property.

I A Gee: M I Badenach Page 2 of 4

I, Chris Atkins, Justice of the Peace No. 5301 for Tasmania, certify this document to be a true and complete copy of the original which I have sighted

Signed

51212021 Date

<u>Agreement:</u>

- 3. No development is permitted on the Property or any future lots subdivided from the Property other than the following:
 - a) Works required for stabilisation of land within area of land marked landslide hazard area on the attached plan marked Annexure 2;
 - b) A single dwelling with outbuildings, including retaining walls, within the areas of land marked A, B, C, D on Lot 1 and E, F, G, H on Lot 2 and I, J, K, L on Lot 3;
 - c) Works required for access and underground services outside the area of land marked landslide hazard area on the attached plan.
 Such works may include internal roads, underground water, sewer, stormwater, electrical and telecommunication services.
 - 4. Any application to Council for use or development on the Property or any future lots subdivided from the Property must be accompanied by further geotechnical investigations and recommendations from an appropriately qualified person specifying the engineering works required to maintain the stability of the land, including works that may be required to maintain the stability of the area of land marked landslide hazard area on the attached plan marked Annexure 2.
 - 5. Site electricity connections are to be underground.

Dated this 5th day of Februard 2028. 2021

The common seal of the Central Coast Council is) hereunto affixed pursuant to delegated authority for) and on behalf of the Council in the presence of:)



Jandia Al

Sandra Ayton, Central Coast Council

M | Badenach: A Gee

Page 3 of 4

I, Chris Atkins, Justice of the Peace No. 5301 for Tasmania, certify this document to be a true and complete copy of the original which I have sighted

Signed Date 51212021

Jandra Sandra Ayton, Central Coast Council

SIGNED for and on behalf of BG INVESTMENT PTY LTD (ACN 099 040 463) pursuant to

s127 of the Corporations Act 2001

Director - Mark Ian Badenach

)

)

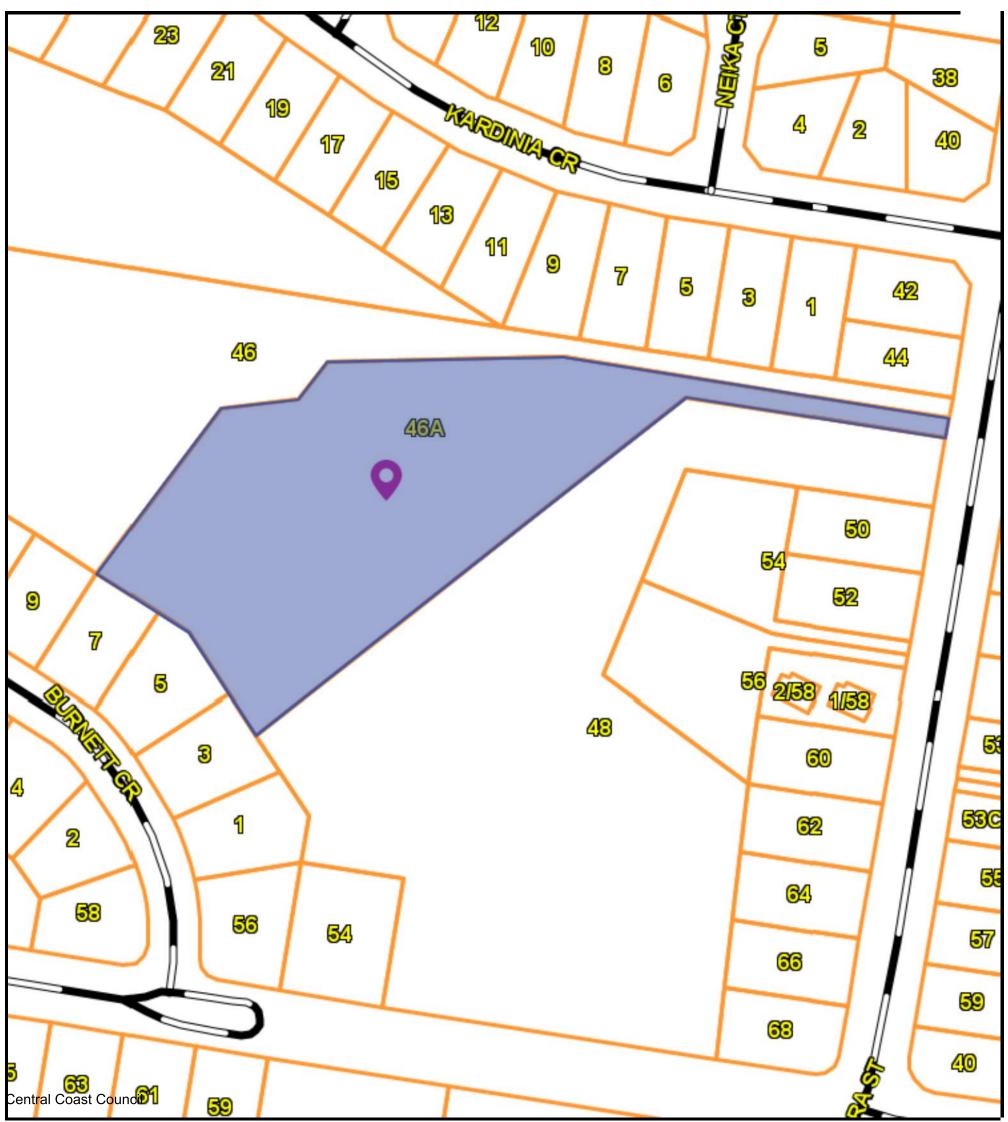
)

)

Director Secretary - Julie Ann Gee

Page 4 of 4

I, Chris Atkins, Justice of the Peace No. 5301 for Tasmania, certify this document to be a true and complete copy of the original which I have sighted) 5 Signed ***** 51212021 Date





CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL 19 King Edward St Ulverstone TAS 7315 Telephone: 03 6429 8900 Facsimilie: 03 6425 1224 admin@centralcoast.tas.gov.au



46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE DA2023052

IMPORTANT

This map was produced on the GEOCENTRIC DATUM OF AUSTRALIA 1994 (GDA94), which has superseded the Australian Geographic Datum of 1984 (AGD66/84). Heights are referenced to the Australia Height Datum (AHD). For most practical purposes GDA94 coordinates, and satellite derived (GPS) coordinates based on the World Geodetic Datum 1984 (WGS84), are the same.

Disclaimer

This map is not a precise survey document All care is taken in the preparation of this plan; however, Central Coast Council accepts no responsibility for any misprints, errors, omissions or inaccuracies. The information contained within this plan is for pictorial representation only. Do not scale. Accurate measurement should be undertaken by survey. © The List 2021.

© Central Coast Council 2021.

50 m

Scale = 1:1470.420

CENTRAL COAST		COAST COUNCIL USE PLANNING	
Rece	ived:	16/03/2023	
Applie	cation No:	DA2023052	
Doc I	D:	448221	



admin@lachlanwalshdesign.com | 6424 8053

16.03.2023

Central Coast Council

Proposed Development

Proposed Residence – 46a Clara Street, West Ulverstone

Dear Council,

In response to your letter dated 15.03.2023, please see our justification on the following pages.

If you have any other questions regarding this application, please don't hesitate to contact our office.

Kind Regards,

Kirsten Walsh

Kirsten Walsh Administration – Lachlan Walsh Design

22.4.4 Landscape protection (response 15.03.2023)

Objective: That the landscape values of the site and surrounding area are protected or managed to minimise adverse impacts.

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria	LWD Response
A1	P1	
Building and works must be located within a building area, if shown on a sealed plan.	 Building and works must be located to minimise native vegetation removal and the impact on landscape values, having regard to: (a) the extent of the area from which vegetation has been removed; (b) the extent of native vegetation to be removed; (c) any remedial or mitigation measures or revegetation requirements; (d) provision for native habitat for native fauna (e) the management and treatment of the balance of the site or native vegetation areas; (f) the type, size, and design of development; and (g) the landscape values of the site and surrounding area. 	 Performance Solution P1 – The proposed driveway will be constructed as follows: a) there will be minimal removal of vegetation, the site is currently predominantly grass, and there will be additional vegetation planted. b) There will be minimal removal of native vegetation, and all will be re-planted, along with additional planting of native vegetation. c) Refer to b) d) Refer to b) e) Refer to b) f) The type of development is residential, g) The site is predominantly grass, please see answer a)
A2	P2	LWD Response
 Buildings and works must: (a) be located within a building area, if shown on a sealed plan; or (b) be an alteration or extension to an existing building providing it is not more than the existing building height; an (c) not include cut and fill greater than 1m; and (d) be not less than 10m in elevation below a skyline or ridgeline. 	 Buildings and works must be located to minimise impacts on landscape values, having regard to: (a) the topography of the site; (b) the size and shape of the site; (c) the proposed building height, size and bulk; (d) any constraints imposed by existing development; (e) visual impact when viewed from roads and public places; and (f) any screening vegetation. 	 Performance Solution P2 – (a) the topography of the site would require a substantial amount of cut and fill, hence the use of the design which has been put forward. This has required the driveway to be situated in the location as shown on the plans. (b) The development is limited in where it can be placed on the site due to the building envelope specified on the title. Therefore, the residence

P2.2 If the building and works are less than 10m in elevation below a skyline or ridgeline, there are no other suitable building areas.	 will be located as shown, and the driveway is in the relevant position on the site. (c) The proposed building height, size and bulk will be consistent with the surrounding developments. The driveway will be the size and length as shown on the plans, to allow for access to the residence which falls within the building envelope. (d) N/A – there is no existing development on the site. (e) There will be limited visual impact when viewed from the road (see 'designer's impression' images provided) (f) There will be increased vegetation screening, to ensure privacy & consistency with the Landscape Conservation zone.
--	--

46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE PROPOSED RESIDENCE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL

INDEX

PAGE	CONTENT
00	COVER PAGE
01	SITE PLAN - PROPOSED
06	GROUND FLOOR PLAN - DIMENTIONS
07	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - DIMENSIONS
17	ELEVATIONS 1 of 2
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29	EXTERNAL IMAGES 1 of 3
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32	SCHEDULES
33	NCC NOTES

 REV.
 ISSUE DATE

 A1
 05.12.2022

 A1
 05.12.2022

A1 05.12.2022







DATE 5th December, 2022 DA Set Rev. NO. A1



LAND TITLE REFERENCE NUMBER 180523 / 2 Zone 7 Council Central Coast Council PROPERTY ZONE General Residential

NOTES

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE TO CHECK ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE BEFORE START OF CONSTRUCTION, THIS INCLUDES DIMENSIONS FROM BOUNDARY, FLOOR PLAN DIMENSIONS, FINISH FLOOR HEIGHTS AND SITE RL's. CONTRACTOR MAKE GOOD A...

FINISHED GROUND LEVELS AROUND BUILDING TO BE MINIMUM 100mm BELOW GROUND FLOOR SLAB AND GRADE AWAY FROM BUILDING FOR A MINIMU...

SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT DOWN PIPES TO BE CONNECTED INTO COUNCIL STORM WATER OR TO SITE STORM WATER DISCHARGE

AREA AS SOON AS ROOF IS INSTALLED.

EXCAVATED MATERIAL TO HAVE SEDIMENT CONTROL BARRIER TO BE INSTALLED DOWN-SLOPE. EXCAVATED MATERIAL TO BE REMOVED AT COMPLETION OF...

CRUSHED ROCK TO BE APPLIED AT ENTRY TO SITE FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL AND TO PREVENT TRANSFERRIN DEBRIS ONTO STREET. REAPPLY CRUSHED ROCK TO



46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL

СО	DE	NISHES SCHEDULE SPECIFICATION Driveway - Geogrid and Gravel Driveway (to be confirmed by client)	LOCATION TOTAL SITE RESIDENCE - FF RESIDENCE - GF RESOIDENCE - Total	REA SCHEDULE AREA 10039.00 m ² 237.90 m ² 78.90 m ² 316.80 m ²	SQUARES 1080.59 25.61 8.49 34.10
	Mail T		DECKS - Total DRIVEWAY +/-	103.50 m ² 1466.70 m ²	<u>11.14</u> <u>157.87</u>
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^{74*} 40° 07" 114.15 m ^{74*} 40° 07" 14 [*] 40° 07" 76.60 m					
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				CLANA STREET	
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DA Set

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NOTES

CHECK ALL WINDOW AND DOOR SCHEDULES TO CONFIRM OPENINGS IN FRAMED WALLS ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY

ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY CONSTRACTUER PRIER TO COMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION

ALL DIMENTIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE SYMBOLS

• FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL MARKER

↔^{1.00m} SITE REFENCE LEVEL MARKER

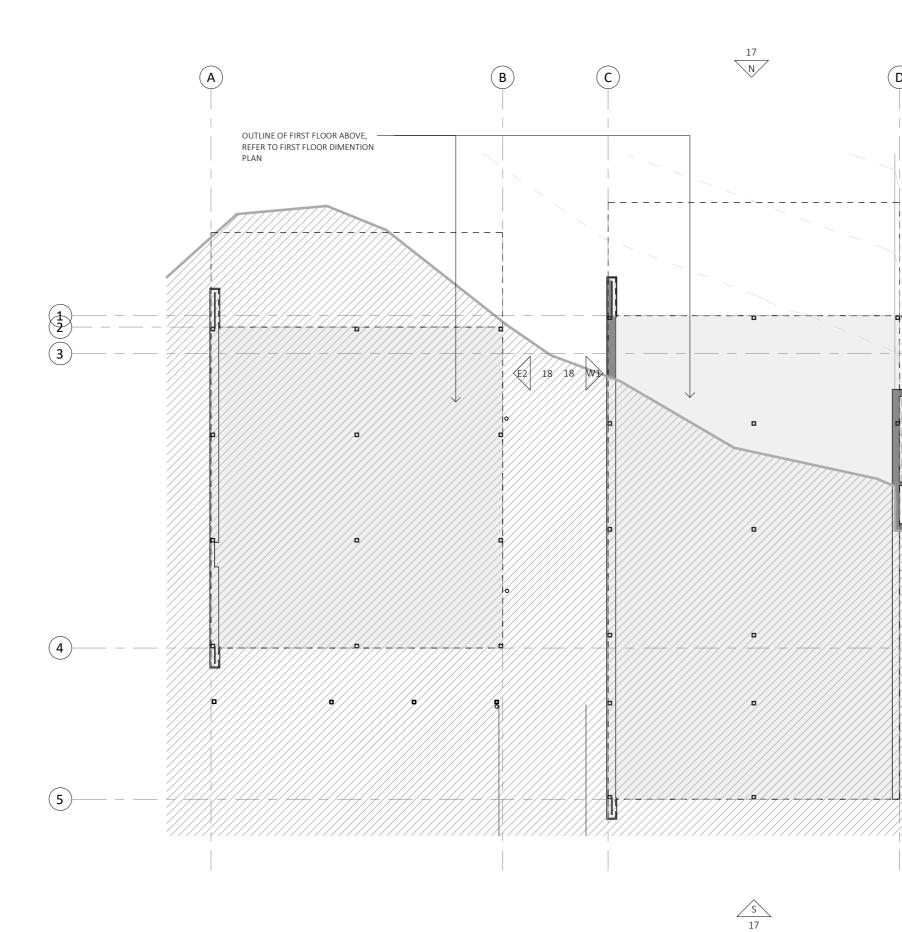
SITE REFENCE LEVEL MARKER

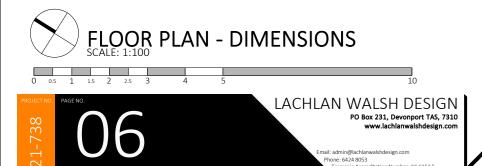
WALL DIMENSION (mm)

OPENINGS DIMENSION (mm)

----(A) GRID LINE

03 N ELEVATION ORIENTATION (REFER TO RELEVENT PAGE

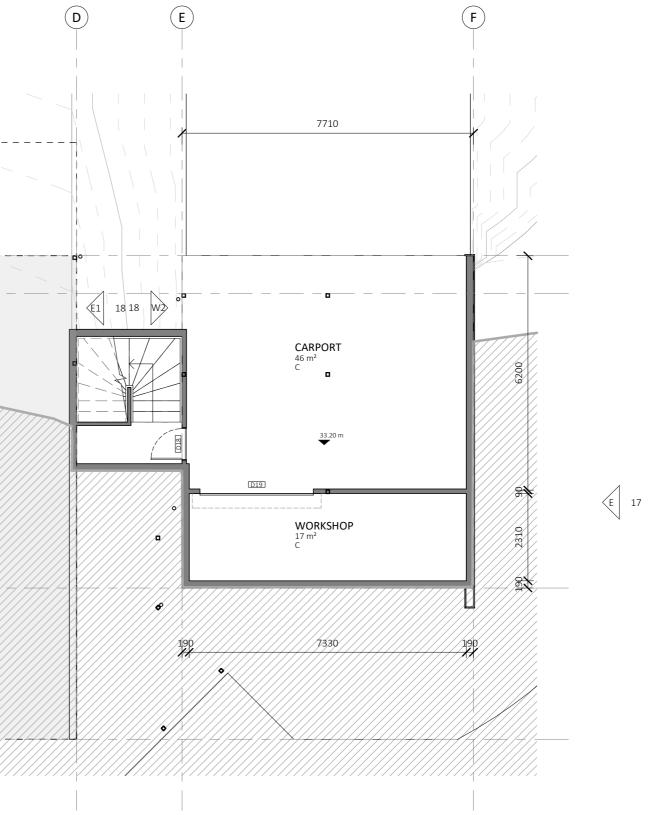




PROJECT PROPOSED RESIDENCE 46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE CLEAT MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL

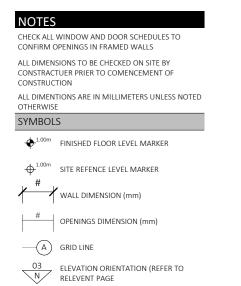


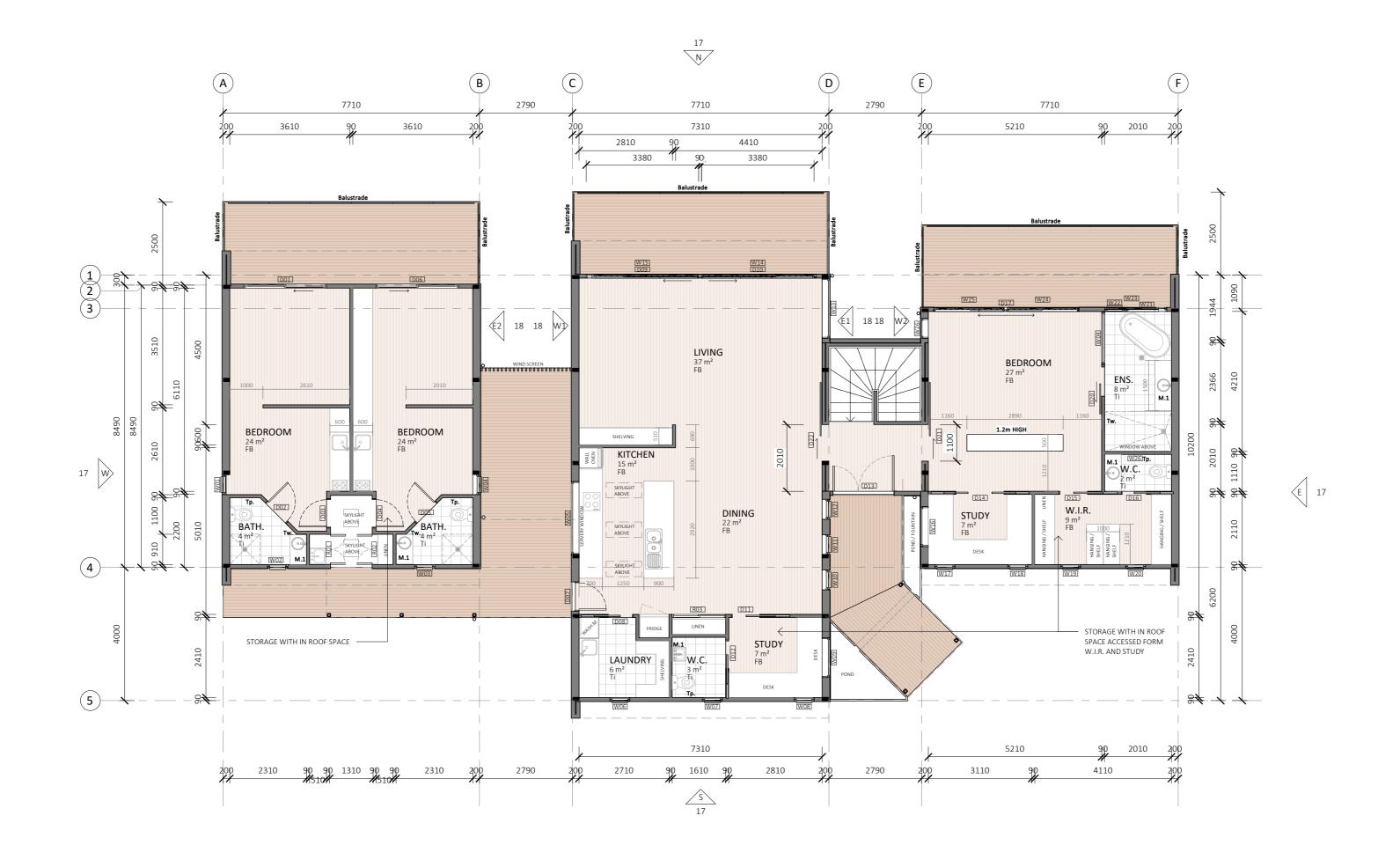
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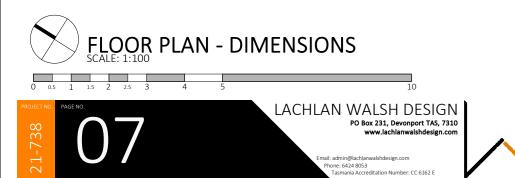


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LOOR PLAN - DIMENTIONS		L.WALSH	L.WALSH	3	21.01.2022	Client Review 3
LOOK PLAN - DIWIENTIONS			L. WV/ (LOTT	4	24.02.2022	Client Review 4
			2022	5	09.03.2022	Client Review 5
		5th December,	2022	6	17.06.2022	Tender Set 1
		DRAWINGS SET	REV. NO.	A1	05.12.2022	Development Application
	DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND HIGHTS ON SITE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORKS		Δ1			

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PROPOSED RESIDENCE 46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL



15.15.2			
CENTRAL COAST		COAST COUNCIL USE PLANNING	
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Applie	cation No:	DA2023052	
Doc I	D:	448220	

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R PLAN - DIMENSIONS		L.WALSH	L.WALSH	3	21.01.2022	Client Review 3	
		DATE				Client Review 4	
		5th December,	2022			Client Review 5	
		Jui December,	2022			Tender Set 1	
		DRAWINGS SET	REV. NO.	A1	05.12.2022	Development Application	
	DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS CONTRACTOR TO VERIEVALL DIMENSIONS AND HIGHTS ON SITE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORKS	DA Sot	A 1				

NOTES ALL GLAZED WINDOW AND DOOR ASSEMBLIES IN EXTERNAL WALLS TO COMPLY WITH AS 2047. ALL OTHER GLASS TO COMPLY WITH AS 1288 REFER TO WINDOW SCHEDULES FOR WINDOW SIZE .. ALL PRODUCTS & MATERIALS NOTED ARE TO BE INSTALLED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURES DETAILS, INSTRUCTIONS AND... FLASHING TO WALL OPENINGS ALL OPENINGS MUST BE ADEQUATELY FLASHED USING MATERIALS THAT COMPLY WITH AS/NZS 2904. FLASHING TO BE INSTALLED WITH GLAZING MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS FOR BRICK VENEER OR LIGHT WEIGHT CLADDING CONSTRUCTION. SYMBOLS GROUND AND FLOOR LEVEL HIGHT W1 WINDOW No. (REFER TO SCHEDULE) DOOR No. (REFER TO SCHEDULE) A GRID LINE S SLIDING WINDOW/DOOR

A	AWNING WINDOW
F	FIXED WINDOW
0/A	OPAQUE AWNING WINDOW
O/F	OPAQUE FIXED WINDOW
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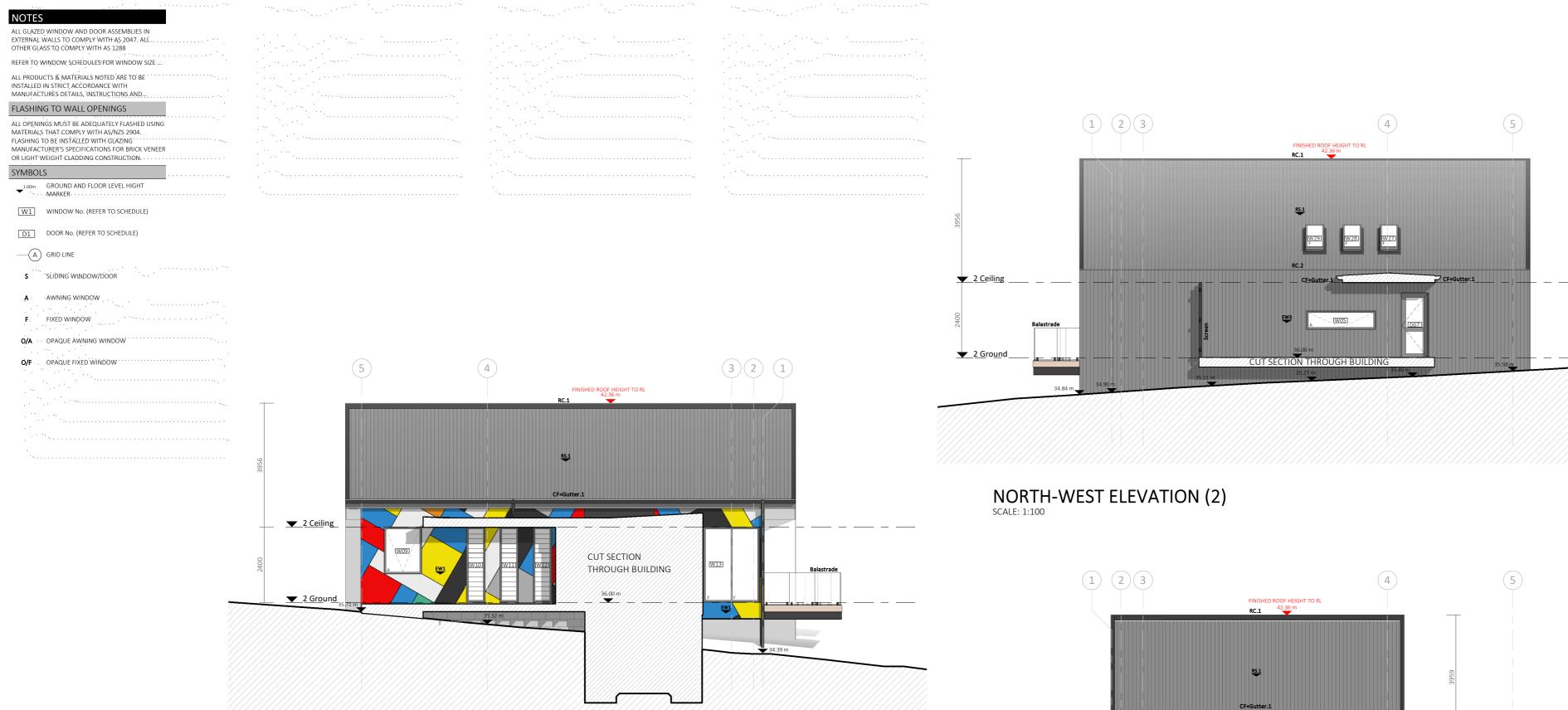




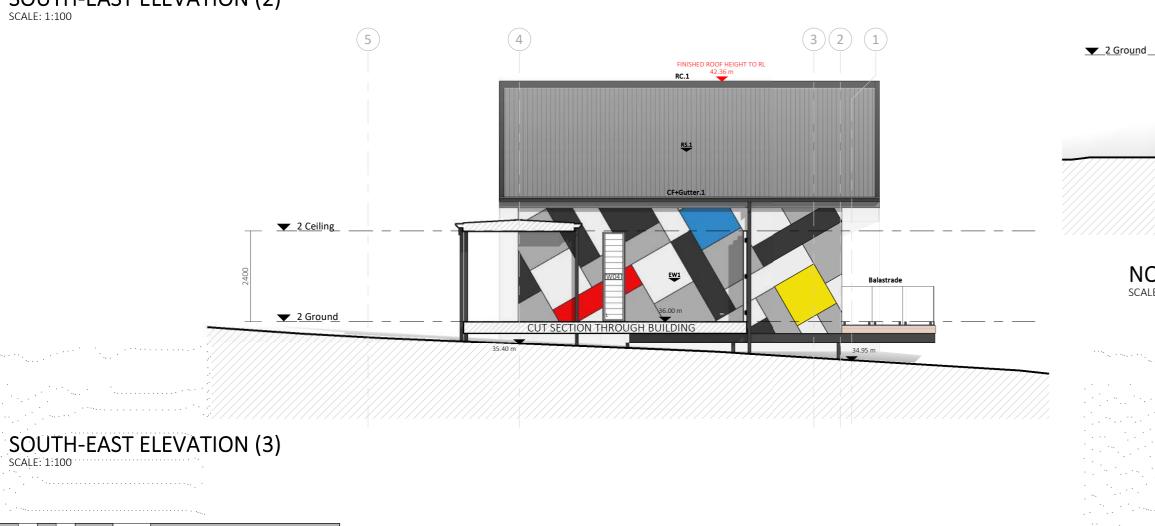


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SOUTH-EAST ELEVATION (2) SCALE: 1:100



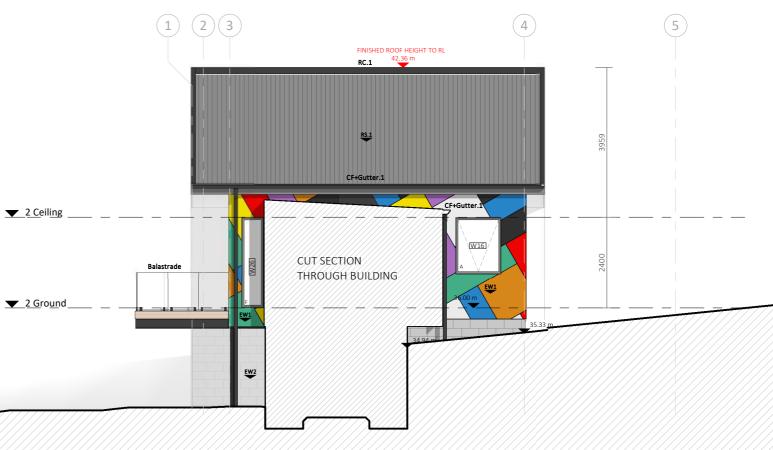
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LACHLAN WALSH DESIGN PO Box 231, Devonport TAS, 7310 www.lachlanwalshdesign.com



PROPOSED RESIDENCE 46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL



	INISHES SCHEDULE
CODE	SPECIFICATION
RS.1	Colorbond 'Custom Orb' roof sheeting installed to manufacturers specifications, 'Monument' finjsh
RS.2	Colorbond 'Trimdeck' roof sheeting installed to manufacturers specifications, 'Monument' finish (For roof pich less than 5°)
EXTERN	NAL WALL FINISH SCHEDULE
CODE	SPECIFICATION
EW.1	James Hardie - Scyon Matrix Cladding, Orentation as shown, painted finish in selected colours
	.200 Series Masonry Block Work, White mortar mix with 10mm deep raked joint finish
EW.3	Colorbond 'Custom Orb' wall cladding installed to manufacturers specifications, 'Monument' finish
FASCIA CODE	& FLASHING SCHEDULE SPECIFICATION
	Colorbond fascia board, 'Monument' finish
ŢF	Colorbond Folded Transfer Flashing, 'Monument' finish
VF	Colorbond Valley Elashing, 'Monument' finish
BC	Colorbond Folded Barge Capping, 'Monument' finish, Continue Barge Capping down nib wall
RC.1	Colorbond Folded Ridge Cap, 'Monument' finish
RC.2	Colorbond 60 Degree Folded Sheeting, 'Monument' finish
DRAIN	AGE SCHEDULE
· · · DOWN P	IPES .
CODE	SPECIFICATION
DP1	90Ø PVC Downpipe, painted finish to match wall
GUTTERS	5
CODE	SPECIFICATION
Gutter.1	Colorbond 'Trimline' Gutter (slotted Front), colour 'Monument'
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NORTH-WEST ELEVATION (3) SCALE: 1:100

1:100

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NORTH ELEVATION







PROPOSED RESIDENCE 46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL









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L.WALSH CHECKED BY 5th December, 2022 DRAWINGS SET rev. no. A1

 21.01.2022
 Client Review 3

 24.02.2022
 Client Review 4

 09.03.2022
 Client Review 5

 17.06.2022
 Tender Set 1

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SITE PERSPECTIVE 02 - BUILDING ONLY THIS VIEW IS FROM THE SAME PERSPECTIVE AS THE PREVIOUS IMAGES BUT IS SHOWING

AN EXAMPLE ON HOW THE BUILDING WILL LOOK FROM THE NEIGHBORING PROPERTY ONCE IT IS COMPLETED. THIS IMAGE IS FROM 7 BURNETT CR. BUT THE VIEW WOULD BE VERY SIMILAR FOR THE NEIGHBORING PROPERTY. THE OVERALL HEIGHT OF THE BUILDING DOES NOT SUBTRACT OR BLOCK OFF THE VIEW OF THE TOWN BELOW OR THE SEA BEYOND.



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PROPOSED RESIDENCE 46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL



EXTERNAL IMAGES 2 of 3 1:100

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SITE PLAN THIS SITE PLAN IS INDICATION THE LOCATION OF THE SITE PERSPECTIVE VIEW WHERE TAKEN FROM.

SITE PERSPECTIVE 03 - BUILDING AND FUTURE VEGITATION

THIS VIEW IS SHOWING A FUTURE REPRESENTATION OF THE SITE ONCE THE SELECTED VEGETATION HAS BEEN PLANTED AND HAS TIME TO GROW AND MATURE TO THERE PROSPECTED HEIGHTS. THE TREES SHOWN ARE ONLY A GUIDE AND THE SELECTED VEGETATION WILL BE SELECTED BY THE CLIENT. THE HEIGHT OF THESE TREES STILL ALLOW THE VIEW OF THE TOWN BELOW AS WELL AS THE SEA BEYOND WHILE ALSO SCREENING AND PROVIDING PRIVACY TO THE PROPOSED RESIDENCE BELOW.

L.WALSH L.WALSH 5th December, 2022 DA Set

O CO



SITE PERSPECTIVE 04 - NO BUILDING VIEW OF PROPOSED FACING SOUTH-WEST FROM THE CROSSOVER INTO 46A CLARA STREET. THIS IS CURRENTLY WHAT THE PROPOSED SITE LOOKS LIKE BEFORE START OF CONSTRUCTION.



46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL



SITE PLAN THIS SITE PLAN IS INDICATION THE LOCATION OF THE SITE PERSPECTIVE VIEW WHERE TAKEN FROM.



SITE PERSPECTIVE 06 - BUILDING AND FUTURE VEGITATION

THIS VIEW IS SHOWING A FUTURE REPRESENTATION OF THE SITE ONCE THE SELECTED VEGETATION HAS BEEN PLANTED AND HAS TIME TO GROW AND MATURE TO THERE PROSPECTED HEIGHTS. THE TREES SHOWN ARE ONLY A GUIDE AND THE SELECTED VEGETATION WILL BE SELECTED BY THE CLIENT. THE DENSATY OF THE VEGITATION HELPS TO HIDE THE BUILDING ON THE SITE.

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L.WALSH L.WALSH 5th December, 2022 DA Set

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DOOR SCHEDULE	DOOR FINISH & HARDWARE	WINDOW SCHEDULE	WINDOW FINISH & HARDWARE	n en
Mark Height Width Opening Type Door Panel Frame Colour Glazing Hardware	ALL GLAZED DOOR ASSEMBLIES IN EXTERNAL WALLS TO COMPLY WITH AS 2047, ALL OTHER GLAZING TO COMPLY	Mark Width Height Head Height Opening Type Frame Glazing Colour Hardware	ALL GLAZED WINDOWS ASSEMBLIES IN EXTERNAL WALLS TO COMPLY WITH AS 2047, ALL OTHER GLAZING TO COMPLY	
External Slider (2	WITH AS 1288.	W01 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1	WITH AS 1288.	CENTRAL COAST CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL
D01 2400	ALL EXTERNAL OPENINGS TO BE ADQUATELY FLASHED USING MATERIALS THAT COMPLY WITH AS 2904	W02 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G2 C1	ALL EXTERNAL OPENINGS TO BE ADQUATELY FLASHED USING MATERIALS THAT COMPLY WITH AS 2904	LAND USE PLANNING
D02 2040 820 Hinged P.1 F.1 C.2 H.1 D03 . 2040 . 820 External Hinged P.4 F.3 . C.1 G.3 H.2	······ REFER TO ENERGY ASSESSMENT FOR REQUIERED U-VALUE······	W03 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G2 C1 W04 1600 2400 Fixed (Internal) F1 G1 C1	REFER TO ENERGY ASSESSMENT FOR REQUIERED U-VALUE	
D04 2040 820 External Hinged P.4 F.3 C.1 G.3 H.2	AND SHGC REQUIERMENTS	W04 600 2400 Iouvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1	AND SHGC REQUIERMENTS	Received: 16/03/2023
D05 2040 820 Hinged P.1 F.1 C.2 H.1 D05 2040 External Slider (2 P.2 F.1 C.2 H.1	FRAME	W05 2200 600 1500 Awning F1 G1 C1 H1+H2 W06 600 2400 Iouvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1 H1+H2	FRAME	
.D06 .2400	CODE SPECIFICATION	W07 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G2 C1	CODE SPECIFICATION	Application No: DA2023052
D07 2040 820 External Hinged P.4 F.3 C.1 G.3 H.2 D08 2040 720 Cavity Slider P.1 F.2 C.2 H.3	HUME Timber Frame 'Hinge', Pre Primed, Paint		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
D09 · · · · 2400 · · · · 3300 · · · External Slider (3 P.2 F.3 · · · · C.1 · · · · G.3 · · · · · H:2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HUME Timber Cavity Sliding Unit, Pre Primed,	W10 600 2400 June 1 61		Doc ID: 448220
D10 2400 3300 External Slider (3 D10 2400 area (1) P.2 F.3 C.1 G.3 H.2	Paint finish colour to match wall Aluminium Door Frame, Powdercoat finish,	W11 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1 W12 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1	COLOUR & FINISH	
D10 2400 S500 panel) P.2 P.3 C.1 G.5 H.2 D11 2040 820 Cavity Slider P.1 F.2 C.2 H.3	F.3 Administration Door Prane, Powdercoar missi, colour 'Monument'	W12 000 2400 Notice (2400 Hil) F1 G1 C1 W13 1800 2400 2400 Fixed F1 G1 C1	CODE SPECIFICATION	
D11 2040 820 Cavity slider F.1 F.2 C.2 H.3 D12 2040 820 Cavity Slider P.1 F.2 C.2 H.3	F.4 HUME Smartrobe Track Assembly, colour to	W14 Fixed F1 G1 C1 W15 Fixed F1 G1 C1		
D13 2100 1840 External Hinged P.5 F.3 C.1 H.2 D14 2040 1440 Double cavity slider P.1 F.2 C.2 H.3	match wall	W15 Fixed F1 G1 C1 W16 1200 1500 2400 Awning F1 G1 C1 H1 + H2	C.1 Powdercoat finish 'Monument'	
D14 2040 1440 Double cavity sider P.1 P.2 C.2 H.3 D15 2040 820 Cavity Sider P.1 F.2 C.2 H.3	DOOR PANEL	W17 600 1500 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1 W18 600 1500 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1	GLAZING	
D16 2040 720 Cavity Slider P.1 F.2 C.2 H.3	CODE SPECIFICATION	W18 600 1500 100vre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1 W19 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1	CODE SPECIFICATION	
D17 2400 4300 External Slider (4 P.2 F:3 C.1 G.3. H.2.	HUME Timber Honycomb Internal Door, Pre Primed, 35mm	W20 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1	G.1 Double Glazed, Clear	
D18 2040 820 External Hinged P.4 F.3 C.1 G.3 H.2 D19 2100 -3000 Rolla Door P.3	P.2 Aluminium Sliding, Powdercoat finish, colour	W21 1200 2400 Fixed F1 G1 C1 W22 600 2400 louvre (2400 HH) F1 G1 C1	G.2 Double Glazed, Opaque	
D19 2100 3000 Rolla Dool P.5 D20 Barn Door P.6 F.1 C.2	Monument	W23 Fixed F1 G1 C1	HARDWARE & EXTRAS	
D21 Barn Door P.6 F.1 C.2	P.3 Automatic Garage Door, Powdercoat finish, colour 'Monument'	W24 Fixed F1 G1 C1 W25 Fixed F1 .G1 C1	CODE SPECIFICATION	
D22 Barn Door P.6 F.1 C.2 R01 2100 900 Linen Double Hinged P.1 F.1 C.2	Aluminium Hinged, Powdercoat finish, colour P.4 'Monument' Glass infill	W26 600 2400 2400 Fixed F1 G1 C1	Scissor Winder 'Awning', 125mm max. opening for windows that are 2m or greater from finished	
R02 2100 900 Linen Double Hinged P.1 F.1 C.2 P02 2050 1520 P.1 F.1 C.2 C.2	HUME Timber Solid Core External Door: Pra	W26 2010 400 2400 Fixed (Internal) F1 G1 C1 W27 550 1400 Skylight F1 G1 C1	ground	
R03 2060 1530 Robe Slider P.1 F.4 C.2	P.5 Primed, 35mm	W28 550 1400 Skylight F1 G1 C1	H.2 Flyscreen to open portion of window, type to be complient to BAL rating is relevent to project	
	P.6 35mm	W29 ···· 550 1400 Skylight F1 C1 W30 600		
n an the second seco Second second	COLOUR & FINISH	W31 600 600 Skylight F1 G1 C1		
	CODE SPECIFICATION			
	C.1 Powdercoat finish 'Monument'	·		н. Такий станов
	C.2 Paint finish 'Vivid White'	,		,
	GLAZING			
	CODE SPECIFICATION		- ^{90.00}	
	G.1 Single Glazed, Clear	500		
	G.2 Single Glazed, Opaque	······································		
	G.3 Double Glazed, Opaque			
	HARDWARE			
n en her her sen her	CODE SPECIFICATION		30.00-	
	H.1 Susie Round Door Handle, Colour 'Black' (or similar Approved)	\rightarrow		1904
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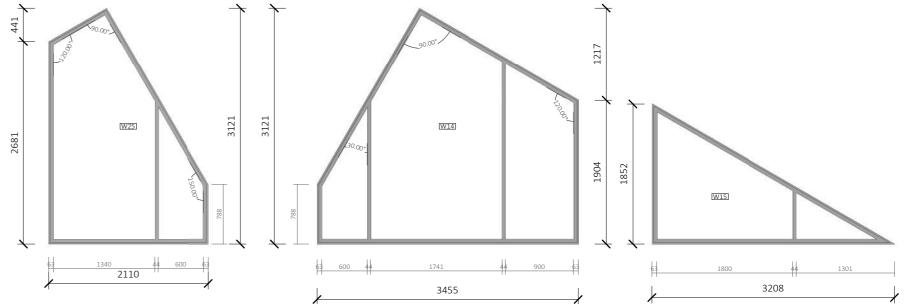
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05.12.2022

NCC COMPLIANCE NOTES

SITEWORKS

Excavation and filling of a 'normal' site to be in accordance with BCA Part 3.1 & AS 2870 Drainage works to be completed in accordance with BCA Part 3.1 & AS/NZS 3500. Surface drainage - finished ground to fall away from building to give a slope of not less than 50mm over the first 1000mm Finished slab heights to be -100mm above finished ground level (in low rainfall areas/sandy well drained areas)

50mm above paved surfaces which slope away from the building. 150mm in any other case

Ground below suspended floors to be graded to prevent surface water from ponding under the building.

Stormwater drainage must meet the satisfaction of the appropriate authority and must be designed to prevent any overflow during heavy rain from flowing back into the building.

Cover to 90mm Class 6 UPVC stormwater drains installed underground are to be no less

- 100mm under soil:

50mm under paved areas Under light vehicle traffic areas:

75mm under reinforced concrete -100mm under paved material.

FOOTINGS AND SLABS

Footings and slabs are generally to be installed in accordance with BCA Part 3.2, AS 2870 & AS 2159

Preparation must be in accordance with BCA Part 3.2.2, AS 2870 & AS 2159 Concrete manufacturing and installation to be in accordance with AS 3600 Steel reinforcement to be in accordance with AS 2870 The site classification to be in accordance with AS 2870

MASONRY

Generally masonry walls are to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.3 and one of the following: a) AS 3700 or b) AS 4773.1 & AS 4773.2. Un-reinforced masonry to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.3.1 $\,$ Reinforced masonry to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.3.2. Masonry accessories to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.3.3. Weatherproofing of masonry to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.3.4. Masonry veneer to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.3.5 -mortar used for masonry construction must be in accordance with either AS 3700 or AS

4773 Isolated masonry piers construction to be in accordance where appropriate with BCA Part

3.3.6. and a) AS 3700 except when '(for piers - isolated or engaged)' is removed from clause

8.5.1(d); and where clause 8.5.1 requires design as for unreinforced masonry in accordance with Section 7, the member must also be designed as unreinforced masonry in accordance with Tables 10.3 and 4.1(a)(i)(C) of AS 3700 b) AS 4773.1 & AS 4773.2

FRAMING

Subfloor ventilation to be in accordance with BCA Part 3.4.1. Subfloor spaces are to include openings in external walls and internal walls in accordance with climatic zones (see BCA Part 3.4.1.2) and have clearance between the ground and the base of the lowest horizontal part of the subfloor in accordance to BCA Part 3.4.1.2.

The subfloor area is to be clear of organic materials and rubbish, have the ground below the suspended floor graded in accordance with BCA part 3.1.3.3, contain no dead air spaces, vents are to be placed no more than 600mm from corners and have openings evenly spaced as far as possible

A 150 mm clearance is required for underside of floor framing members unless specified otherwise by flooring material specification.

Steel framing is to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.4.2. and with either (a) Residential and low-rise steel framing - (i) Design: NASH Standard 'Residential and Low Rise Steel Framing' Part 1.

(ii) Design solutions: NASH Standard 'Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing' Part 2. (b) Steel structures are to be constructed in accordance with AS 4100

(c) Cold-formed steel structures are to be constructed in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Timber Framing is to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.4.3 and as appropriate (a) Design of timber structures: AS 1720.1.

(b) Design of nailplated timber roof trusses: AS 1720.5.

(c) Residential timber-framed construction – non-cyclonic areas: AS 1684.4. (d) Residential timber-framed construction – cyclonic areas: AS 1684.3

(e) Residential timber-framed construction - non-cyclonic areas (simplified) AS 1684.4 (f) Installation of particleboard flooring: AS 1850.2.2

Structural steel members are to be constructed in accordance with one of the following: (a) Steel structures: AS 4100 (b) Cold-formed steel structures: AS/NZS 4600

ROOF AND WALL CLADDING, GUTTERS AND DOWNPIPES

Roof and cladding generally to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.5 Metal sheet roofing to be constructed in accordance to AS 1562.1 Plastic sheet roofing to be constructed in accordance to AS/NZS 1562.3

Roof tiles and shingles to be constructed in accordance with one or a combination of: (a) Roof tiling – AS 2050

(b) Terracotta, fibre-cement and timber slates and shingles: AS 4597 Elashing for roof tiles to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.5.2.3

Sarking must be provided in accordance with BCA Part 3.5.2.4 Gutters and downpipes to be constructed in accordance with BCA 3.5.3 & AS/NZS 3500.3 &

the Tasmanian Plumbing code.

Gutters, downpipes and flashings to be manufactured in accordance with AS/NZS 2179.1

(for metal) and AS 1273 for UPVC components

Downpipes must not service more than 12m of gutter. Timber and composite wall cladding to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.5.4. Autoclaved aerated concrete wall cladding is to be constructed in accordance with AS

5146.1.

Timber wall cladding to be constructed in accordance with BCA

Part 3.5.4.2

Wall cladding boards to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.5.4.3 Sheet wall cladding must be constructed in accordance with BCA 3.4.4.4

External wall cladding that has openings exposed to the weather must be flashed with materials complying with AS/NZS 2904.

Metal wall cladding must be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.5.5 & AS 1562.1..

GLAZING

Generally glazing to be completed in accordance with BCA 3.6, AS 2047 (external walls) & AS 1288.

Refer to window legend for sizes and type.

FIRE SAFETY

enerally to constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.7 See BCA Part 3.7.1.1 for further information on using combustible materials or those containing combustible fibres when a non-combustible material is required.

Sarking to have a flammability index less than 5. Fire separation of external walls to be constructed in accordance with BCA 3.7.2. (a)External walls and gables and any openings they may have, must comply with BCA Part 3.7.2.4. These walls must be fire-resisting and must begin at the footings/ground slab, except when the external wall begins above a separating wall.

Any wall required by (a) is to:

Have a FRL of no less than 60/60/60 be of masonry-veneer construction in which the external masonry veneer is no less than

90mm thick. or be of masonry (or external masonry veneer) construction no less than 90mm thick.

Smoke alarm installation to be in accordance with BCA Part 3.7.5.2. Locations indicated on floor plan.

Installation locations

ceilings - minimum of 300mm away from corner junction of wall and ceiling sloping ceilings - between 500 and 1500mm away from the apexes of the ceiling. walls - minimum of 300mm and maximum of 500mm off the ceiling at the junction with the

External walls with openings are required to be fire-resistant and must be protected by non-opening fire windows/other construction with a FRL no less than -/60/- or;

Self-closing solid core doors no less than 35 mm thick. When a Class 10 Building is located between an allotment boundary and a Class 1 or other

building on the same allotment, whether directly or indirectly, the Class 1 building must be tected by a wall with a FRL

- Allowable encroachments are detailed in BCA Part 3.7.2.7 Roof lights not to be placed closer than 900mm from boundary
- Construction in Bush Fire Area to be in accordance with AS 3959.

HEALTH AND AMENITY

Building elements in wet areas of a building must be either waterproof or water resistant in accordance with BCA Part 3.8.1.2 (Table 3.8.1.1) and comply with AS 3740.

Ceiling heights to be in accordance with BCA Part 3.8.2 Areas such as non-habitable rooms are allowed a reduced height of 2.1m and 2.0m is

allowed above stairways, ramps and landings. Any information of requirements for people with a disability in Class 1b and Class 10a

buildings can be found in volume One of the BCA. Additional to the BCA document there is a variation for Tasmania, BCA Part 3.8.3.4

If there is an insufficient sewerage system for a property, an authorised alternative of disposal can be used. For further details, refer to BCA Part 3.8.3.4. Sanitary compartment to be in accordance with BCA 3.8.3.3. Refer to plan for detail

Mechanical ventilation can be used to ventilate a sanitary compartment, laundry, kitchen of bathroor

Natural light must be provided in all habitable rooms in accordance with the BCA Part 3.8.4.2.

Windows are to provide light transmission area equal to 10% of floor area of room A window which provides natural light, that faces a boundary of an adjoining property can not be less than 900mm horizontally distanced from that boundary. Ventilation is to be completed in accordance to BCA Part 3.8.5

Sound installation is to be constructed in accordance to BCA Part 3.8.6

Condensation management is to be completed in accordance to BCA part 3.8.7, while also referring to the document "Guide for Control of Condensation and Mould in Tasmanian



LACHLAN WALSH DESIGN

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PROPOSED RESIDENCE 46A CLARA STREET, WEST ULVERSTONE MAT ROBERTSON & JANE HALL

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865mm above the floor

nosing strip.

climbing.

climbing.

surface beneath.

BCA, irrespective of the definition in the Standard." Most domestic structures are not required to be specifically designed for earthquakes. the ABCB Standard for Construction of Buildings in Flood Hazard Areas. Buildings constructed in alpine areas require special consideration because of temperatures which can create elements which restrict free movement to and from the building The additional measures in the BCA Part 3.10.4 include

the dwelling)

accordance with the BCA Part 3.10.6. constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.10.7.

opening. Freestanding appliance to be installed no less than 1200mm from combustible wall surface. 50mm from masonry wall. Heat shield - 90mm masonry, with 25 mm minimum clearance between heat shield and wall, 50mm between heat shield and appliance. Hearth to extend 400mm above and in front of unit. Flue installation in accordance to BCA Part 3.10.7.5 Top of chimney/flue to terminate no less than 300mm above the ridge line.

ENERGY EFFICENCY

instead of Part 3.12 of NCC 2019. From 1 May 2020 Part 3.12 of NCC 2019 applies.

Note -3.12 of BCA 2019

BUILDING FABRIC

equal to –

6 stars.

fittings.

and cooling Load Limits

SAFE MOVEMENT AND ACCESS

Stair construction usually to be in accordance with BCA Part 3.9.1

Maximum of 18 risers to each flight Riser dimensions to be a minimum of 115mm and a maximum of 190mm.

Tread dimensions to be a minimum of 240mm and a maximum of 355mm. Riser opening to be less than 125mm.

Treads and landings where the edge leads to the flight below, are to have a non-slip surface or a

External ramps servicing an external doorway or an internal ramp must be designed within accordance of AS/NZS 1170.1. Barriers and handrails are to be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.9.2 and 3.9.2.4

Balustrade is required where the area is not bounded by a wall or where the level exceeds 1000mm above floor level to final ground level. Openings between balusters / infill members to be constructed so as not to allow 125mm

sphere to pass between members. Where floor level exceeds 4000mm above lower level, infill members between 150mm and 760mm above floor level, to be constructed so as to restrict

Protection must be provided where the floor below the window is 4m or more above the

The openable part of the window is to be covered by a barrier with a height no less than The barrier must not allow a 125mm sphere to pass through it, or have any horizontal/near horizontal elements between 150mm and 760mm above the floor that can provide access to

ANCILLARY PROVISIONS AND ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

"The BCA definition of swimming pool is specific in including a bath or wading pool or a spa. The requirements of AS 1926.3 apply to all types of pools defined as swimming pools under the

Class 1 buildings constructed in a flood hazard area are to be constructed in accordance with

-having external doorways open in a way which is not affected by snow and ice outside - Providing a structure which doesn't become affected by weather conditions (i.e. a ramp from

minimising the impact of snow build-up between and around buildings Construction in bushfire prone areas of a Class 1 building, a class 10a building or deck associated with a class 1 building is to be constructed in accordance with- AS 3959 or NASH

Standard – Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas. The attachment of decks and balconies to external walls of buildings is to be constructed in

Bracing for a deck or balcony is to be constructed in accordance to BCA Part 3.10.6.4 Boilers, pressure vessels, heating appliances, fireplaces, chimneys and flues are to be

Heating appliances to comply with BCA Part 3.10.7 & AS/NZS 2918

Open Fireplace - extend hearth 150mm to each side of opening. Minimum 300mm in front of

Note- From 1 May 2019 to 30 April 2020 Part 3.12 of NCC 2016 Volume Two may apply

In Tasmania from 1 May 2019 to 30 April 2020 Part 3.12 of BCA 2016 may apply in lieu of Part From 1 May 2020 Part 3.12 of BCA 2019 applies

Generally in accordance with BCA Part 3.12.

A building must achieve an energy rating, using house energy rating software of greater than or

The heating and cooling load limits are specified in the ANCN Standard for NatHERS Heating

The building fabric is to be constructed in accordance with BCA 3.12.1 Building fabric thermal insulation must comply with AS/N7S 4859 1 and be installed to form

continuous barrier to roof/ceiling, walls and floors without voids except around services /

Reflective building insulation is to be installed where required with the necessary airspace, to achieve the required R-Value between a reflective side and a building lining or cladding. The airspace width varies depending on the type of insulation and the R-Value needed.

When required, bulk insulation must be installed so that is maintains it's position and thickness. other than where it crosses roof battens, water pipes, electrical cabling or the like. When installed in a ceiling, where there is no bulk insulation or reflective insulation in the external wall beneath, the insulation is to overlap by a minimum of 50mm. Roof construction to achieve minimum Total R-Value of 5.1. Roof lights to comply with BCA 3.12.1.3 Chimneys or flues to be fitted with sealing damper or flap. Roof lights to habitable rooms to be fitted with operable or permanent seal to minimize air eakage. External windows & doors to habitable rooms / conditioned spaces to be fitted with air seal to restrict air infiltration Exhaust fans and evaporative coolers servicing habitable rooms / conditioned spaces to be fitted with self-closing damper or filter Building envelope to be constructed to minimize air leakage. Construction joints and junctions of adjoining surfaces to be tight fitting and sealed by caulking, skirting, architraves and cornices Air movement is generally to be provided to habitable rooms in accordance with BCA Part 3.12.4 External walls are to be constructed in accordance to BCA Part 3.12.1.4 In climate zones 6 & 7 external wall construction is required achieve minimum Total R-Value of 28

Each adjoining sheet of roll membrane must be overlapped greater than or equal to 150mm.

and in climate zones 8, achieve a minimum Total R-Value of 3.8. External wall surface density minimum is to be 220kg/m2. External glazing to generally be constructed in accordance with BCA Part 3.12.1.4 Services are generally to be installed in accordance with BCA Part 3.12.5 Heating and cooling ductwork must be installed in accordance with BCA Part 3.12.5.3 For information regarding the treatment of condensation in buildings in Tasmania, please refer to "Condensation in Buildings Tasmanian Designers' Guide – Version 2.

CENTRAL COAST **CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL** LAND USE PLANNING

Received: Application No:

COUNCIL

DA2023052

16/03/2023

Doc ID:

448220

L.WALSH L.WALSH 5th December, 2022 A1 DA Set



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		ation No: DA2023052

9 February 2023

Mathew Robertson & Jane Hall 50 Girraween Avenue Como West NSW 2226

Attention: Mathew Robertson

RE: Review of Landslide Risk Assessment

Proposed Dwelling

46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone

1 INTRODUCTION

Tasman Geotechnics were commissioned by Mathew Robertson & Jane Hall to examine a development proposal in the context of a Landslide Risk Assessment previously conducted by EAW Geo Services in 2019 to determine whether conditions at the site had changed since the original assessment, and to determine whether the development proposal was consistent with recommendations made in the original assessment.

The site of the proposed development is 46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone (title reference 180523/2).

2 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 Previous Assessment

In mid to late 2019 EAW Geo Services Pty Ltd (Warren Newell) conducted a Geotechnical Investigation and Landslide Risk Assessment for a proposed three-lot subdivision at Clara Street, West Ulverstone for PDA Surveyors. The investigation details and findings are set out in the document "Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering Recommendations for Title Reference 252413/1 Clara Street, West Ulverstone, TAS, 7315", reference 489 dated 10 July 2019.

The report describes the surface conditions, the findings of borehole drilling at the site and a summary of the subsurface conditions and provides engineering recommendations regarding the subdivision of the land and future buildings. At the time of the investigation, no specific buildings were proposed although the purpose was to allow for future residential development on each of the three lots.

2.2 Development Proposal

Mathew Robertson & Jane Hall now own Lot 2 of the proposed lots examined by EAW Geo Services (EAW), being 46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone (title reference 180523/2). The other two lots are now known as No. 46 Clara Street and No. 48 Clara Street.

Tasman Geotechnics Pty Ltd ABN 96 130 022 589 16 Herbert Street, Invermay PO Box 4026, Invermay TAS 7248 T 6338 2398 E office@tasmangeotechnics.com.au Reference: TG22225/1 - 01letter

A dwelling has been designed for Mathew Robertson & Jane Hall by Lachlan Walsh Design, and is shown on a series of plans (reference 21-738 DA Set, Rev A1, dated 5 December 2022).

Given that EAW is no longer in operation and several years have passed since the original assessment, Tasman Geotechnics was commissioned to determine whether the conditions at the site are as described in the EAW report, and whether the development proposal is compliant with the recommendations given by EAW, and to make any other recommendations as necessary.

2.3 Planning Scheme

The Tasmanian Planning Scheme is effective in the Central Coast Municipality since October 2021 (i.e., after the original EAW report was issued). Clause C15.6.1 of the scheme stipulates that the objective for building and works within a landslip hazard area is:

"That building and works on land within a landslip hazard area can:

- (a) minimise the likelihood of triggering a landslip event; and
- (b) achieve and maintain a tolerable risk from a landslip."

There are no acceptable solutions. The performance criteria state that:

P1.1

Building and works within a landslip hazard area must minimise the likelihood of triggering a landslip event and achieve and maintain a tolerable risk from landslip, having regard to:

- (a) the type, form, scale and intended duration of the development;
- (b) whether any increase in the level of risk from a landslip requires any specific hazard reduction or protection measures;
- (c) any advice from a State authority, regulated entity or a council; and
- (d) the advice contained in a landslip hazard report.

P1.2

A landslip hazard report also demonstrates that the buildings and works do not cause or contribute to landslip on the site, on adjacent land or public infrastructure.

P1.3

If landslip reduction or protection measures are required beyond the boundary of the site the consent in writing of the owner of that land must be provided for that land to be managed in accordance with the specific hazard reduction or protection measures.

In this instance, the landslip hazard report refers to the EAW report, supplemented by our review (this letter). The EAW report assessed the landslide risks at the site as tolerable, subject to certain conditions.

2.4 Changes in Surface Conditions

The site was inspected by a Principal Geotechnical Engineer from Tasman Geotechnics on Wednesday November 9th, 2022, and the site conditions were found to be consistent with the description in the EAW report, with no significant changes.

2.5 Specific Conditions per EAW Report

2.5.1 Building Envelope

The EAW report shows and sets out specific building envelopes for each lot, including for Lot 2. These are shown as indicative features on Figure 1 (page 5) of the EAW report. Section 3.6 of the report

discusses the building envelopes. The architectural drawings (specifically 21-738 Page 01 Site Plan – Proposed) shows that the proposed house is contained within the building envelope specified in the EAW report.

Driveways and parking areas are proposed to be constructed on the north-eastern and south-western sides of the house respectively, mostly via cut earthworks. There is no requirement for these to be within the building envelope.

2.5.2 Cut and Fill

The EAW report provides various limitations in terms of cut and fill (section 3.1):

Basic earthworks principles should be followed. These will be: -

-) Cuts that are unprotected should be no higher than 1.5 metres at grades of not steeper than 1 vertical to 3 horizontal.
- Cuts steeper than those above must be retained with retaining walls having vertical drainage at 1.0 metre intervals and also have foundation horizontal drained installed.
-) Fill batters must follow the recommendations for the cut batters above.
-) All retaining walls over 1.0 metres in height must be designed and certified by a Structural Engineer
-) All fill on a slope must be engineered and raised on benched platforms in accordance with "AS 3798 Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments".
-) Any building envelop [sic] earthworks must also follow "AS 3798 Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments"

3 DISCUSSION

3.1 Proposed Design

The architectural drawings show that the proposed cut and fill batters associated with the driveways and parking areas comply with the above requirements except where the batter locally steepens and merges with the retaining walls associated with the carport/workshop excavations.

We have not viewed engineering drawings for the proposal, but based on the architectural drawings it appears that the only retaining walls greater than 1m high are for cuts associated with the carport/workshop excavation.

3.2 Conclusion

In our assessment that the steep batters near retaining walls associated with the carport/workshop are acceptable, provided the batter is protected against erosion with vegetation (such as grass) or artificial protection (such as mulch, but could also be more resilient materials).

Apart from the retaining walls for the carport/workshop, the proposed house otherwise appears to minimize earthworks, which is considered desirable from a land stability perspective.

The EAW report recommendations regarding batters for temporary cuts and fills (section 3.2), retaining wall drainage (section 3.3), service trenches (section 3.4) and stormwater (section 3.6) do not require revision or modification in the context of the proposed development. We concur with the EAW report that such structures should be designed by a registered engineer.

Based upon on our review of the EAW report for the subdivision and the development proposal, we conclude that the development proposal is compliant with the limitations and recommendations set out by EAW, which found that the landslide risks at the site were tolerable, subject to certain restrictions.

In regard to the specific performance criteria, it is our assessment that the proposed development can achieve and maintain a tolerable risk from landslip, subject to the conditions set out by EAW (which the present proposal complies with).

No specific hazard or reduction protection measures are required (other than as discussed), and the proposed buildings and works will not cause or contribute to landslip on the site, on adjacent land or public infrastructure.

No landslip reduction or protection measures are required beyond the boundary of the site.

Should you require further information or clarification of any details, please do not hesitate to contact undersigned.

For and on behalf of Tasman Geotechnics Pty Ltd

Mayne briffie

Wayne Griffioen Principal Geotechnical Engineer



EAW Geo Services Trading Name of Earth Air Water Consulting and Monitoring Pty Ltd CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL LAND USE PLANNING COUNCIL Central Coast Council PLANNING PERMIT 6/03/2023 Received: Permit No. Date Application No: DA2023052 DA2019030 1 9 SEP 2019 Doc ID: 447219 This document forms part of the Planning Permit referred to above and is subject to the modifications penditions and restrictions specified. & Engineering Recommendations ervices for Title Reference 252413/1 Clara Street, West Ulverstone, TAS, 7315 July 2019 Title CENTRAL COAST COUNCIL DEVELOPMENT & REGULATORY SERVICES Received: 3 0 JUL 2019 Application No: DA2019030

Doc. Id

Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering Recommendations

for Title Reference 252413 / 1 Clara Street, West Ulverstone, TAS, 7315

Issue No:1Issue Date:10/07/2019Client:PDA Surveyors

Job No: 489

EAW Geo Services 44 Manouka Drive PORT SORELL, TAS, 7307 Postal: PO Box 341 SHEARWATER, TAS, 7307

Telephone:0419 242 732E-mail:warren.eaw@gmail.com

Report Prepared by: Warren Newell; MAppSc; FIEAust; CPEng (595788)

nop-1-

Approved:

Warren Newell NZCE(Civil); NZCSc(Water Tech); MAppSc (UNSW): FIEAust; CPEng(Aus); NER; APECEngineer; Int PE(Aus): Accreditation Under Building Act 2016 "**CC4035R"**

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1.0 Site Classification, Hazard and Identity Summary

NOTE: This investigation, Landslide Assessment and classification applies to only land within Title Reference 252413/1, Clara Street. Ulverstone. The comments and recommendations made herein must not be transferred to any adjacent property or construed be representative of any other land or lot.

<u>SITE OWNER:</u> <u>SITE OWNER ADDRESS:</u>	BG Investments BG Investments, c/- PDA Surveyors, 63 Don Road, Devonport, TAS 7310
SITE ADDRESS:	Title Reference 252413/1 Clara Street, Ulverstone, TAS 7315
PROPERTY ID No:	6958703
TITLE REFERENCE:	252413 / 1
SITE CLASSIFICATION:	CLASS "P" Due to Landslide Hazard and cut an fill. Under Laying Classification "H1"
<u>Ys RANGE (normal):</u>	29mm to 53mm (across 5 samples).
<u>Iss RANGE:</u>	0.5 to 2.9 (across 5 samples)
WIND CLASSIFICATION:	N2
AVERAGE GROUND SLOPE:	The Lot has a moderate to steep slope towards the north and north east. The <u>average</u> land slope is estimated to be approximately 1 in 7.5 (8°). The lower slopes nearer Clara Street have a gradient of approximately 1 in 10 (5.5°).
EARTHWORKS:	Historic earthworks may have been undertaken along the northern boundary of the Lots on Burnett Street that over look the south side of the investigated Lot.
WATER TABLE:	Not Encountered. (Some Seepage see bore logs)
LANDSLIDE ACTIVITY	Minor Landslide in Early 1970's in eastern portion of Lot.
LANDSLIDE RISK BEFORE LOT DEVELOPMENT:	Mapped Risk <u>Before</u> Subdivision Development <u>Low to Medium</u>
<u>LANDSLIDE RISK AFTER</u> ENGINEERING WORKS	Assessed Risk After Subdivision Development Low to Very Low Risk (TOLERABLE / ACCEPTABLE)

Engineering recommendations and Building Envelops defined.

& LOT DEVELOPMENT:

2.0 Current Site Conditions

The Lot subject to this investigation is an area of approximately 3.8 hectares of sloping land with a north easterly aspect, located in West Ulverstone. The land appears to have been clear grazing land in the 1970's however is now surrounded by urban development and has some secondary growth scrub and trees established either on the lot or adjacent to the northern boundary.

It is proposed that the Lot be split into three (3) building Lots ranging between 10,000 m^2 and 16,000 m^2 . Access for all lots will be from Clara Street. See Figure 1 on the following page.

The proposed development indicates the preferred location for the dwellings as being situated on an area between the 35 metre and 40 metre contours, which is an area about 30 metre to 65 metre width, with a northerly and north easterly outlook and on land that appears to be stable.

There is a significant change along the Burnett Crescent development boundary where the slope changes to approximately 1 in 3, or 18° or slightly steeper. Slopes below the 35 m elevation are slightly less than the 18° and these slopes have been identified as the slope of failure in the earlier reports relating to the 1973 Landslide investigations mentioned in the following paragraph.

Historically the land appears to have been largely stable although in June 1973, MRT documentation shows there was a request to examine a small landslide in a portion of a 19° slope about 150 metres north east of the end of Maud Street, Amy Street and Burnett Cres. This location has been further examined as part of this report.

In 1974, a further report was filed documenting the investigation of that landslide and these reports have been appended to this assessment.

The site was clear of scrub in 1973 and the growth on site today is progressive regrowth or secondary scrub development essentially over the last 16 years based on an examination of available google Aerial photographs.

There are no significant areas of earthworks on the site.

While some apparent drainage pits were identified there does not appear to be any significant stormwater drainage system installed on the site. The purpose of the identified drainage pits is unknown. The drainage pits identified are marked on the site aerial photographs that also has the investigation bore marked. See Figure 2.

Tas Water have a sewer main installed through the site that follows the rear boundary lines of the lot fronting Burnett Crescent. The Sewer Main is indicated on the plan in Figure 1 following.

Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering Recommendations - for Title Reference 252413/1, Clara Street Ulverstone, 7315



Figure 1 – Proposed Subdivision of Lot

EAW Geo Services PO Box 341, Shearwater, TAS 7307

Page 5

2.1 Site Geology

Mapped information indicates that this Lot lies within an area of Cenozoic Tertiary aged rock consisting of mainly deeply weathered Basalt. This feature indicates, along with the bore information that the basalt at ground surface is mainly reddish-brown silty soil which gradually becomes stiffer with increased depth, the soil continues to become stiffer until rock fabric is encountered and ultimately the fresher rock is encountered.

Drilling information indicates that weathered Basalt rock was encountered in all bores at varying depths. The depths have been tabled below and show the approximate RL of the rock across the site and comments below relate to probably weathering depth and inferred Geological deposits.

Bore Number	Termination Rock Depth	Ground Level	Approx. RL of Rock Surface	Probable Material at Refusal Level
1	6.0	34	28	Weak Basalt over lay = deeply weathered Basalt
2	7.7	37	29.3	Weak Basalt Weak Basalt over lay = deeply weathered Basalt
3	8.8	37	28.2	Weak Basalt over lay = deeply weathered Basalt
4	11.0	42	31	Weak Basalt over lay = deeply weathered Basalt
5	7.5	36	28.5	Weak Basalt over lay = deeply weathered Basalt
6	1.7	21	19.3	Rock appeared to be laminated Probably Coastal rock material. Quartzite?
7	5.3	36	30.7	Weak Basalt over lay = deeply weathered Basalt

Note: Ground Level taken from GPS Reading thus accuracy is limited and unknown. Assume ground levels to be =/- 1m

TABLE 2.1 Termination and Rock Level Estimates from Drilling Information

Bore 6 encountered rock at 1.8 metres BGL, however this appeared to be laminated and may have been the upper level of the Proterozoic Quartzite that outcrops along the beaches to the north of the site rather than the Basalt. If this is the case then this bore would indicate an approximate edge of the Basalt Flow material and the older coastal geology that appears from mapped information to underlay the Basalt intrusion.

The bore holes numbered 4 and 7 were located closer to the higher ground on the southern side of the development and on the basis of the tabled information above, may indicate the slope of the surface of the weathered Basalt. That is the Basalt further out from the high

ground has either been exposed for a longer period or the surface is eroding at varying rates due to ancient tide / sea levels.

Shear vane testing was carried out in selected bores at around 400 to 700 mm BGL and returned shear strength values of between 150kPa and 200kPa with residual strengths of between 38kPa and 49kPa.

Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering Recommendations - for Title Reference 252413/1, Clara Street Ulverstone, 7315

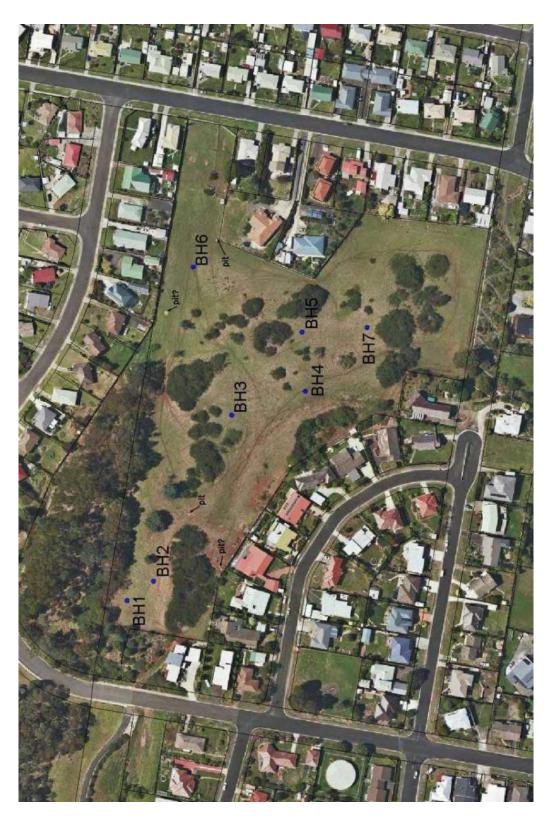


Figure 2 – Bore Locations on the Lot

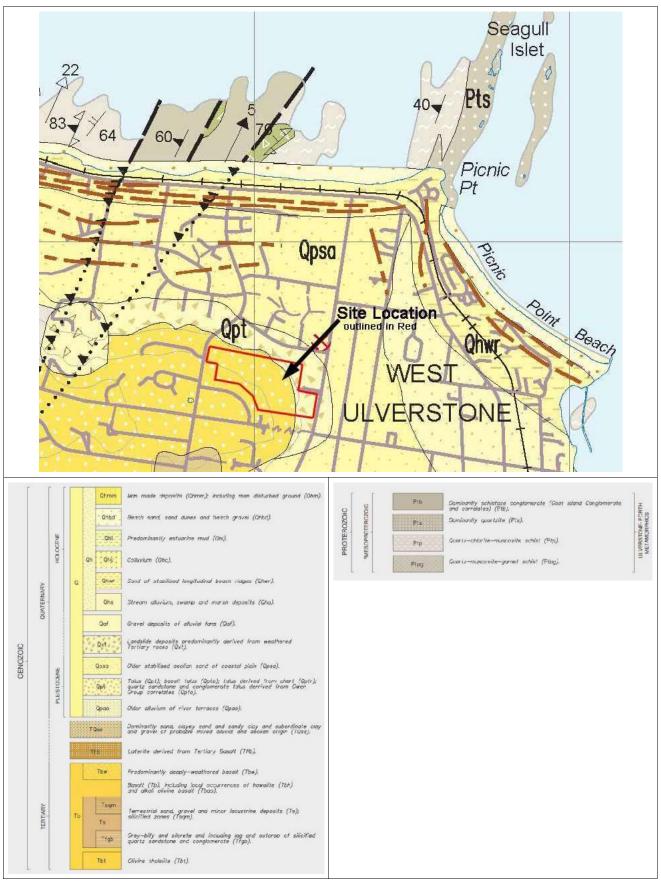


Figure 3 - Site Geology Map

2.2 Soil Sensitivity and Seepage

The only evidence of any historic seepage from the soil profile, was in the area of the 1970's landslide. There was no active seepage at the time of the investigation or signs of any erosion that would indicate regular seepage events from this point.

During the drilling the soil close to the soil rock interface in most cases became wetter or moister. This would generally be expected as this is the zone between the soil and a less permeable horizon.

Bore hole 5 was sampled and tested for moisture at varying levels and the gradual increase in moisture content is evident even during the drier months of the year, however the drop of moisture content once the slightly weathered Basalt was encountered shows the probability of high moisture at the permeable / impermeable soil / rock interface. The duration of this commission does not give sufficient time to carry out long term monitoring of the soil moisture profile.

The moisture content of various soil samples collected from the bores is tabled below.

Sample	Location	Depth	Average Moisture %	Visual Description / Comment
Sample 1	Bore Hole 1	2.7 m	29.1	Silty Clay, Dark Brown
Sample 2	Bore Hole 3	3.7 m	34.7	Silty Clay, Dark Brown
Sample 3	Bore Hole 2	2.4 m	21.0	Silty Clay, Dark Brown
Sample 4	Bore Hole 4	7.5 m	36.4	Silty Clay,Light Brown - medium plasticity
Sample 5	Bore Hole 5	2.4 m	31.2	Silty Clay, Dark Brown - medium plasticity
Sample 6	Bore Hole 5	3.8 m	23.5	Silty Clay, Greyish Brown Brown
Sample 7	Bore Hole 5	5.4 m	31.5	Silty Clay, Mid Grey
Sample 8	Bore Hole 5	7.4 m	25.9	Silty Clay, Dark Brown: Slightly Weathered Basalt

TABLE 2.2 Summary of Soil Moisture Content Tests

Seepage or soil moisture levels are a trigger condition for landslide, however based on the findings of the MRT investigation of the landslide in the 1970's and the current site observations, it appears the slopes less than 19° are not likely to be impacted by seepage flows.

2.3 Land Slope

The Lot has an average slope of approximately 8° or slightly less. However, a feature of the site is the land above the 35 metre contour which is less steep and offers ideal building envelops. Between the 30 metre and 35 metre contour the land slope is steeper at around 18° and along the eastern facing slope this grade is steeper at around 19° to 20° .

The area along the rear boundaries of the lots on Burnett Crescent rises at a steep grade of 1 in 3.5 or 19°. from the 40 metre contour to the 50 metre contour of the Burnett Crescent built area.

With slopes in the order of 18°, both upgrade of the proposed building envelops and between the 30 metre and 35 metre contour as well as following the land slope guidelines used in the landslide mapping series prepared by the Department of Mineral Resources

Tasmania, the risk of Landslide initiation is within the medium risk hazard band for landslide initiation.

Any development on this site would require sufficient distance or set back from the steeper slopes to avoid any impact from any mass soil movement. There are some structural methods of managing the risk and these are discussed in the following sections. The required structures to manage the landslide risk would be both retaining wall structures and drainage methods and infrastructure to intercept any near surface seepage and flows from behind retaining walls.

2.4 Current Stability and Landslide Risk

Historically The lot has been stable except for a reported landslide in the early 1970's. At the time the Burnett Crescent development was being constructed it appears a landslide was noted or occurred about 150 metres to the north east of the Burnett Crescent subdivision. Council requested that MRT carry out an investigation and during this investigation it was determined the small landslide may have been triggered by seepage flow. At the time of the MRT inspections, seepage water was flowing from the toe of the landslide.

The landslide was reported on and the copy of the reports have been appended to this report.

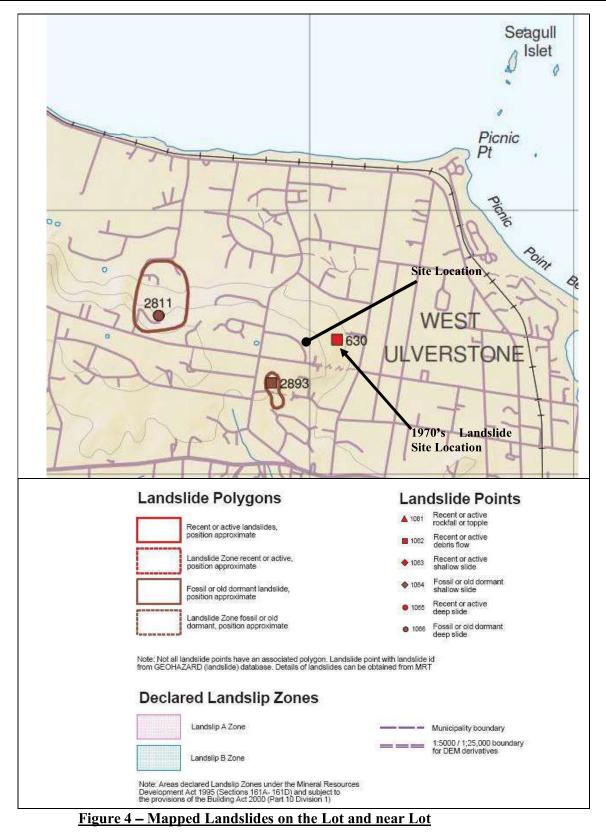
Interestingly, the land slope of the area in which the landslide had occurred was at about 19°, This is the approximate slope grade now used to determine the risk of landslide occurring in the new landslide mapping series and is about the grade where the Low risk landslide parameters pass from the low risk to the medium risk level. The slope grade and risk appear to have a sound basis when based on this observation made in the 1970's.

It therefore follows that slopes on this site at grades greater than 19° should be considered a medium risk of landslide while slopes less than 19° may be considered as low risk and with the right engineering and development infrastructure, may be built upon.

Additionally, to the earlier assessments by MRT, we have some additional data for the site and we know the approximately RL of the less weathered Basalt surface is around the contour level of 28 to 30 metres AHD. We have indications that the soil moisture level is higher near the permeable / impermeable interface which is also around the 27 metre RL AHD and that landslides may occur on slopes greater than 19°.

If we take the Basalt surface RL between bore holes 4 and 5, we have an indication that the Basalt surface slope is about 1 in 16 to 1 in 20 (3° to 4°) which further lowers the risk of landslide occurring in the location of the proposed building envelops.

In summary it appears land with slopes of greater than 19° have a demonstrated risk of landslide in the area but while the underlying rock surface appears to have a slope of 3° to 4° towards the north east, then there is a low risk of any landslide occurring under the land between contours 35 metres and 40 metres.



2.5 1970's Landslide and Impact on Development

Landslide 630 shown in Figure 4 above was noted in the early 1970's and subsequently investigated by the now MRT. It was found that the slide may have been triggered by soil moisture and at the time seepage flow was noted from the slide toe area. The investigation, reported in a later document carried out several excavations on the site, however the depth was limited.

The conclusion was that land in this location, steeper than 19° had a risk of developing landslides. A map prepared about that time delineated the area of risk at that time, and this largely fell between the 30 metre and 35 metre contours on the site.

The reports of the 1970's investigations are appended to this document.

This investigation has determined that the MRT assessment has rightly defined the area of risk however, this investigation has added additional dimension to the report and has determined the land between the 35 metre and 40 metre contour which is less steep and appears to overlay a weathered Basalt surface of low slope, will offer a low risk area upon which building may take place.

To further negate risk of increasing the soil moisture level on the sites, several Engineering recommendations will be offered to help lower and manage the Landslide risk.

3.0 **Required Engineering Works to Maintain Stability**

3.1 Cut and Fill Works

The plans proposed for the development of the Lot indicate some internal driveways, some shared but essentially for each new lot. These will require some excavation to achieve the required grades to the building area. Basic earthworks principles should be followed. These will be: -

- Cuts that are unprotected should be no higher than 1.5 metres at grades of not steeper than 1 vertical to 3 horizontal.
- Cuts steeper than those above must be retained with retaining walls having vertical drainage at 1.0 metre intervals and also have foundation horizontal drained installed.
- Fill batters must follow the recommendations for the cut batters above.
- All retaining walls over 1.0 metres in height must be designed and certified by a Structural Engineer
- All fill on a slope must be engineered and raised on benched platforms in accordance with "AS 3798 Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments".
- Any building envelop earthworks must also follow "AS 3798 Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments".

If any proposed dwelling foundations are placed on "Fill" then they must be piered through the fill to similar bearing material as the rest of the dwelling. Reference to the bearing has been or will be set out in the site soil classification report.

3.2 Batters for Temporary Cuts and Fills

Temporary batters for cuts shall be no steeper than 1 horizontal to 1.5 vertical. If batters are left for extended periods, they should be 2.0 horizontal to 1 vertical. Some surface erosion will occur on cut batters due to overland water flow therefore up gradient interception of any overland flow should be installed.

Fill batters should be no steeper than 2.0 horizontal to 1 vertical. Surface erosion protection will be required to limit surface erosion. If the batter becomes permanent then the soil shall be grassed or planted with permanent groundcovers and mulched to reduce surface erosion risk.

3.3 Retaining Structures and Integral Drainage

All retaining walls will require horizontal drainage along the founding level. This may be an agricultural type drainage product with drainage gravel placed over the drainage line and at least 400 mm wide cover up the fill line behind the wall. The drainage gravel must be placed and covered with geofabric to limit the risk of fine clay entering the gravel and blocking the drainage pathway. Gabion basket type walls will allow the discharge of soil water through the structure where it may not be intercepted by the drainage gravel placed behind the wall. Surface flow from upgrade of the proposed building pad should be intercepted with a shallow drain (Swale Drain) across the lot which directs intercepted water towards the western side of the lot. The surface water intercepted must be directed down slope in a manner that will not promote erosion. This may be through the use of rubble drains or alternatively be intercepted and piped to the lower levels of the slope. The volume of surface flow from this source is not expected to be high.

For design purposes the following soil strength parameters are suggested:

- Soil Friction angle 20 to 28 degrees
- The bulk density of the normally consolidated clay soil on this site should be taken as 1900 to 2200 kg/m³.
- Poisson's ratio for a normally consolidated clay is 0.2 to 0.3.

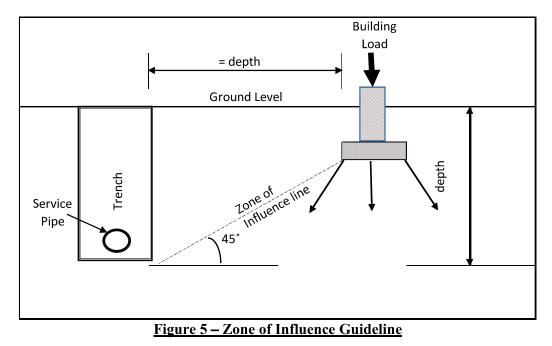
3.4 Excavation and Loading Near Service Trenches.

If footings are to be placed in a location where the footing loads may impact on the service trench stability or buried infrastructure then agreement must be obtained from the service owner or operator.

The footing design and depth should transfer the loading within the soil profile to a depth that is lower than the service. In some instances where footing loads may still be too high in the soil profile then the use of piers and beams may be required.

On this lot it is noted that a service trench easement lies along the site boundary near the proposed dwelling location.

As a general guide see Figure 7 following, which graphically shows the influence of footings on adjacent services or trenches.



EAW Geo Services PO Box 341, Shearwater, TAS 7307

3.5 Building Envelopes

Figure 6, following set out recommended building envelopes. The base plan shows the developer desired locations of the buildings which places them on the less steep land between the 35 metre and 40 metre contours.

The proposed location of building envelopes on Lots 2 and 3 are well placed however, the proposed envelope on Lot 1 is near the 1970's landslide location. The recommended locations are shown in Figure 6 following and positioning is based on the Landslide Risk aspect of this assessment.

3.6 Storm Water and Septic Sewer

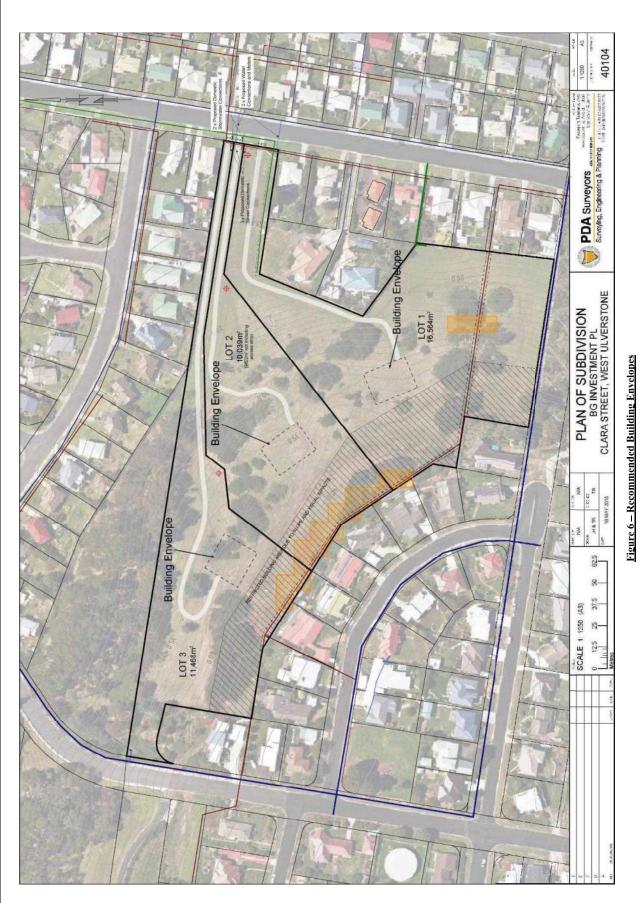
In preparing this assessment it has been assumed that all lots will be serviced with storm water reticulation from the dwelling area to the Clara Street system. Infiltration of storm water into the soil at elevations above 30 metre contour must not occur.

Drainage of driveways on the steeper slope above the 30 metre contour is required to transfer the runoff to the development storm water reticulation.

A sewer line is located along the slope below the Burnett Crescent development however this line elevation may be inappropriate due to depth or elevation and not allow gravity connection. It is noted that sewer connections are to be provided at the Clara Street lot access point and is assumed that these connections will be used.

It is not recommended that On-site Wastewater Management methods be applied to this site.

Landslide Risk Assessment & Engineering Recommendations - for Title Reference 252413/1, Clara Street Ulverstone, 7315



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EAW Geo Services PO Box 341, Shearwater, TAS 7307

4.0 Risk Assessment in Accordance with AGS Guidelines after Stabilisation Works

There are two aspects to consider in relation to the changes to the Landslide Risk resulting from the development on this Lot.

Firstly, the development of the subdivision which is the creation of lots and construction of the road and stormwater system plus sewage reticulation. In general terms the creation of the subdivision community elements manages surface water and reduce the volume of moisture reaching the deeper soil profile. This soil moisture reduction reduces the risk of landslide.

In the case of this Lot the primary aim of soil water management is to limit the soil moisture level to reduce the risk of generating shallow surface debris flows. Additionally, the placement of any structure should avoid the risk of landslide area recession that may over time reach the footing areas of any building.

Secondly, the Lot has a proposed development and, in this case, it is proposed that a typical single storey dwelling of concrete slab and brick veneer is constructed on the building pad created on the site.

The proposed constructions on the new lots are unlikely to have any stability impact on the lot provided the stormwater is managed from the buildings and the gardens are not over irrigated. Stormwater from the dwelling, driveways and any hard-standing areas should be directed to a stormwater management system that removes as much surface water as possible from the dwelling area between the 35 metre and 40 metre contours.

This report has recommended several engineering requirements in relation to water management and site retaining structures that will be considered in the concept and impacts contained in the AGS Landslide Risk Assessment Guidelines and within the Tasmanian Government, Department of Premier and Cabinet, "Guidelines to Considering Natural Hazard Risks in Land Use Planning and Building Control".

4.1 Landslide Hazard Prior to Development

The current landslide risk (Hazard Band) is classed as Medium Risk for the Lot. At the individual proposed lot building locations, we see the following: -

- Lot 1: Parts of the proposed building area are low risk or less than low risk of landslide. The issue with Lot 1 is to construct the buildings away from the head of the 1970's landslide location. The proposed location is described as being a "LOW RISK" landslide area.
- Lot 2: This building envelope is largely outside the low risk Landslide area
- Lot 3: The building envelope for this lot has a small area considered outside the Low Risk area however, it is adjacent to and within parts of the "LOW RISK" Landslide area.

Consideration of the landslide mechanisms more likely to occur on the development and Lot and more particularly within the proposed building envelopes, the assessment is based on the type of slides in the immediate area and identified as a landslide in the early 1970's. It is probable that the type of landslide, should it ever reactivate or occur, would be a Discrete Landslide classified as a soil debris slide.

In general terms the slide would be a shallow slide and in this case in a limited area, mainly triggered by soil moisture levels which in practice can be managed and have been recommended above.

4.2 Impact of the Development on the Previous Landslide Risk Value

The proposed works on new Lots are essentially required to support the "cut" faces on the site access routes and to a lesser extent on or around any proposed building pad. Recommendations are made for fill on the site and it is expected that these recommendations will be followed. Retaining wall drainage and the gabion basket type walls while having drainage gravel backfill, will be design also allow any excessive soil moisture to pass through the structure and significantly lower the risk of high pore water pressures developing and triggering any landslide.

Drainage is required for each lot that captures, roof runoff, retaining wall seepage, swimming pool drainage and splash waste plus any paved area runoff as outlined in the preceding sections of this assessment.

The proposed retaining walls all require sub-soil drainage behind the structure in accordance with best practice and the risk of the reinforced walls failing under the loading to be considered and advised above is considered unlikely within the life cycle of the development.

In summary the drainage and retaining structures are unlikely to have any adverse impacts on the development and are unlikely to increase the landslide risk value. It is the assessor view that any impacts will enhance site drainage thus reducing the risk of a landslide occurring or being initiated by the proposed works on this site.

4.3 Development Risk Assessment on Lot

In making this assessment it is assumed the recommended Engineering works will be carried out. The works required are set out in "Section 3, Required Engineering Works to Maintain Stability". These recommended works are to manage soil moisture levels, seepage and the correct design and construction of the buildings and services within the access lines and building envelope will assist in maintaining the current risk level or reducing the current risk level.

The assessment follows the AGS Guidelines. That assessment follows below.

AUSTRALIAN GEOGUIDE LR7 (LANDSLIDE RISK)

LANDSLIDE RISK

Concept of Risk

Risk is a familiar term, but what does it really mean? It can be defined as "a measure of the probability and severity of an adverse effect to health, property, or the environment." This definition may seem a bit complicated. In relation to landslides, geotechnical practitioners (GeoGuide LR1) are required to assess risk in terms of the likelihood that a particular landslide will occur and the possible consequences. This is called landslide risk assessment. The consequences of a landslide are many and varied, but our concerns normally focus on loss of, or damage to, property and loss of life.

Landslide Risk Assessment

Some local councils in Australia are aware of the potential for landslides within their jurisdiction and have responded by designating specific "landslide hazard zones". Development in these areas is often covered by special regulations. If you are contemplating building, or buying an existing house, particularly in a hilly area, or near cliffs, go first for information to your local council.

Landslide risk assessment must be undertaken by a geotechnical practitioner. It may involve visual inspection, geological mapping, geotechnical investigation and monitoring to identify:

- potential landslides (there may be more than one that could impact on your site)
- the likelihood that they will occur
- the damage that could result
- the cost of disruption and repairs and
 the extent to which lives could be lost.

Risk assessment is a predictive exercise, but since the ground and the processes involved are complex, prediction tends to lack precision. If you commission a landslide risk assessment for a particular site you should expect to receive a report prepared in accordance with current professional guidelines and in a form that is acceptable to your local council, or planning authority.

Risk to Property

Table 1 indicates the terms used to describe risk to property. Each risk level depends on an assessment of how likely a landslide is to occur and its consequences in dollar terms. "Likelihood" is the chance of it happening in any one year, as indicated in Table 2. "Consequences" are related to the cost of repairs and temporary loss of use if a landslide occurs. These two factors are combined by the geotechnical practitioner to determine the Qualitative Risk.

TABLE 2: LIKELIHOOD

Likelihood	Annual Probability			
Almost Certain	1:10			
Likely	1:100			
Possible	1:1,000			
Unlikely	1:10,000			
Rare	1:100,000			
Barely credible	1:1,000,000			

The terms "unacceptable", "may be tolerated", etc. in Table 1 indicate how most people react to an assessed risk level. However, some people will always be more prepared, or better able, to tolerate a higher risk level than others.

Some local councils and planning authorities stipulate a maximum tolerable level of risk to property for developments within their jurisdictions. In these situations the risk must be assessed by a geotechnical practitioner. If stabilisation works are needed to meet the stipulated requirements these will normally have to be carried out as part of the development, or consent will be withheld.

		TABLE 1: RISK TO PROPERTY
Qualitative	Risk	Significance - Geotechnical engineering requirements
Very high	VH	Unacceptable without treatment. Extensive detailed investigation and research, planning and implementation of treatment options essential to reduce risk to Low. May be too expensive and not practical. Work likely to cost more than the value of the property.
High	н	Unacceptable without treatment. Detailed investigation, planning and implementation of treatment options required to reduce risk to acceptable level. Work would cost a substantial sum in relation to the value of the property.
Moderate	м	May be tolerated in certain circumstances (subject to regulator's approval) but requires investigation, planning and implementation of treatment options to reduce the risk to Low. Treatment options to reduce to Low risk should be implemented as soon as possible.
Low	L	Usually acceptable to regulators. Where treatment has been needed to reduce the risk to this level, ongoing maintenance is required.
Very Low	VL	Acceptable. Manage by normal slope maintenance procedures.

Table 4.1 Australian Geomechanics Society Landslide Risk Explanation

COMMENTARY ON PRACTICE NOTE GUIDELINES FOR LANDSLIDE RISK	
MANAGEMENT 2007	

Tana and a Tana 1	Suggested Upper Limit of Acceptable Qualitative Risk Property (2)				
Importance Level of Structure (1) Suggester Opper Lin Existing Slope (3) / Exist Development (4)		New Constructed Slope (5) / New Development (6) / Existing Landslide (7)			
1	Moderate	Moderate			
2	Low	Low			
3	Low	Low			
4	Very Low	Very Low			

Table C10: AGS suggested Acceptable qualitative risk to property criteria.

Notes	-
TADICS	

1. Refer to Appendix A, Practice Note

- 2. Based on Appendix C, Practice Note
- "Existing Slopes" in this context are slopes that are not part of a recognizable landslide and have demonstrated nonfailure performance over at least several seasons or events of extended adverse weather, usually being a period of at least 10 to 20 years.
- 4. "Existing Development" includes existing structures, and slopes that have been modified by cut and fill, that are not located on or part of a recognizable landslide and have demonstrated non-failure performance over at least several seasons or events of extended adverse weather, usually being a period of at least 10 to 20 years.
- "New Constructed Slope" includes any change to existing slopes by cut or fill or changes to existing slopes by new stabilisation works (including replacement of existing retaining walls or replacement of existing stabilisation measures, such as rock bolts or catch fences).
- 6. "New Development" includes any new structure or change to an existing slope or structure. Where changes to an existing structure or slope result in any cut or fill of less than 1.0 m vertical height from the toe to the crest and this change does not increase the risk, then the Existing Slope / Existing Structure criterion may be adopted. Where changes to an existing structure do not increase the building footprint or do not result in an overall change in footing loads, then the Existing Development criterion may be adopted.
- 7. "Existing Landslides" have been considered likely to require remedial works and hence would become a New Constructed Slope and require the lower risk. Even where remedial works are not required per se, it would be reasonable expectation of the public for a known landslide to be assessed to the lower risk category as a matter of "public safety".

Tolerable risk levels would be one class higher (for example Moderate where Low is acceptable). Consideration should be given by regulators to adopting Tolerable risk to property for Existing Slope and Existing Development situations in a similar vein to the recommended differentiation for risk to life.

 Table 4.2 Australian Geomechanics Society Landslide Risk. Tolerable Risk Explanation

Level	ative Measures of Lik Descriptor	eunooa	Descr	iption		Indicative Annual Probability	
A B	ALMOST CERTAIL	N The event is expected The event will prob		er adverse cond	itions	>≈10 ⁻¹ ≈10 ⁻²	
c	POSSIBLE	The event could occ			interiority	≈10 ⁻³	
D	UNLIKELY	The event might oc	The event might occur under very adverse circumstances				
E	RARE	The event is conceiv	The event is conceivable but only under exceptional circumstances.				
F	NOT CREDIBLE	The event is inconc	eivable or fand	iful		<10 ⁻⁶	
Note: '	'≈" means that the indicativ	e value may vary by say $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ c	f an order of mag	nitude, or more.			
0 11		D					
		sequences to Property		D			
Level	Descriptor CATASTROPHIC	Structure completely	doctoourd on le	Description	sa na mululu a m	alan analo ando a mad	
1	CATASTROPHIC	for stabilisation.	destroyed or la	irge scale damag	ge requiring in	ajor engineering wor	
2	MAJOR	Extensive damage to	most of struct	ire or extending	hevond site b	oundaries requiring	
-	WHI LOOK	significant stabilisatio		ire, or extending	g beyond she t	Sundaries requiring	
3	MEDIUM	Moderate damage to stabilisation works.		ure, or significan	nt part of site r	equiring large	
4	MINOR	Limited damage to pa	art of structure	or part of site r	equiring some	:	
		reinstatement/stabilis		1004-50 . 1997 Nord Herdard Science - 7.	1. 1		
5	INSIGNIFICANT	Little damage. dited to suit a particular case.					
	IKELIHOOD	1: CATASTROPHIC VH	2: MAJOR VH	UENCES to PF 3: MEDIUM H	4: MINOR H	5: INSIGNIFICAN M	
	KELY	VH	Н	H	M	L-M	
C - PC	DSSIBLE	Н	Н	М	L-M	VL-L	
D – U	NLIKELY	M-H	М	L-M	VL-L	VL	
E - RA		M-L	L-M	VL-L	VL	VL	
F - NC	OT CREDIBLE	VL	VL	VL	VL	VL	
Risk I	evel Implications						
AUSA L	Risk Level		Exa	nple Implicatio	nsa		
	VERY HIGH RISK	Extensive detailed inve	stigation and 1	esearch, planni	19 and implem	nentation of treatment	
VH		options essential to red practical					
VH	HIGH RISK	Detailed investigation,		implementation	of treatment o	ptions required to	
	an an an Albertan an Tablach 1947 - a	reduce risk to acceptab					
		Tolerable provided treatment plan is implemented to maintain or reduce risks. May be accepted. May require investigation and planning of treatment options.					
н	MODERATE RISK		investigation	and planning of	19 191	defined to maintain o	
H M	MODERATE RISK LOW RISK	accepted. May require Usually accepted. Trea reduce risk.	tment require	ments and respo	and a state of the second		
H M L	LOW RISK VERY LOW RISK	accepted. May require Usually accepted. Trea	tment require y normal slope	ments and respo e maintenance p	rocedures.		

Table 4.3 Australian Geomechanics Society Landslide Risk. Qualitative Terminology

- The subdivision development is required to included the stormwater management system, access roading, storm water and sewage management infrastructure.
- The Building Envelopes have been set out and will be adhered to, with services installed as required especially those to manage on site water and drainage.
- Lot 1 envelope near the 1970's landslide will have all buildings within the marked envelope in Figure 6 of this report.
- Based on site observations and reliability of historical and MRT Data available, the assessor has determined the following site risk and <u>applied the Australian Geomechanics guideline risk assessment to the site after the recommended works are completed.</u>

1. Likelihood of a Shallow Soil Landslide: -

<u>Type</u> = Earth flow applicable to this site. <u>After site Development</u> <u>Risk</u> = D – Unlikely – The event might occur under very adverse Conditions – would generally be limited to the upper 0.6m of the soil profile. – Probability $\approx 10^{-3}$ <u>Consequences</u> to property = 4 Minor – limited damage to part of site requiring some reinstatement or stabilisation work **Risk Level = Low to Very Low**

2. Likelihood of a Deep-Seated Landslide: -

<u>Type</u> = Deep Seated applicable to this site. <u>After site Development</u>

<u>Risk</u> = E – Rare – The event is conceivable but only under exceptional circumstances. There are no logged or noted Deep Seated landslides within the development and adjacent areas. Site investigations did not encounter materials that would induce or indicate a high risk of a deep seated failure – Probability $\approx 10^{-5}$

<u>Consequences</u> to property = 4 Minor – Limited damage to part of the structure, or part of the site requiring some reinstatement or stabilisation works.

<u>Risk Level = Very Low</u>

3. Likelihood of a Rockfall: -

Type = Rockfall - NOT applicable to this site. No significant Rock outcrops above the site or within a conceivable runout distance.

4. Likelihood of Upper Slopr Runout: -

<u>Type</u> = Earth flow applicable to this site. <u>After site Development</u>

 $\underline{\text{Risk}} = D - \text{Unlikely} - \text{The event might occur under very adverse Conditions. No record / observed features to show this type of failure has occurred – Probability <math>\approx 10^{-3}$ Building Envelopes have separation from higher slope

<u>Consequences</u> to property = 4 Minor - limited damage to part of site requiring some reinstatement or stabilisation work

Risk Level = Low to Very Low

5. <u>Risk Level Implications</u>

LOW RISK – Level of risk usually accepted. Treatment requirements and responsibility to be defined to maintain or reduce risk

The proposed development will not increase the risk of landslide and may lower the current risk level. In Accordance with the AGS Guidelines the Risk of Landslide is Low to Very Low and falls within the ACCEPTABLE level

4.4 Managing the Potential Landslide Risk

It is the responsibility of the developer and subsequently, the land owner, to manage and maintain equipment and services installed as part of his development / and later the dwelling owner. It is recommended that: -

Stormwater and Surface Water

- All Stormwater from the dwellings will be piped away from the immediate house area to a site stormwater connection point or to the approved reticulated stormwater systems
- Stormwater from yards and paved areas be captured and piped to the same point as above.
- Surface flow, if it occurs, from up gradient of the lot, should be captured and directed away from the top of the slope to the storm water management system for the lot and subsequently to the subdivision stormwater reticulation system.
- Surface water must not be concentrated in an area which promotes or develops flow over the top of the retaining walls or concentration at a point on the site.

Construction, Irrigation and Retaining Walls

- If any Garden irrigation system is installed it should be controlled with devices that will shut the system down during wet or rain periods.
- The preferred house design or construction for this site should be a light construction or a maximum of brick veneer cladding.
- Any foundation for either a suspended floor or concrete slab floor must pass through any fill and be supported on the natural soil on site that has sufficient bearing for the design loads. Slabs and foundations must be designed by a suitably qualified Structural Engineer
- Fill slopes and cuts must be retained. All retaining structures must have drainage installed and captured sub-soil water directed to the stormwater system.
- Drainage protected with geofabric and backfill behind retaining walls is required.

4.5 Limitations of the Assessment

This assessment has been based on mapped information from the MRT Landslide Mapping program and the proposed development of the lot information provided by the owner. The risk assessment has relied on the external information and then based the risk assessment on that information as well as limited site assessment work carried out as part of the site classification process, the seepage area investigation and commissioned work by the developer.

The assessment is limited to a single-storey dwelling built in the specific area on the site indicated in Figure 6 Section 3 above. The assessment has assumed, that the buildings will be light and may not exceed the weight of a standard brick veneer dwelling on a concrete slab on ground.

This report in section <u>4.4 Managing the Potential Landslide Risk</u> has recommended design considerations for the site drainage and proposed dwelling design. There are ongoing responsibilities that these measures will be managed by the owner to maintain the current risk level on the site. In this case those responsibilities relate to managing and maintaining the stormwater system on the site and ensuring any structure, especially any retaining walls are properly designed, built and maintained. These latter responsibilities are generally the requirements for good ongoing urban property or site management.

4.6 FORM "A" STATEMENT

PRACTICE NOTE GUIDELINES FOR LANDSLIDE RISK MANAGEMENT 2007

FORM	A	Geotechnical Declaration and Development Application	Verification
Office	Use Only		Regulator: <add change="" in="" or="" to<br="">appropriate name></add>
This for a geote is great	m is essential to ve chnical engineer of er than two years o	development application. If this form is not submitted with the geo rify that the geotechnical report has been prepared in accordance with <frequ- rengineering geologist as defined by <regulator's dcp="" geotechnical="">. Altern id or by a professional person not recognised by <regulator's d<br="" geotechnical="">ad by a geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist as defined by <regula< th=""><th>ilator's gentechnical DCP> and that the author of the geotechnical report is latively, where a geotechnical report has been prepared for subdivision or ICP>, then this form may be used as technical verification of the</th></regula<></regulator's></regulator's></frequ- 	ilator's gentechnical DCP> and that the author of the geotechnical report is latively, where a geotechnical report has been prepared for subdivision or ICP>, then this form may be used as technical verification of the
Secti	on 1	Related Application	
Refere	nce	What is the Council development application number?	
DA Sit	e Address	Title Reference 252413 / 1; Clara Street, V	Vest Ulverstone, TAS 7315
DA Ap	plicant	BG Investment	
Secti	on 2	Geotechnical Report	
Details		Landslide Risk Assessment & Geotechnica	al Recommendations for Title 252413/1
		Author's Company/ Organisation Name: EAW Geo Services	Report Reference No: 489
		AuthorWarren James Newell	Dated: 10/07 / 2019
Secti	00.3	Checklist	
Geotec Require (Tick as	hnical ments appropriate, 'es or No)	The following checklist covers the minimum requirements to be address report. Each item is to be cross-referenced to the section or page of the section of t	
		A review of readily available history of slope instability in the site or related	I land as per <add reference=""></add>
		An assessment of the risk posed by all reasonably identifiable geotechnica	al hazards as per < <i>Add reference></i>
		Plans and sections of the site and related land as per <add reference=""></add>	
		Presentation of a geological model as per <add reference=""></add>	
		Photographs and/or drawings of the site as per <add reference=""></add>	
		A conclusion as to whether the site is suitable for the development propos <add reference=""> as reported and concluded in the</add>	ed to be carned out either conditionally or unconditionally as per referenced report
Γ		If any items above are ticked No, an explanation is to be included in the re	port to justify why. <add reference=""></add>
1.0	2.5	Subject to recommendations and conditions relevant to:	
Yes		selection and construction of footing systems,	
		earthworks,	
		surface and sub surface drainage,	
		recommendations for the selection of structural systems consistent with th	e geolechnical assessment of the risk,
2	iΠ	any conditions that may be required for the ongoing mitigation and mainte	nance of the site and the proposal, from a geotechnical viewpoint,
N	i 🗖	highlighting and detailing the inspection regime to provide the <pca> and</pca>	builder with adequate notification for all necessary inspections.
		State Design life adopted: 50 Years	

Note: <Add reference>: Add in the relevant section or page number of the listed geotechnical report which addresses each item.

FORM	Α	Geotechnical Declaration and Verification Development Application				Page 2 of 2	
Sectio	in 4	List of Drawings referenced in Geotechr	ical Report				
Design [Documents		Plan or	Revision or			
		Description Aerial photographs and developmen	Document No.	Version No.	Date	Author	
		plans provided by Surveyors	Various			PDA	
		MRT Mapping of Landslide Risk				- Constant	
		in Ulverstone as shown on LS Maps		-		MRT EAW Geo	
		EAW Geo Services Bore Logs			10/07/19	Services	
		included in the referenced report				Surves	
Sectio		Declaration					
Declaratic (Tick all ti Yes	No	I am a geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist as below, I: am aware that the geotechnical report I have either prepared development application for the proposed development site (or am technically ver	ifying (referenced ab	ove) is to be submitted	lin a support of a	
ি	N/A	the development application. prepared the geotechnical report referenced above in accordance with the AGS (2007c) as amended and <regulator's dcp="" geotechnical="">.</regulator's>					
	N/A 🗌	am willing to technically verify that the Geotechnical Report n and <regulator's dcp="" geotechnical="">.</regulator's>	eferenced above has	been prepared in acc	cordance with the AGS	(2007c) as amended	
Ø	No 🗌	am willing to technically verify that the geotechnical report pr level of <tolerable risk=""> of slope instability as a result of the c geotechnical DCP> taking into account the total development</tolerable>	onsiderations describ	ed in <add reference<="" td=""><td></td><td></td></add>			
Ø	No 🗌	am willing to technically verify that the geotechnical report pri will achieve the level of <tolerable risk=""> of stope instability as <regulator's dcp="" geotechnical=""> taking into account the total</regulator's></tolerable>	a result of the consid	erations described <	add reference to specil		
Ø	No 🗌	have professional indemnity insurance in accordance with <5 which the report is dated, with retroactive cover under this ins					
Sectio Compan	the second s	Geotechnical Engineer or Engineering G	Seologist Deta	ils			
	ation Name	Earth Air Water Consulting and Mon	itoring Pty I	Ltd trading a	s EAW Geo S	Services	
Name (C Represe	Company entative)	Sumame: Newell		Mr /Mrs /Oth	er. Mr		
		Given Names: Warren James FTEAust; CPEn Chartered Professional Status:NER; APEC En	g (Aust);	vet) Device	595788		
Signatur	re	Chanered Protessional Status, VER, AFEC En					
V42, .N1	ce: AGS (200 1, March 2007 (A = Not Appli		eent". Australian Ge		0 07 2 4 ety, Australian Geor		
		Australian Geomechanics Vol 4	2 No 1 March	2007		95	

PRACTICE NOTE GUIDELINES FOR LANDSLIDE RISK MANAGEMENT 2007

6.0 Soil Moisture & Shrink Swell Test Results



A trading Name of Earth Air Water Consulting and Monitoring Pty Ltd

SOIL MOISTURE CONTENT

ABN 44 076 346 588

CLIENT:	BG Investments
PROJECT:	Clara Street, West Ulverstone
LOCATION:	Proposed Subdivision

PLE SOURCE: PLE DEPTH: PLE DESCRIPTION:		Clara Street, West Varies as Listed Belov Silty Clay		SAMPLING DATE: 17/02/2019 TEST DATE: 18/02/2019
BORATORY NUMBER:		201900215		
PLE MOISTURE CONTEN	<u>115</u>			
Sample	Location	Depth	Average Moisture %	Visual Description / Comment
Sample 1	Bore Hole 1	2.7 m	29.1	Silty Clay, Dark Brown
Sample 2	Bore Hole 3	3.7 m	34.7	Silty Clay, Dark Brown
Sample 3	Bore Hole 2	2.4 m	21.0	Silty Clay, Dark Brown
Sample 4	Bore Hole 4	7.5 m	36.4	Silty Clay,Light Brown - medium plasticity
Sample 5	Bore Hole 5	2.4 m	31.2	Silty Clay, Dark Brown - medium plasticity
Sample 6	Bore Hole 5	3.8 m	23.5	Silty Clay, Greyish Brown Brown
Sample 7	Bore Hole 5	5.4 m	31.5	Silty Clay, Mid Grey
Sample 8	Bore Hole 5	7.4 m	25.9	Silty Clay, Dark Brown: Slightly Weathered Basalt
Test Approved	1000	s-f-		Date: 10/07/2019 17:17
	Warren J. Newell NZCE (Civil); NZCSC (Water Tec FIEAust; CPEng(Aust); NER; AP			



A trading Name of Earth Air Water Consulting and Monitoring Pty Ltd

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ABN 44 076 346 588

SHRINK SWELL INDEX

SAMPLE SOURCE:	Bore Hole 2 Upper		
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Silty Clay Dark Brown		
LABORATORY NUMBER:	48900101		
SHRINK-SWELL INDEX (Iss)	0.5		
SAMPLE DATA			
Total Shrinkage (E _{sh})	0.7	%	
Total Swell (E _{sw})	0.4	%	
Shrink Specimen			
Measured Moisture Content (W_3)	28.0	%	
Dry Density	1.46	t/m³	
Inert Inclusions	Occassional fine Gravel	%	
Crumbling	Moderate		
Cracking	Severe		
Swell Specimen			
Initial Moisture Content (W1)	22.5	%	
After Test Moisture Content (W ₂)	30.4	%	
Date Tested	20/02/2019		
Sample By	WN		
Job Number	489		
Tested in Accordance with AS 128 of a soil - Shrink-swell Index	9 7.1.1 - 2003 Determination of the sh	rinkage index	



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ABN 44 076 346 588

SHRINK SWELL INDEX

SAMPLE SOURCE:	Bore Hole 3 - 0.5 to 0.7m		
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Silty Clay		
LABORATORY NUMBER:	Light brown 48900103		
SHRINK-SWELL INDEX (Iss)	1.2		
SAMPLE DATA			
Total Shrinkage (E _{sh})	2.1	%	
Total Swell (E _{sw})	0.3	%	
Shrink Specimen			
Measured Moisture Content (W ₃)	26.3	%	
Dry Density	1.59	t/m³	
Inert Inclusions	assional fine Gravel and minor s	%	
Crumbling	None		
Cracking	Mild		
Swell Specimen			
Initial Moisture Content (W1)	32.5	%	
After Test Moisture Content (W ₂)	33.6	%	
Date Tested	20/02/2019		
Sample By	WN		
Job Number	489		
Tested in Accordance with AS 128 of a soil - Shrink-swell Index	9 7.1.1 - 2003 Determination of the shrin	nkage index	
or a son • Shrink•swell index			



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ABN 44 076 346 588

SHRINK SWELL INDEX

SAMPLE SOURCE:	Bore Hole 4 - 0.7 to 1.0m		
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Silty Clay. Very Stiff reddish brown (Weathered I	Basalt Soil)	
LABORATORY NUMBER:	48900104		
SHRINK-SWELL INDEX (Iss)	2.8		
SAMPLE DATA			
Total Shrinkage (E _{sn})	4.9	%	
Total Swell (E _{sw})	0.2	%	
Shrink Specimen			
Measured Moisture Content (W ₃)	35.4	%	
Dry Density	1.27	t/m ^a	
Inert Inclusions	Dccassional fine weathered grave	%	
Crumbling	Moderate		
Cracking	None		
Swell Specimen			
Initial Moisture Content (W1)	38.3	%	
After Test Moisture Content (W ₂)	62.2	%	
Date Tested	20/02/2019		
Sample By	WN		
Job Number	489		
Tested in Accordance with AS 128 of a soil - Shrink-swell Index	9 7.1.1 - 2003 Determination of the shrir	nkage index	



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SHRINK SWELL INDEX

SAMPLE SOURCE:	Bore Hole 4 - 4.5 to 4.8m		
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Silty Clay		
LABORATORY NUMBER:	Light brown with some fine gravel 48900102		
SHRINK-SWELL INDEX (Iss)	4.8		
SAMPLE DATA			
Total Shrinkage (E _{sh})	8.6	%	
Total Swell (E _{sw})	0.0	%	
Shrink Specimen			
Measured Moisture Content (W _s)	59.4	%	
Dry Density	1.01	t/m ³	
Inert Inclusions	Occassional fine Gravel	%	
Crumbling	Mild		
Cracking	Mild		
Swell Specimen			
Initial Moisture Content (W1)	55.8	%	
After Test Moisture Content (W2)	57.0	%	
Date Tested	20/02/2019		
Sample By	WN		
Job Number	489		
Tested in Accordance with AS 128	97.1.1 - 2003 Determination of the sh	rinkage index	



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SHRINK SWELL INDEX

SAMPLE SOURCE:	Bore Hole 5 - 0.8m to 1.0m		
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Silty Clay. Dark Brown		
LABORATORY NUMBER:	48900105		
SHRINK-SWELL INDEX (Iss)	2.1		
SAMPLE DATA			
Total Shrinkage (E _{sh})	3.7	%	
Total Swell (E _{sw})	0.3	%	
Shrink Specimen			
Measured Moisture Content (W_3)	26.7	%	
Dry Density	1.56	t/m ^s	
Inert Inclusions	Occassional fine weathered grave	%	
Crumbling	Nil		
Cracking	Mild		
Swell Specimen			
Initial Moisture Content (W1)	31.5	%	
After Test Moisture Content (W ₂)	35.2	%	
Date Tested	20/02/2019		
	WN		
Sample By			



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SHRINK SWELL INDEX

SAMPLE SOURCE:	Bore Hole 7 - 0.9m to 1.2m	
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	Silty Clay.	
LABORATORY NUMBER:	Dark Reddish Brown with some light y 48900106	vellowish / Orange Mottles. (Weathered Bas
SHRINK-SWELL INDEX (Iss)	2.9	
SAMPLE DATA		
Total Shrinkage (E _{sh})	5.2	%
Total Swell (E _{ew})	0.1	%
Shrink Specimen		
Measured Moisture Content (W ₃)	43.0	%
Dry Density	1.16	t/m³
Inert Inclusions	Occassional small angular grave	%
Crumbling	Mild	
Cracking	Mild	
Swell Specimen		
Initial Moisture Content (W1)	20.1	%
After Test Moisture Content (W ₂)	21.2	%
Date Tested	20/02/2019	
Sample By	WN	
Job Number	489	
Tested in Accordance with AS 128 of a soli - Shrink-swell Index	39 7.1.1 - 2003 Determination of the shrin	nkage index

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Content % Moisture 21.0 31.2 34.7 31.5 25.9 36.4 23.5 29.1 N/A sample taken change impact level Classification deep in bore hole. Blow moisture Soil ΗI ΗI H1 Σ Σ Density 1.01 ?1.16 t/m^3 1.461.59 1.271.56Dry Sampled below normal soil reactivity levels when considered Silty Clay, Dark Brown: Slightly Weathered Basalt in relation to AS2870. Sample would be over consolidated. Silty Clay – Reddish brown with some yellowish Silty Clay, Dark Brown - medium plasticity Soil Description Silty Clay-Reddish Brown Silty Clay, Greyish Brown Silty Clay - Light Brown Silty Clay - Light Brown Silty Clay – Dark Brown Silty Clay - Dark Brown Silty Clay - Dark Brown Silty Clay – Dark Brown Silty Clay - Dark brown Silty Clay, Mid Grey mottles (mm) N/A $\gamma_{\rm s}$ 33 43 53 29 52 0.5 1.2 2.8 4.8 2.9 Iss 2.1 0.7 - 1.04.4 - 4.80.8 - 1.00.5 - 0.70.9 - 1.2Sample 0.5 - 0.7Depth (H 2.7 2.4 3.7 7.5 5.4 7.4 2.4 3.8 Sampled Bore ~ 2 ŝ ξ 4 4 Ś Ś Ś Ś Ś 2 4

Test Summary

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Page 35

7.0 Bore Logs

	1	EA	WG	eo Services										BOREHOLE No BH 1
	Clier	nt:		PDA Surveyors JOB N	JMBEF	र		48	9					Co-ords: 5444634.97 N
	Proje	ect:		Clara Street, West Ulverstone										428904.205 E
	-	Hand - / Method	Auger I: Rotar	Fluid: y Auger		Date	e Dr	rille	d:	2	23-1	Feb	-19	Bearing: Dip: <u>R.L: approx 34 m AHD</u> Logged by: WN
	_					Soil				Ro	ck			Date: 23-Feb-19
Nalel	Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)	Graphic Log	Material Description	e			E Weak (Hard)	×			V Strong	Weathering	Remarks
		500		SILTY CLAY : - Firm red brown silty clay. Moist				The Line -						
			_	SILTY CLAY :- Very firm dark red brown silty clay occasional light brown mottling. Very moist.										
		1000		SILTY CLAY : - Stiff dark red brown silty clay occasional light brown mottling. Very moist.										
		1500		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light red brown silty clay slight grey mottling. Moist (Friable)				Contraction of the						
		2000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff to hard brown silty clay higher clay content blockie medium plasticity. Moist (moisture increasing)										
		2500												
		3000	_	SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light brown silty clay. Very moist.				and the second se		T				-
		3500		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light brown silty clay trace sand brown mottling. Very moist.	3			the second second						
		4000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light grey silty clay. Moist.				1 manual 1						-
		4500						and a sub-						
		5000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff to hard light brown silty clay trace of fine to medium grained sand. Moist. MC ≤ PL										
		5500												

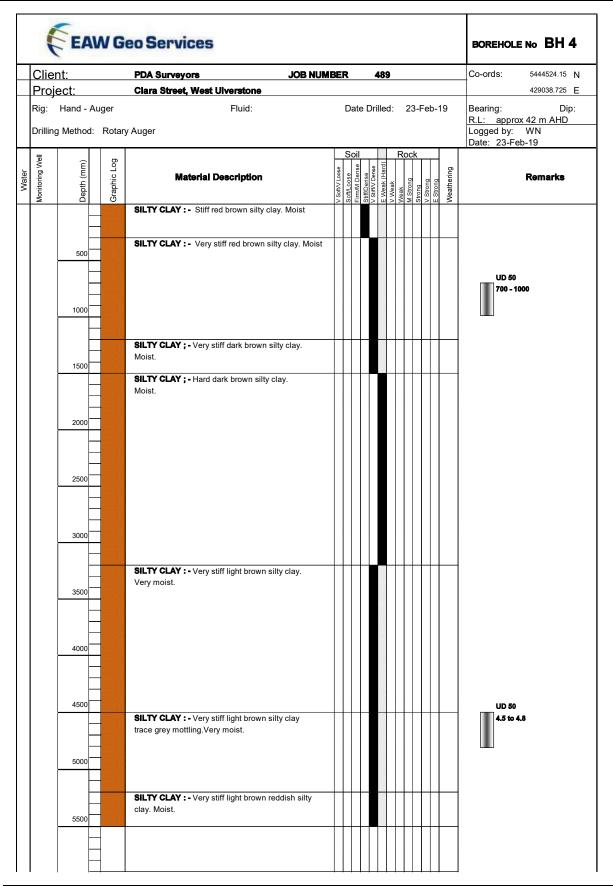
Clie	nt:		PDA Surveyors	JOB NUMBER		48)				Co-ords:	5444634.97 N
Proj	ect:		Clara Street, West Ulverstor	ne								428904.205 E
	Hand - Aug g Method:		Fluid: Auger	Da	te D	Drille	d:	23-	Feb	-19	Bearing: <u>R.L: appro</u> Logged by: Date: 23-Fe	
Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)	Graphic Log	Material Description	V SoftV1Lose SoftLoose	Stiff/Dense	V Stiff/V Dense E Weak (Hard)	V Weak Weak Z	A Strong 20		с strong Weathering		Remarks
	5500 		Soft rock highly weathered base	ait		E						
	6500		ROCK : - Hard light brown weath	ered basalt rock.							-	
	7000											
			Becoming less weathered (slow	/ progress)							-	
	7500		REFUSAL									
	8000											

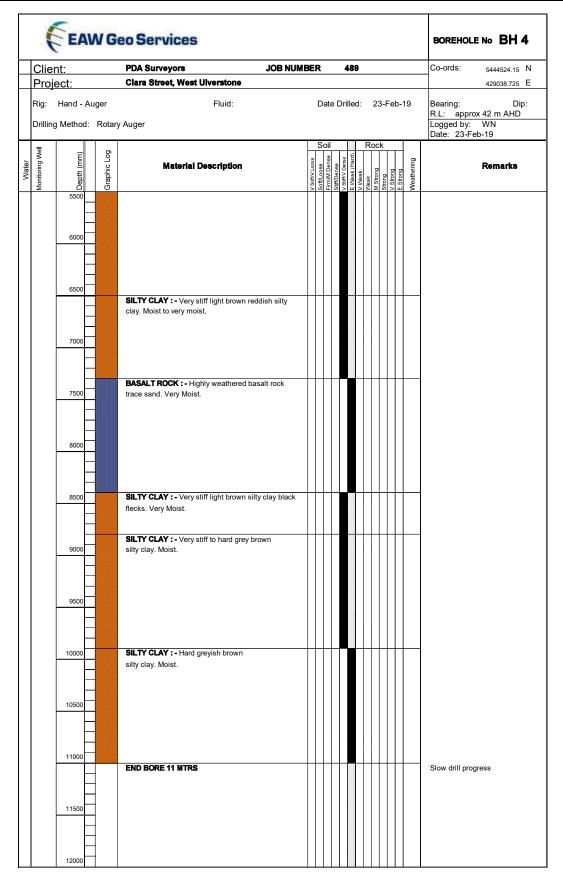
	Clier	nt [.]		PDA Surveyors JOB N	UMBE	R		4	89						Co-ords: 5444619.55
	Proje			Clara Street, West Ulverstone				-							428916.945
	Rig:	Hand - A g Method	-	Fluid: / Auger		Da	ate I	Dril	lled	:	23	3-F	eb-	·19	Bearing: Dip: R.L: approx 37 m AHD Logged by: WN Date: 23-Feb-19
valer	Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)	Graphic Log	Material Description	V Soft // Longe	Soft/Loose Soft/Loose	Firm/M Dense	V Stiff/V Dense	E Weak (Hard)	V Weak	M Strong	Strong	V Strong E Strong	Weathering	Remarks
		500		SILTY CLAY :- Firm red brown silty clay. Moist											
		1000	_	Basalt Boulder for 100											
		1500	_	SILTY CLAY :- Very firm dark red brown silty clay occasional light brown mottling. Very moist.	/										
															UD 50 1.6 to 1.9 black speckles
		2000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light red brown silty clay. Moist (Friable)											
		2500	_	SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light red brown silty clay slight grey mottling. Slightly moist.											
		3000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light brown silty clay. Very moist.											
		3500	-												
		4000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light brown silty clay trac sand brown mottling. Very moist.	e										
		4500													
		5000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light grey silty clay. Moist.									+		

Cli	ent:		PDA Surveyors	JOB NUMB	ER			48	39							Co-ords: 5444619.55
Pro	oject:		Clara Street, West Ulverstone													428916.945
Rig: Drill	Hand - A		Fluid: y Auger		C	Date	e C	Drille	ed:		23	3-F	-eb	- 1	9	Bearing: Dip R.L: approx 37 m AHD Logged by: WN Date: 23-Feb-19
Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)	Graphic Log	Material Description	-		Firm/M Dense	Stiff/Dense	V Stiff/V Dense	V Weak	Weak N	M Strong		V Strong	E Strong	Weathering	Remarks
	6000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff to hard darker of silty clay fine quarts sand. Moist. Weather basalt rock													
	8000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff to hard grey sil with minor brown mottles. BORE TERMINATED	ty clay												Auger refusal very slow advance light grey silty clay with some basalt chips wet weathered basalt water at roo interface.

C	ient:			PDA Surveyors JOB N	IUMBER 489												Co-ords: 5444570.64
	oject:			Clara Street, West Ulverstone			-										429024.845
Rig	-			Fluid: / Auger		I	Dat	te [Drill	led	:	23	3-F	eb	-1	9	Bearing: Dip: R.L: approx 37 m AHD Logged by: WN Date: 23-Feb-19
Monitoring Well	the form		Graphic Log	Material Description	-	V Soft/V Loose	Soft/Loose O	Stiff/Dense	V Stiff/V Dense	E Weak (Hard)		M Strong		V Strong	E Strong	Weathering	Remarks
				SILTY CLAY :- Firm red brown silty clay. Moist		-	0, 1		-				5			-	
	50	0															
	100	0		SILTY CLAY :- Very firm dark red brown silty clay occasional light brown mottling. Very moist.	1												
	150	0		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff to hard brown silty clay higher clay content blockie medium plasticity. Moist.													moisture increasing
	200	0															
	250	0															
	300	0															
	350	0															
	400	0		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff to hard brown silty clay higher clay content blockie medium plasticity. Becoming very moist to wet.													
	450	0		Basalt boulder SILTY CLAY : - Stiff brown silty clay minor													
	500	0		red mottles. Very moist.													

	Clier	nt:			PDA Surveyors JO	B NUMB	EF	ł		4	89					Co-ords: 5444570.64 N
	Proje				Clara Street, West Ulverstone											429024.845 E
	-	Hand Methoo	-		Fluid: Auger			Dai	ie I	Dril	led:	23	-Fe	eb-	19	Bearing: Dip: R.L: approx 37 m AHD Logged by: WN Date: 23-Feb-19
valo	Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)		Graphic Log	Material Description	_	T	Soft/Loose OS		V Stiff/V Dense	E Weak (Hard)	M Strong	V Strong	E Strong	Weathering	
		6000			SILTY CLAY :- Very stiff to hard brown silty cl higher clay content blockie medium plasticity. Becoming very moist to wet.							~				
		6500			- becoming hard SILTY CLAY : - Hard light brown silty clay with some weathered rock quartz. Moist.											_
		7500														
		8000														
		8500			SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff grey silty clay. Moist.											lifting rig slow advance
		9000			END BORE REFUSAL									T		refusal on basalt





	Clie	nt:		PDA Surveyors JOB N	UMBE	R	2	4	189	•						Co-ords: 5444525.63
	Proj			Clara Street, West Ulverstone												429077.305
		Hand - g Methoo		Fluid: Auger		[Date I	Dril	lleo	d:	:	23	-Fe	b-	19	Bearing: Dip: R.L: approx 37 m AHD Logged by: WN Date: 23-Feb-19
valci	Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)	Graphic Log	Material Description	V/ SoftM/ soco		Soft/Loose Fim/M Dense	V Stiff/V Dense	E Weak (Hard)		Weak	M Strong	V Strong	E Strong	Weathering	Remarks
				SILTY CLAY : - Firm dark brown silty clay trace sand and fine gravel. Moist.												
		500														UD 50
		1000		SILTY CLAY : - Stiff to Very stiff dark brown silty clay trace of gravel. Moist.												800 to 1100
		1500		SILTY CLAY : • Very stiff dark red brown silty clay with occasional fine gravel and trace sand. Moist.	,											_
		2000														
		2500		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light red brown silty clay slight grey mottling. Slightly moist.												
		3000							PERMIT							
		3500														
		4000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light grey silty clay. Moist.												
		4500		SILTY CLAY : - Stiff to very stiff grey silty clay. Moist.		ł										-
		5000														

Clie	ent:		PDA Surveyors	JOB NUMBEI	र		48	9						Co-ords:	5444525.63
Pro	ject:		Clara Street, West Ulverst	one											429077.305 E
Rig: Drillir	Hand - An ng Method:	•	Fluid y Auger	d:	Da	te D	rille	ed:	2	23	-Fe	eb-	19	Bearing: <u>R.L: appro</u> Logged by: Date: 23-Fo	
Vvater Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)	Graphic Log	Material Descrip	æ	Soft/Loose Soft/Loose	e e	V Stiff/V Dense E Weak (Hard)		Weak			E Strong	Weathering		Remarks
	6000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff grey s Moist.	silty clay.											
	7000		SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff grey b trace sand. Moist. SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff to han silty clay. Moist. ROCK : - Weathered light brow	rd grey brown											
	8000		SLOW PROGRESS WEATHER BORE HOLE TERMINATED												

	-	EA	V	VG	eo Services												BOREHOLE No BH 6
	Clier				PDA Surveyors JC	OB NUMB	EF	2		48	9						Co-ords: 5444595.97 N
	Proje	ect:			Clara Street, West Ulverstone												429117.745 E
		Hand - 9 Methoo			Fluid:		I	Date	e D	rille	ed:	:	23	-Fe	b-´	19	Bearing: Dip: R.L: approx 21 m AHD Logged by: WN
		,										_			-		Date: 23-Feb-19
Water	Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)		Graphic Log	Material Description	-		Soft/Loose IIO		V Stiff/V Dense F Weak (Hard)	V Weak	Meak Reak	M Strong		E Strong	Weathering	Remarks
		500			SILTY CLAY : - Firm red brown silty clay. Mo	oist											_
		500			SILTY CLAT :- Very suit brown suity clay. Mc	dist.											
		1000			SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff grey brown silty cla Moist.	-											-
		1500			SILTY CLAY :- Very stiff black silty clay. Moi SILTY CLAY :- Hard dark brown silty clay. N Rock (boulder)												-
					Boulder could be laminated basalt rock.												_
		2000			TERMINATED BORE						-						-
		2500															
		3000															
		3500								the second second							
		4000															
		4500															
		5005															
		5000															
		5500															

	5	EAV	N G	eo Services											BOREHOL	EN₀ BH 7
_	Client Proje			PDA Surveyors JOB Clara Street, West Ulverstone	NUMBE	R		4	89						Co-ords:	5444484.58 N 429080.225 E
	Rig: ⊦	Hand - Au Method:		Fluid:		C	ate D	Drill	led	:	23	3-F	eb-	19	Bearing: R.L: appr Logged by: Date: 23-F	
Vale	Monitoring Well	Depth (mm)	Graphic Log	Material Description			Firm/M Dense	V Stiff/V Dense	Weak (Hard)		M Strong		V Strong F Strong	Weathering	Rem	arks
	2	500		SILTY CLAY :- Firm red brown silty clay. Moist		> 0.	L O	>	<u> </u>	<u>></u>	2	0	> u	>		
		1000		SILTY CLAY :- Very firm brown silty clay occasional light brown mottling. Very moist.											UD50 900 - 1	1200
		1500		SILTY CLAY : - Stiff orange brown silty clay with some weathered gravel. Moist.												
		2000	- - -	SILTY CLAY :- Stiff to hard reddish brown silty clay. Very moist.												
		2500		MC ≤ PL												
		3000	-	SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff light red brown silty cla slight grey mottling. Moist.	у											
		3500	-	SILTY CLAY : - Very stiff grey silty clay. Moist.												
		4000	-													
		4500		SILTY CLAY :- Light brown silty clay brown mottling. Very moist. SILTY CLAY :- Very stiff light orange brown silty clay. Moist. SILTY CLAY :- Very stiff to hard light grey brow	n											
		5000		silty clay . Very moist.												
		5500		ROCK : - Rufusal into rock. Wet.			$\left \right \left \right $								¥	

8.0 Historical Landslide Reports

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UR1973_47

The stability of a proposed subdivision at Clara St, West Ulverstone.

F.C. Stevenson

An area of landslip to the west of Clara Street, Ulverstone was examined on 26 June 1973 at the request of the Ulverstone Council.

GEOLOGY

The hill to the west of Clara Street, on which Maud Street, Amy Street and Burnett Crescent are being developed has been mapped as Tertiary basalt (Burns, 1963). This overlies soft Tertiary sand, gravel and clay the presence of which is inferred at the south end of Amy Street, and in turn this succession overlies a complex of hard Cambrian mudstone and volcanic rocks. Only the Tertiary rocks are important in this discussion.

The basalt capping of the hill is deeply weathered and no fresh outcrop of this rock is seen, but its existence has been inferred from the thick 'red soil' mantle. Deeply weathered rock cores are also visible in soil erosion gullies in the steep slope at the north end of Amy Street. No outcrops of the Tertiary sediments are known in the area although Burns' inference that they were present may have been based on evidence now obscured.

THE PRESENT SLIP

The present slip has occurred on a slope of about 19° about 150 m northeast of the present eastern end of Maud Street. The slip is about 30 m long downslope and 10 m wide, the head has dropped about 60 cm and the foot has turned to a wet earth flow. Water is discharging from the toe at about 10 1/min. The slip is active and appears to be only a few months old as judged by the growth of plants.

Although this is the only active slip in the area, old slips of much larger size are recognisable in several places around the hill (fig. 1) but the age of these is unknown.

DISCUSSION

Landslips in the red soil derived from weathered basalt and in the underlying sediments are a common sight along the north-west coast from Point Sorell to Rocky Cape, both along the coastal escarpment and inland. Groom's Slip at Penguin and the nearby Lonah slip have been active since before 1900 (Stevenson, 1972b) and other large slips are easily visible from the Bass Highway at Lillico.

The best documented slip of recent years has been that affecting the Panorama Heights Subdivision at Devonport (Stevenson, 1972a). In the nearby Victoria Bridge slip, weathered basalt and soil moved downward on a slope of 19° and on the subdivision itself drilling and stability analysis showed that it is only marginally stable. The geology is very similar to that seen at West Ulverstone.

An analysis of slopes as represented by the contours has been made for the Clara-Amy Street area. The average slope over these contours (20 ft) has been estimated for the immediate area of the existing active slip. All areas steeper than this have been determined and are outlined on the plan. The limitations of this technique, based as it is on coarse contours, are such that it tends to be conservative and the areas of steep slope are probably greater than represented by the outlined areas.

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An examination of the contours also reveals anomalous areas (marked A, Figure 1) where divergent contours represent strong changes of slope. A horizontally and vertically concave head lies above a doubly convex toe. This particular appearance is recognised as diagnostic of old 'fossil' landslips. The age of these is unknown, but the risk of a recurrence must be appreciated and is in fact borne out by the existing slip.

The driving force for any landslip is gravity and an over present ingredient in water. It both increases the weight of the soil and softens it, thus decreasing its strength. Were it not for the presence of water the existing slip would not have occurred and no future risk would exist, but since water is going to be present we must consider how it reaches the slip or steeply sloping potential slip areas, if this can be prevented, and how it can be effectively removed.

Without detailed drilling or indirect methods the route by which the water reaches the surface where it can do damage is unlikely to be determinable, but it must originate either from rainfall or from domestic water released into the ground higher up the hill. There is no evidence for any kind of pressure spring such as could bring water from lower levels, and it must be pictured as entering the ground either as rain, or by introduction into the ground from garden watering, leaky supply pipes or drains or by some other human means. The redirection of the rain as a result of road guttering, or sealing, storm drains, or the construction of houses and their drains could produce flows of water where little existed under 'paddock' conditions and so produce the existing slip. The introduction of additional water which comes ultimately from piped water supply is likely to be a more important factor.

However it reaches the ground, it percolates downward through the very permeable red soil and rock until it reaches impermeable clays or other material and then makes its way down the surface of this to emerge where it can on the ground at a lower level. Such water movement is very difficult to control except where water first enters the ground, and only here can it really be prevented.

It is a matter of experience that any slip which begins to be active is very difficult to arrest, and tends to grow and extend its influence. It is possible to introduce pipes into the slipping area so as to remove the water before it can saturate the soil and so weaken it, but such a measure requires constant vigilance with no real guarantee of its efficacy. It must be admitted that of the many other measures such as counterfort drains, tree planting, surface drains, retaining walls, none has been found wholly effective. In most cases such measures are at the same time uneconomic.

CONCLUSIONS

- (1) An active slip is present in the area.
- (2) This is caused by excess water probably ultimately from piped supply.
- (3) The slip may be expected to grow larger.
- (4) It represents a recurrence of a landslip condition that has existed for a long time.
- (5) Potential for landslipping exists over most of the hill slopes on the north and east sides of the hill.
 - (6) Control of water discharge is the only practicable immediate measure that offers any hope of success in arresting the condition.

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(7) The whole phenomenon presents a threat to the stability of the existing houses on Burnett Crescent and Maud Street east of Amy Street.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- No subdivision of the area between Burnett Crescent and Clara Street should be allowed at this stage.
- (2) The whole problem should be examined in detail by engineers and geologists to confirm, modify, or reject these findings as they are the result of a preliminary examination.

REFERENCES

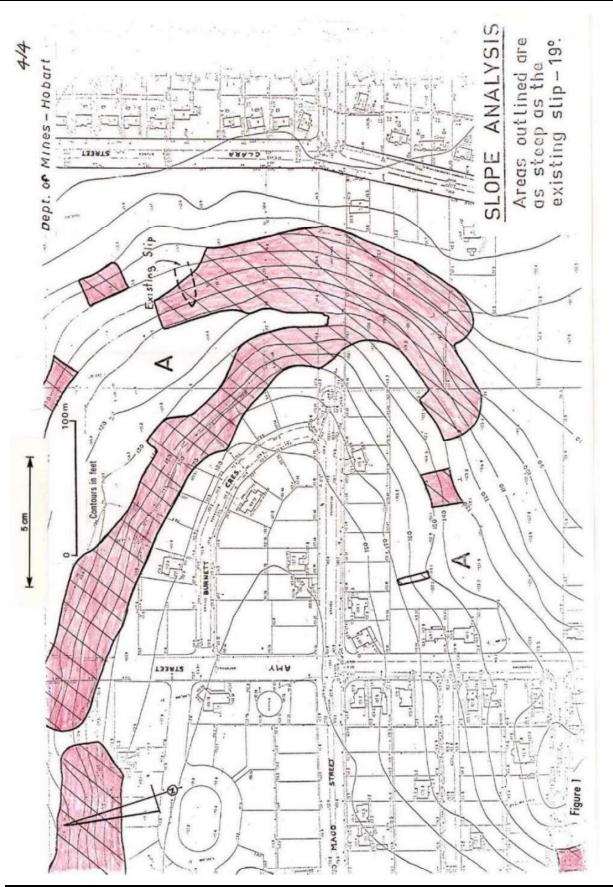
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STEVENSON, P.C. 1972b. A re-examination of Grooms slip, near Penguin. Unpubl.Rep.Dep.Mines Tasm.

See also numerous reports in Tech.Rep.Dep.Mines Tasm. 8-15.

[13 July 1973]



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EAW Geo Services PO Box 341, Shearwater, TAS 7307

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UR1974-03 Results from trial pits at a proposed subdivision, Clara Street, West Ulverstone. P.C. Stevenson A previous report (Stevenson, 1973) indicated that a dormant landslip situation existed in part of the proposed subdivision and that a small active slip showed that stability might be marginal. The report stated that more investigation was necessary. This aim was furthered by the digging of eight trial pits on the 5 December 1973 in the positions indicated approximately in Figure 1. The sections seen in the trial pits were as follows: Pit 1. Surface slope 19° π 0-1.2 Red soil, stiff friable sandy clay. 1.2-3.0 . Grey granular weathered basalt with plastic layers. Wet at the top. Yellow slightly coherent sand, wet. 3.0-3.4 No appreciable water entered the hole during a period of 2 hours. Pit 2. Surface slope 11° 0-1.8 Red soil. 1.8-1.95 Grey clayey sand. 1.95-3.0 Red soil, with 20 cm sandstone (greybilly) boulder. Materials encountered were only moist. Pit 3. Surface slope 7° Red soil, with a few 10 cm basalt boulders. 0-2.4 White very fine slightly coherent quartz sand. 2.4-3 A dry hole. Pit 4. Surface slope 12* 0-1.2 Red soil. 1.2-1.35 Brown (fossil?) organic soil. Red soil. 1.35-1.5 1.5-1.65 Grey plastic clay. Chocolate brown waxy clay with many sheared surfaces. 1.65-3.30 Pit 5. Surface horizontal Red soil, organic for 30 cm from surface, moist at 0-3 depth. Surface slope 12° Pit 6. 0-1.8 Red soil. Grey plastic clay somewhat sandy. 1.8-2.1 Stiff dark brown plastic clay, strongly sheared. 2.1-3.0

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Pit 7. Surface slope 18°

m

0-1	Brown soil.
1-2.1	Weathered fractured basalt.

Pit 8. Surface slope 10°

> 0-3 Brown organic soil grading at about 1 m into stiff dark brown plastic and very strongly fissured and sheared clay, brightly polished listric surfaces.

The succession in the area consists of:

Red soil derived from the weathering of basalt. Weathered basalt, brown or grey in colour. Grey clay and white sand, not everywhere present. Brown stiff plastic clay, probably derived from the weathering of Cambrian mudstone.

The red soil derived from the weathering of basalt rock forms a capping on the hill. The weathered material is rainwashed down the slopes and mantles all other units of the succession. Where any relatively unweathered basalt remains as in Pit 7 it prevents digging, but deeply weathered grey basalt as in Pit 1 can be penetrated.

The grey clays and white sand lie in some places under the basalt but are normally concealed by the red soil mantle. They can be found at lower levels as in Pit 3 or Pit 1.

The brown stiff clays are probably the weathered remnants of the much older Cambrian rocks, and form the basement of the succession examined.

The sequences seen in Pits 2 and 4 show that some mass movement has taken place, probably in the form of earthflows, resulting in the burial of one-time surface layers. The grey clay layer has been carried over the red soil in Pit 2, and a brown surface soil has been buried in Pit 4. That this effect is quite localised is shown, for example, in Pit 3 where no signs of overriding are apparent.

The appearance of the stiff brown sheared clays in Pits 6 and 8 and the weathered basalt in Pit 7 show that the grey clay and sand is not present to the western part of the proposed subdivision, and may account for the greater stability and hence the steeper slopes of this area.

CONCLUSIONS

The steeper slopes at the eastern end of the hill are marginally unstable and cause earthflows to encroach on the lower slopes at intervals of unknown frequency.

The earthflows are localised below the slipping slopes and are more in the nature of an expensive nuisance than a destructive hazard.

The suggestion that the subdivision be restricted to parts of the area having slopes of less than 12° appears to be a realistic and helpful one in a complex and difficult situation.

Any further decision on the steeper areas could only be made after a

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drilling, sampling and testing programme on the red soil and underlying sediments, and the calculation of a stability analysis.

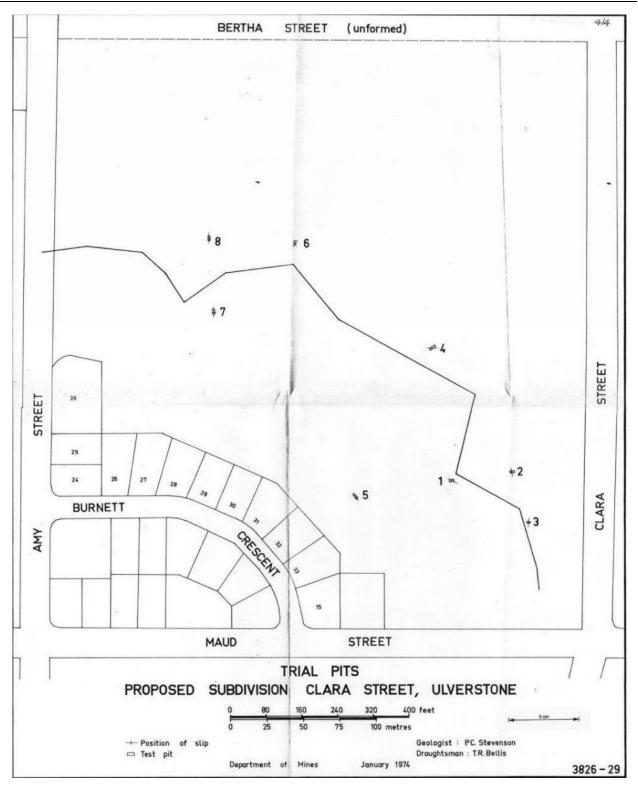
REFERENCE

STEVENSON, P.C. 1973. The stability of a proposed subdivision at Clara Street, West Ulverstone. Unpubl.Rep.Dep.Mines Tasm. 1973/47.

[11 January 1974]

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9.0 About This Geotechnical Report

As a client of a geotechnical engineer, you should know that site subsurface conditions might cause more construction problems than any other factor. The Association of Engineering Firms (ASFE) firms practicing in the Geosciences offers the following suggestions and observations to help you manage your risks.

A Geotechnical Engineering Report is based on a Unique Set of Project Specific Factors

Your Geotechnical engineering report is based on a subsurface exploration plan designed to consider a set of project specific conditions relevant to your site. These factors include the nature of the proposed structures involved, the size and layout, and other improvements on the site such as access (temporary and permanent), parking and other utilities. Added to this are additional risks imposed by the client through access issues, financial constraints or other limitations. To help avoid costly problems, ask your geotechnical engineer to evaluate factors that may change site conditions subsequent to the time of the report. Additional work on a site may alter the conditions of the site that will severely impact on the recommendations of the former report.

Unless your geotechnical engineer states otherwise you are advised not to use your geotechnical report when:

- The nature of the proposed structure is altered, perhaps if the originally proposed parking building is altered to be an office or a warehouse is to become a cool store.
- The size, layout, form or elevation of the proposed structure is altered.
- The location or site layout of the proposed structure is altered.
- The property ownership changes.
- The report is to be applied to an adjacent site.

Our Company cannot accept responsibility for geotechnical problems that may occur if we are not consulted after factors on site change subsequent to the report. Any alterations to site conditions and the proposed work should be discussed with the Company's geotechnical engineers.

Subsurface Conditions Can Change

A geotechnical engineering report is based on conditions that existed at the time of the subsurface exploration. Construction decisions should not be based on geotechnical reports that may have been affected by a lapse of time. We ask that you contact this office and speak with our geotechnical engineer and ask if additional tests are advisable before any construction commences. Additional tests may be required when the subsurface conditions on the site are affected by construction operations, at or adjacent to the site, or by earthquake, changes in groundwater or natural events such as floods or prolonged drought. Please advise this office of any such events.

Most Geotechnical Findings are Professional Judgements

Site exploration methods identify actual subsurface conditions only at the points where the samples are taken. The data are extrapolated by the geotechnical engineer who then applies judgement to assist in reaching an opinion about the overall subsurface conditions. The interface between materials may be more gradual or sudden than your report indicates. The actual conditions in areas not sampled may differ from those predicted in the report. While nothing can be done to prevent such situations, you are asked to work with the geotechnical engineer to help minimise the impact of these situations. We recommend that you retain our Company to observe construction and offer advice where required.

The Report's Recommendations Can Only Be Preliminary

The construction recommendations included in this report are preliminary, because they are based on the assumption that conditions revealed through the investigation are indicative of actual conditions throughout the site. Because actual subsurface conditions can be discerned only during earthwork, the Company geotechnical engineer should be retained to observe actual conditions and to offer advice in finalising recommendations. Only the geotechnical engineer who prepared this report is fully familiar with the background information needed to determine the report recommendations are valid. The geotechnical engineer is also able to determine whether or not the contractor is abiding by the applicable recommendations. The geotechnical engineer who prepared your report cannot assume liability for the adequacy of the report's recommendations if another party is retained to observe construction.

Geotechnical Services Are Performed For A Specific Purpose and Persons.

Consulting geotechnical engineers prepare reports to meet specific needs to specific individuals. A report prepared for a civil engineer may not be adequate for a construction contractor or even another civil engineer. Unless specifically indicated, this report has been prepared for you and expressly for the purpose you indicated. No one other than you should apply this report for its intended purpose without first conferring with the geotechnical engineer. No party should apply this report for any purpose other than that originally contemplated without first conferring with the geotechnical engineer.

Geoenvironmental Concerns Are Not an Issue

Your geotechnical engineering report is not likely to relate any findings, conclusions or recommendations to any environmental issues such as contamination or site remediation. A separate report must be commissioned for this purpose.

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Wednesday, March 22, 2023 THE ADVOCATE 17



Criteria:	exterior finishes; Landscape protection and reliance on C15.0 Landslip Hazard Code
Application No.: Location:	DA2023058 Brookvale Road, Ulverstone (CT121101/6)
Proposal:	Residential - single dwelling
Performance Criteria:	Building height, setback and siting
Application No.	DA2023060
Location:	3 Arcadia Avenue, Turners Beach
Proposal:	Residential - shed
Performance	Reliance on the Turners Beach
Criteria:	Specific Area Plan - CCO-S5.7.1; Setbacks and building envelope for all buildings
Centre during of	may be viewed at the Administration ffice hours and on the Council's rson may make representation in
relation to an app of the Act] by wr PO Box 220, Ulv	
relation to an app of the Act] by wr PO Box 220, Ulv admin@centralco 5 April 2023.	Dication (in accordance with s.57(5) riting to the General Manager at erstone 7315 or by email to past.tas.gov.au by no later than
relation to an app of the Act] by wr PO Box 220, Ulv admin@centralco 5 April 2023.	blication (in accordance with s.57(5) riting to the General Manager at erstone 7315 or by email to

N Weeks
Low Density Residential
Residential
Outbuilding (Shed)
Setback 10.4.3 (P2)

Annexure 3

From: Sent: –	Karen Heppell <karenheppell1@gmail.com> Monday, 27 March 2023 9:12 AM</karenheppell1@gmail.com>
To: Subject:	Admin Objection to Planning Permit - 46A Clara Street West Ulverstone DA2023052
Attachments:	Objection 46A Clara Street West Ulverstone.docx

Dear Sandra,

Please find attached Objection to Planning Permit - 46A Clara Street West Ulverstone DA2023052. If you have any questions please do not hesitate to phone on 0400 330 485. Kind regards Karen Heppell

24th March 2022

Sandra Ayton General Manager Central Coast Council 19 King Edward Street ULVERSTONE TAS 7315

Dear Sandra,

<u>RE: OBJECTION TO APPLICATION FOR PLANNING PERMIT FOR – DA2023052</u> 46A CLARA STREET WEST ULVERSTONE TAS 7315

Thank you for your letter dated 20th March 2023, (your ref: DA2023052) informing us of the proposed Planning Permit for 46A Clara Street West Ulverstone. We have viewed this Plan via your website.

We have met with the owners of the property previously and they had shared with us their preliminary ideas and thoughts for the house they intend on building at 46A Clara Street West Ulverstone. We had supported and commended them on their house design ideas and proposed building plan.

Now, after viewing their finalised plans and application to Council, we cannot say that we share these same feelings.

Of major concern is the external colour palette for the front and rear of the house. <u>The colour palette that</u> <u>is proposed does not respect and reflect the existing neighbourhood character</u>. It is shocking, ill-suited, incompatible and out of character for the site and area.

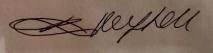
46A Clara Street West Ulverstone is surrounded by a spectacular "all natural" colour palette provided by flora and fauna, nature coloured landscaping, a stunning ocean and a spectacular skyline. A colour palette of Red, Purple, Yellow, Bright Blue, Orange, Green, Lilac as proposed, would be more suited to a Commercial site looking to "stimulate/shock" clients such as McDonalds, Legoland, Ikea, Anaconda and/or Kindergarten Play School's. For a Commercial and Industrial Building colour palette, this would work. Absolutely, Yes. This colour palette, for a Residential situation, is not suitable.

We would request that your attention be drawn to pages 24,25,26,27 of 91 in the Planning Permit DA2023052 to view the suggested exterior colour scheme. <u>Please note that we object to this exterior</u> <u>front and rear colour palette</u>.

If Council would recommend a more suitable colour palette to the owners of 46A Clara Street West Ulverstone, that would embrace nature and this natural landscape/location, this would be greatly appreciated.

I am available for discussion on 0400 330 485 at any time.

Kind regards KAREN AND CRAIG HEPPELL



Annexure 4



46A Clara Street, West Ulverstone highlighted in blue. Image from Council's mapping system.



Looking upwards to the development site. Photo taken from Clara Street.



Looking towards to the development site from 48 Clara Street, West Ulverstone.



Looking towards the east from the adjoining property of the development site.



Looking towards north-east from the adjoining property of the development site.



Looking towards north-east from the adjoining property of the development site.



Looking north from Burnett Crescent. Shows how high Burnett Crescent is compared to the development site.